## 1 BEFORE THE NEW MEXICO PUBLIC REGULATION COMMISSION 2 ORIGINAL 3 4 IN THE MATTER OF QWEST CORPORATION'S SECTION 271 APPLICATION AND MOTION 5 FOR ALTERNATIVE PROCEDURE TO MANAGE THE SECTION 271 PROCESS 6 Case No. 3269 7 8 9 TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS 10 **JANUARY 23, 2002** 11 DAY TWO 12 13 14 BE IT REMEMBERED that on the 23rd day of January, 2002, this matter came on for 15 hearing before ELIZABETH C. HURST, Hearing Examiner, and PATRICIA O'BRIEN, Certified 16 Court Reporter of the firm SANTA FE DEPOSITION SERVICE, 110 Delgado, Santa Fe, 17 New Mexico, at the Public Regulation Commission, 224 E. Palace Avenue, Santa Fe, New Mexico. 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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# PROCEEDINGS

### JANUARY 23, 2002

HEARING EXAMINER: Back on the record. Good morning. We recessed yesterday afternoon during the Redirect of Mr. Badal and we are back to begin again.

Mr. Munn, if you would like to continue.

MR. MUNN: Thank you. Madam Hearing

Examiner, yesterday you had actually asked a question
of Mr. Badal around Page 15, Line 1, of his Rebuttal

Testimony. You were asking for the FCC rule regarding
the 60 percent utilization rate with number blocks.

It's actually a data request response and I made
enough copies to hand out to everyone. I thought I

could just recite the rule, instead of reading a long
rule and Order into the record.

HEARING EXAMINER: All right. That's fine. Thank you, Mr. Munn.

MR. MUNN: You are welcome.

## JOHN BADAL

The witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon his oath, was examined and testified as follows:

1 2 DIRECT EXAMINATION 3 4 BY MR. MUNN: 5 Mr. Badal, do you recall yesterday being asked some questions about a Wall Street Journal 6 7 article that is marked as AG's Exhibit No. 1? 8 Yes, I do. Α. 9 Mr. Badal, you were asked to read and comment 0. 10 on a portion of that Wall Street Journal article; 11 correct? 12 Α. Yes, I was. MR. MUNN. Your Honor, may I approach? 13 14 HEARING EXAMINER: Yes, sir. 15 BY MR. MUNN: 16 Mr. Badal, I would like to ask you to read 0. 17 some additional portions of that article to give a 18 better perspective on what is actually addressed 19 therein. 20 If you could please read those portions I 21 highlighted from the AG Exhibit 1. 22 Α. The article starts by saying: 23 Terry Rich remembers when long distance 24 calling was a bargain and the big phone

companies fought for her business.

days have passed. After the fierce price wars of the 1990s, long distance phone bills are steadily rising for customers such as Mrs. Rich, of Upland, California.

Then the next highlighted section we have here:

The increases are happening as the cost of providing long distance service is actually falling. Technology has made it cheaper than ever to handle calls, and the big long distance companies have benefited from cuts of more than \$3 billion in fees they used to pay for the regional phone companies to complete calls.

MR. WITT: Your Honor, at this point I'm going to object. I don't see that this is at all related to the Cross-Examination or to the Direct Testimony of Mr. Badal. Perhaps I'm missing something.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, I would suggest that it is related since this is a one-page exhibit that Mr. Badal was specifically questioned about and asked to read from. So I think the portion will be clear, I think, in another 15 seconds.

Under the rule of option of completeness

and of fundamental fairness to not have -- have the article taken out of context, I think helps, especially in light of the fact this will be very quick and we will be done, like I said, in 15 seconds.

HEARING EXAMINER: I'll give you a little latitude. I'm starting to wonder, too, Mr. Munn, what the point is.

As was said yesterday by, I believe,

Mr. Mittle, a newspaper article is what it is. So at
this point, I don't honestly know the point of reading
the whole newspaper article in here. But if you tell
me it's just going to take a few more seconds of
reading at this point, I will overrule the objection.

And go ahead and make your point, sir.

MR. MUNN: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE WITNESS: On the bottom of the first column, bottom of the page in the first column I'll read:

The nation's largest providers, AT&T

Corporation, WorldCom, Inc., MCI, Inc.'s

MCI Group and Sprint have either raised or

are planning to raise their basic rates in

coming weeks to as much as 35 cents a

minute during the day from about 26 cents

a minute in 2000

BY MR. MUNN:

- Q. Thank you. Mr. Badal, do you recall yesterday in response to some questions by Mr. Mittle regarding footnote 11 of your January 11th, 2002, Redirect?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Have you, overnight, had an opportunity to check that cite for footnote 11? I believe

  Mr. Mittle had indicated that that was somehow an incorrect cite.

Is that correct?

- A. Right.
- Q. Have you had an opportunity to double-check that?
- A. Yes, I have. Actually, I am reading from a copy of the Telecommunications Act of 1934 as amended by the Telecommunications Act of 1996. That cite accurately refers to the definition of telephone exchange service. The cite is correct, if Mr. Mittle would like to see it.
- Q. Just as long as you can confirm that the cite is correct as written, I just wanted to make that clear.

And Mr. Badal, you were also asked yesterday about what things could Qwest have done in

response to the Antonuk Track A report.

Do you recall that?

A. Yes, I do.

Q. Is there anything additional that Qwest did do in response to that report?

MR. MITTLE: I'm going to object. When I tried to follow through on this line of questioning, Counsel for Qwest objected. The Hearing Examiner sustained the objection.

My right to Cross-examine was limited based on a question that was not substantially different than the question that's being asked now.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, my memory of what occurred yesterday is that the question was asked what Qwest did. I believe that Mr. Badal was permitted to address that question. Actually, I think the question probably was what Qwest could have done. I'm trying to establish what Qwest did do in response to that Track A Order.

MR. MITTLE: Which is going to open the door to what Qwest didn't do, which is exactly where I was going with my questions.

HEARING EXAMINER: I recall the question in the subject matter you asked the question about could they have done something with the UNE rate.

1 MR. MITTLE: Yes.

HEARING EXAMINER: And that was objected to and I did sustain the objection.

MR. MITTLE: Right.

HEARING EXAMINER: Because it was -- so I think, Mr. Munn, that he's right.

MR. MUNN: Okay. Your Honor, if I could please explain. His question, then, the subsequent question, at least, about UNE rates certainly was an irrelevant inquiry for Track A. This is something that Qwest specifically did in response to the Antonuk report that directly addresses Track A.

MR. MITTLE: Actually, it is directly relevant and that's what the United States Court in the District of Columbia said in Sprint, when they looked at and reviewed UNE rates vis-a-vis Track A. They are related. And I have a copy of the case if you would like to review it.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, actually, the DC Circuit didn't review UNE rates in the context of Track A. That would, of course, be the public interest analysis, not Track A; they are two different things.

Your Honor, I can make this point on the brief. The record is very clear that Qwest has filed

a Motion to Compel with the Commission to compel responses to the Staff survey. I don't need to ask this question. It seems like it's a waste of time.

So I withdraw my question.

MR. MITTLE: Well, I just need a response.

Because he's called into credit -- it raises an issue

Because he's called into credit -- it raises an issue what the Court said. Page 1 of the Order: First the BOC must satisfy Track A. Then it goes on from there. It's clearly in the Order about Track A. It's clearly in the Order about UNE rates. It's clearly in the Order about public interest.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, that's like -MR. MITTLE: But you said that it wasn't
even in the Order. I do take umbrage with that,
Mr. Munn.

HEARING EXAMINER: I'm going to nip this in the bud right now. I will sustain your objection, Mr. Mittle, to this line of questioning. You all can make your legal argument in your post hearing writings.

Mr. Munn, please continue with the next question.

MR. MUNN: Thank you, Your Honor. BY MR. MUNN:

Q. Mr. Badal, you were asked yesterday by the

Hearing Examiner for any locations in the Antonuk 1 Track A report that addressed; one, the fact that one 2 provider or a provider would be sufficient to meet 3 4 Track A. Have you had an opportunity to look at the 5 Antonuk Track A report and identify any places in 6 7 there that mentioned --Actually, I found two in John Antonuk -- or 8 Α. the facilitator's report on Group 5 issues, which 9 includes Track A. 10 11 On Page 74, Paragraph C of that report it 12 states: In its proposed conclusion that Qwest's 13 14 unrebutted evidence addressing -- excuse 15 me, I'm sorry. This is in Paragraph D: The Ameritech Michigan Order made it clear 16 17 that this element of the Track A test is satisfied where a competing carrier is 18 19 serving more than a de minimis number of 20 end users. 21 And in the second --22 HEARING EXAMINER: Wait a second. So 23 that's actually on Page 75? 24 THE WITNESS: I have it on Page 74, Your 25 Honor.

HEARING EXAMINER: Okay, but it is the 1 2 proposed conclusions? 3 THE WITNESS: Yes. HEARING EXAMINER: All right, sir. And 4 5 the other place? Actually, it's not in the 6 THE WITNESS: 7 D, proposed conclusion, Your Honor. It's D. Then there's Paragraph 1, market share of competing 8 9 providers, and it's still in discussion. 10 HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. D-1 then. 11 THE WITNESS: D-1. 12 HEARING EXAMINER: All right, sir. Thank 13 you. 14 THE WITNESS: Then on Page 80 of the same 15 report in the -- it appears to be the beginning of the 16 third paragraph, and that would be still probably --17 well, okay. In Paragraph 3, it's a long paragraph: 18 Owest's business/residential allocation was certainly unsophisticated, but it too 19 20 has been used before by the FCC in a 21 Section 271 context. It will serve here 22 provided that there is other substantial 23 evidence of record to support the 24 conclusion that any residential service at 25 all is being provided.

MR. MUNN: Thank you, Mr. Badal. I have 1 2 no further questions, Your Honor. HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you. 3 Mr. Munn, is there anything left outstanding for me as 4 5 far as wanting a reference cite? 6 MR. MUNN: We are --7 HEARING EXAMINER: There's the 60 8 percent. 9 MR. MUNN: And we have taken care of 10 that, I believe. HEARING EXAMINER: The FCC rule that I 11 12 wanted that had to do with when people get new 13 numbers. 14 MR. MUNN: That was the Data Request 9 15 that I handed out to you and everyone. 16 HEARING EXAMINER: Oh, this morning? 17 MR. MUNN: Correct. 18 HEARING EXAMINER: I thought that was the 19 7 percent nationwide. No? 2.0 MR. MUNN: No. 21 HEARING EXAMINER: All right. 22 MR. MUNN: That was for the 60 percent 23 utilization rate where we say FCC rules require a 24 provider to reach 60 percent utilization and be 25 (inaudible) to exhaust the existing telephone numbers

prior to requiring additional numbers within any given rate center. Then the cite is there.

HEARING EXAMINER: All right, sir.

MR. MUNN: Then there would be where in the Antonuk Orders that it addressed the one provider.

Yesterday we did the Ameritech Michigan 104 for the FCC addressing it.

What we still have outstanding to get to you in response to the Bench request is the most recent listing of wire-line, CLEC. You had asked for the interconnection agreements. That's being gathered as we speak. I hope to have that later today. If not, we will submit it to you and all parties, certainly this week.

HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. Let me clarify. When you say give me the agreements, I don't want the actual agreement. I just want the number.

MR. MUNN: Right. I'm sorry. We are talking about a one- or two-page document that will identify the carriers.

HEARING EXAMINER: Very good.

MR. MUNN: Actually, since you had asked for facilities-based, my understanding of each of these agreements is that they are not actually going to say this is a facility-based agreement. We can

also provide an updated version of what we did in the multi-state which will identify -- of these carriers who have agreements some of them may not be buying anything from Qwest. Some of them may be buying co-lo (sic), some of them may be buying (inaudible), and it will identify what they're doing.

HEARING EXAMINER: All right, sir. Thank you. I wanted to make sure.

MS. REILLY: Ms. Hurst, I hate to open up a can of worms so early in the morning. But with respect to what Mr. Munn just proposed in response to your Bench request, when that material was presented by Qwest at the multi-state, there was quite a bit of back and forth between Qwest and the other parties on the accuracy of that. There was an opportunity to examine that material. Several carriers ended up being removed from that material as a result of inquiries by the other parties.

If the materials as requested is going to be provided by Qwest, I think the parties are going to need an opportunity to examine it, perhaps through discovery and respond to it.

Quite simply put, the material as it was presented appeared to inflate the number of carriers. By the end of the process that had been corrected.

HEARING EXAMINER: Well, aren't we going to get to that, Ms. Reilly, with your witness?

Hasn't your witness had a chance to review all of the super secret responses and is going to be able to tell us on the bases of the survey how many facilities-based carriers there are here in New Mexico?

MS. REILLY: Well, unless I misunderstood,
Ms. Hurst, you were asking the company to present you
with a list.

HEARING EXAMINER: I did. But what I'm saying is haven't you looked at the past information?

I'm not saying you won't have a right to look at the new information. I'm trying to get as much information for the Commission to have a complete record.

Isn't Qwest the one that does these interconnects -- to my knowledge, the way it operates around here, Qwest is the one that files the interconnection agreements. Generally, it's not the CLEC that does that. I just asked him to provide a list of current --

MS. REILLY: I understood, Mr. Munn, that there would be some Qwest input into that list to say who's doing business, et cetera. We are concerned

about those characterizations being accurate.

MR. MUNN: Excuse me. Your Honor, may I suggest a solution here? It's my understanding that the Commission would have to approve each interconnection agreement.

To avoid any problems that Ms. Reilly may perceive with us responding to your request, I think a suggestion would be the request could be directed at Staff to simply provide a list of the approved interconnection agreements in the state. That way we don't have a Staff objection to their own document. And I think it will be a more expeditious way to move through the process.

Also, I would offer we cannot provide the information of who is buying what. I was trying to address your concern of the facilities-based. I'm not trying to create a problem, but just trying to respond to your request.

So alternatively, we could provide the list, just have the names of the providers and not list what they are providing, if that is acceptable to you. We will do whatever you want us to do.

HEARING EXAMINER: I appreciate that,

Mr. Munn. That was sort of the whole point, to try to

get as much information about what CLECs are providing

1 here.

My specific question couldn't be answered by your witness yesterday as to whether or not he knew the number of the agreements nor if there were any facilities-based carriers.

I think at this point I'll put my request on hold because I don't necessarily want to add a protracted nature to the proceeding that it doesn't currently have.

I'll see whether or not I can get this evidence from either the AT&T witness or from the Staff witness.

MR. MUNN: And Your Honor, I would suggest that as of April this information is already in the multi-state record for April. So you can view it at that snapshot in time as well. You will have that information.

HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you.

MR. WITT: From AT&T's standpoint, it seems like there is a difference between questioning the accuracy of data provided by Qwest on the one hand and providing contrary data on the other. I think that's the distinction that we are trying to make here. Thank you, Your Honor.

HEARING EXAMINER: All right. So we are

going to go back around, then, one more time. Mr. Witt, any further questions. 2 MR. WITT: I have no further questions of 3 this witness. 4 HEARING EXAMINER: 5 Thank you. Mr. Mittle? 6 7 MR. MITTLE: I have just a few. HEARING EXAMINER: All right, sir. 8 9 10 RECROSS-EXAMINATION 11 BY MR. MITTLE: 12 Q. I have a couple of questions about the 13 Albuquerque Journal article that cites John Clark, 14 general manager of Cricket, New Mexico. 15 Have you ever met Mr. John Clark? 16 No, I have not. Α. 17 Did you ask Mr. John Clark to appear at this Q. 18 hearing today? 19 No, but I talked to the Vice-President for Α. marketing who is above Mr. Clark in his Albuquerque 20 21 office. 22 Q. Did he volunteer to appear here today? 23 He needed permission from the public affairs Α. 24 office of Cricket. I had communication with that 25 person who is actually an old acquaintance of mine.

Her name is Laurie Etkins (sic) and she used to work for Sprint when I worked for AT&T.

She followed up our communication with an interesting e-mail message saying that since Cricket's long distance service will compete directly with our long distance service, they don't see why Cricket should stand in front of this group in support or make any statements that would help us in any way.

- Q. Did your attorney try to subpoena this person to appear?
  - A. No, we did not.

2.0

- Q. Did you make a Motion to the Commission to ask that they be required to disclose any information that might confirm or deny the numbers that you represent?
- A. Actually, we requested that -- I'm trying to remember his name, Steven Reifschneider, who was, again, Vice-President of Marketing in the four-state area located in Albuquerque, and sign an affidavit affirming exactly what Cricket has been saying publicly.

That is -- at that time he checked back with his public affairs office and that got us in the cycle of communication with the public affairs office at Cricket. And they decided not to.

Q. Well, part of this hearing today was precipitated by Qwest filing a Motion asking the Commission to require certain carriers to respond to certain information about their residential and business access.

Is that correct?

- A. Yes. We filed a Motion to Compel that was sent to -- a message from the Commission was sent to the CLECs operating in the state -- or had tariffs operating in the state -- to provide the information as to their provision of residential and business services here in the State of New Mexico.
- Q. And did you at any time -- not you specifically, but Qwest, file a Motion with the Commission asking Leap to respond to any inquiries that Qwest might have in connection with Track A?
- A. No. Since this communication with Cricket that we had was pretty recent we didn't think it would be timely to involve ourselves with the rigmarole of their denial and our insistence, and on and on.
- Q. Just so the record is clear, wireless carriers do not qualify under Section 271 Track A?

  MR. MUNN: Your Honor, I'll object to the extent that calls for a legal conclusion or at least mischaracterizes.

The term wireless is vague. I mean, cellular versus broadband PCS is the distinction drawn by the FCC. I think they are all wireless.

BY MR. MITTLE:

Q. Okay. So cell phones don't qualify for purposes of Track A.

Is that correct?

- A. That is my understanding. But again, the FCC has stated in several instances where broadband PCS would qualify.
- Q. Right. And the primary Order that you rely on is the second Louisiana Order where they referred to PCS's.

Is that correct?

- A. I believe it does in the Louisiana Order and I think there was some mention in the Michigan Order as well.
- Q. And the Louisiana Order effectively denied SBC's Application to enter the long distance market?
- A. They did deny BellSouth or is it -- SBC or BellSouth. I think it was BellSouth's request for 271 approval.

But their refusal was based on other than having a broadband PCS provider qualify for Track A or under Track A. In that order they state quite

emphatically, I think, that broadband PCS could 1 qualify, but that BellSouth didn't. 2 Right. So no party has ever had to contest 3 0. that Order of whether PCS qualifies because there 4 5 never was a party that had standing? That's correct. 6 Α. 7 MR. MITTLE: Thank you. Thank you, Mr. Mittle. 8 HEARING EXAMINER: 9 Ms. Reilly, any questions of the witness. 10 MS. REILLY: I have a few. 11 12 RECROSS-EXAMINATION 13 14 BY MS. REILLY: 15 Good morning, Mr. Badal. Q. 16 Good morning, Ms. Reilly. Α. 17 The Hearing Examiner asked you for a cite Q. 18 when you were discussing the concept of de minimis. 19 You cited to the Ameritech Michigan Order at Paragraph 20 75 and 78. 21 Do you recall that? 22 Α. Yes, I do. 23 Q. And the Ameritech Michigan Order at Paragraph 24 75 states that the existence of a carrier's tariff is

not sufficient to satisfy Track A, but, rather,

competitors must actually be in the market and operational.

Isn't that right?

- A. Could you repeat that again, please, the existence of --
- Q. That the existence of a carrier's tariff is not sufficient to satisfy Track A, but rather competitors must actually be in the market and operational.

Isn't that right?

- A. I believe so, yes.
- Q. On another question by the Hearing Examiner, you stated -- this is from my notes, so it's not an exact quote but I will warrant that it's pretty close.

You stated that I think what Cricket is saying here is that its customers consider Cricket service as a replacement.

Do you recall saying that?

A. Yes.

- Q. You don't know, do you, how Cricket determines what its customers think?
- A. Well, when I read the quotes from Cricket and, actually, I think it was from the report issued to the FCC, it stated that 60 percent of customers perceive that their wireless service is a replacement

for wire-line service. So I take that at face value, that somehow, some way, in some communication with their customers whether by survey or -- I forget the marketing term used where they sit down and interview customers, they would have that understanding from customers, that's exactly what their customers feel.

- Q. My question is just as simple as that. You took it at face value and you are not sure how Cricket came to that conclusion?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. So what we had in our record is your testimony reciting what you think Cricket thinks about what Cricket's customers think?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. And you recall, don't you, that whole exchange with the Hearing Examiner about the 7 percent typical first year penetration rate for Cricket?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And whether or not that was national or New Mexico, or maybe it was Tennessee.

Do you recall that exchange?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Do you know personally anything about the methodology used by Cricket to come up with that number?

1 A. No, I don't.

- Q. And you don't know what market, if any, was analyzed by Cricket to come up with that number?
- A. No. I just assumed that they were speaking, since the state general manager was making that quote, that he was speaking about his customers here.
- Q. And you don't know whether Cricket's methodology might be overly optimistic in an effort to attract investors, do you?
- A. Well, in that, I am assured that they have reached some pretty significant and respectable penetrations just by way of their ordering of access lines or telephone numbers, rather. I'm taking at face value that their estimations are correct.
- Q. Now, Cricket didn't develop their estimate for the purposes of presenting their estimate as evidence in this proceeding or any other legal proceeding, did it?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And going back to Ms. Hurst's questions about the meaning of de minimis, you mentioned the FCC has indicated that de minimis has nothing to do with quantity but has more to do with viable competition.

Do you recall saying that?

A. Yes. I think that was clearly stated in

Commission Orders.

Q. And you cited the Ameritech Michigan Order, Paragraph 75 and 78 for that proposition.

Do you recall that?

- A. Yes.
- Q. Mr. Badal, looking at Paragraph 77 of that same Order, the FCC stated:

We recognize that there may be situations where a new entrant may have a commercial presence that is so small that the new entrant cannot be said to be an actual commercial alternative to the BOC and therefore not a competing provider.

That Order also says that, doesn't it?

- A. Yes. In that same paragraph it also says that the FCC does not read Section 271(C), et cetera to require that a new entrant served its specific market share in its service area to be considered a competing provider.
- Q. But there can be a new entrant whose market share is so small that it's not a competing provider.

  Is that right?
- A. I would say so. I think it's up to the FCC to determine whether that company is going to be an actual commercial alternative or no.

And the FCC went on to accept Ameritech 1 Michigan's showing that WorldCom, TCG and Brooks, 2 three facilities-based carriers, were serving, quote, 3 more than a de minimis number. 4 Is that right? 5 Α. I believe so. 6 MS. REILLY: If I can flip through my 7 notes, that might be it for me. I think it is. 8 9 Thank you. 10 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 11 HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Badal, we 12 appreciate it. Thank you very much. 13 THE WITNESS: Thank you very much. 14 HEARING EXAMINER: You are excused, sir. Mr. Munn, would you please make sure that 15 16 we have the accurate copies of Qwest Exhibits 1 and 2 17 for the Court Reporter. 18 If you would like to call your next 19 witness, sir. 20 21 DAVID TEITZEL 22 The witness herein, after having been 23 first duly sworn upon his oath, was 24 examined and testified as follows:

#### DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. MUNN:

- Q. Would you please state your name?
- A. Yes. My name is David Teitzel. It is spelled T-e-i-t-z-e-l.
  - Q. Mr. Teitzel, who do you work for?
  - A. I'm employed by Qwest Corporation.
  - Q. What is your job title there?
  - A. I'm currently Director of product and market issues at Qwest.
  - Q. And are you the same David Teitzel who filed Supplemental Direct Testimony on November 16th, 2001, and Rebuttal Testimony on January 11th, 2002, in this docket?
    - A. Yes, I am.

(Whereupon, two documents were marked QWEST EXHIBITS 3 and 4 for identification.)
BY MR. MUNN:

- Q. Mr. Teitzel, you have before you what's been marked as Qwest Exhibit 3. I ask you if that is a true and correct copy of your November 16th Direct Testimony with exhibits?
- A. (Witness refers to document.) Give me one moment to verify. Yes, it is.

Q. And also before you is a document marked for identification as Qwest Exhibit No. 4. I will ask you, is that a true and correct copy of your Rebuttal

- you, is that a true and correct copy of your Rebuttal
  Testimony and exhibits which was dated January 11th,
  2002?
  - A. (Witness refers to document.) Yes, it is.
  - Q. Mr. Teitzel, do you have any corrections to make to either your Direct or Rebuttal Testimony?
  - A. Yes, I do. Regarding my Supplemental Direct Testimony, Exhibit 3 --
  - Q. If I could interrupt you briefly, you called it Supplemental Direct. Can you just explain why it's called Supplemental Direct instead of just Direct?
  - A. Yes. I also filed Direct Testimony in this docket in the multi-state proceeding and this is additional Direct Testimony relative to New Mexico specifically.
  - Q. So just to avoid confusion regarding the Direct, you filed in the multi-state; correct?
  - A. Correct. Relative to my Direct Testimony, which again, is Exhibit 3 for Qwest, at Page 8 starting at Line 1, I would like to strike the sentence that begins with the words 'for example', continuing on through the end of that paragraph. The last word is 'administrator'. That information

relates to the E911 information that Mr. Badal also deleted from his testimony. That's my only change on that particular exhibit.

Then I have several changes on my Rebuttal Testimony which is marked as Exhibit 4. The first change would be at Page 14 at Line 18. Here we quoted a cite from Mr. Ripperger's testimony. Unfortunately, when we edited this document, we meant to include the entire cite and just neglected to include that. So I would like to complete that sentence, if I could, for the record. Starting at Line 19 it would say words, quotation marks:

The FCC has hinted that it might, under certain circumstances, allow a Section 271 to satisfy the residential component of Track A through resale, but it has not actually done so.

End quote. My next change would be at Page 21 --

MS. REILLY: Can you wait a moment so we can write?

THE WITNESS: I'm sorry.

HEARING EXAMINER: Go ahead.

THE WITNESS: Should I mark up the

original copy and put that into the record?

MR. MUNN: Yes. Consistent with what we did yesterday, I would assume that will be the case.

HEARING EXAMINER: Yes, sir. The change needs to be made on the copy that's going to go to the Court Reporter.

THE WITNESS: Can I do that at a break and provide that at that time?

HEARING EXAMINER: Sure.

testimony is at Page 21. This would be at Lines 19 and 20. There I refer to specific Staff data request response, Set No. 4, No. 2 that was filed on December 17th, 2001. And here I would like to apologize to the parties. That was a date that our internal mechanized data request tracking process had noted as the file date as December 17th. That response was actually filed on December 31st. So that should be amended to say, starting at Line 19:

Supplemental response to Staff data request Set 4, No. 2 on December 31, 2001.

And I'll make that correction.

At Page 27 of that same testimony, I have a similar correction. This would be at Line 6, again Page 27. The same issue. We had a date noted improperly in our mechanized tracking system. That

1 sentence should read, starting at Line 6:

6-8, which was filed on December 31, 2001.

And my final change is at Page 29 at Line

- 3. There was just a missing word in that sentence.
- 5 In the middle of that sentence it says, 'indeed, the
- 6 | FCC' -- the word 'found' should be inserted there --
- 7 | then it should go on to say, 'in the SBC
- 8 Arkansas-Missouri Order. I will also make that
- 9 correction at the break
- 10 BY MR. MUNN:

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- Q. Mr. Teitzel, are those all your corrections?
- 12 A. They are.
  - Q. Keeping in mind those corrections, if I asked you the same questions today as you were asked in your written testimony, would your answers be the same?
    - A. They would.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, at this point

Qwest tenders Qwest Exhibit 3, Mr. Teitzel's November

16th Supplemental Direct Testimony and Qwest Exhibit

4, the January 11th, 2002, Rebuttal Testimony of

21 Mr. Teitzel with exhibits into evidence.

HEARING EXAMINER: Are there any objections to what has been identified as Qwest Exhibit 3 as corrected by the witness here today?

MS. REILLY: Ms. Hurst, it's not exactly

an objection, but it's similar to our reservation with 1 Mr. Badal. The material that Mr. Teitzel deleted, 2 it's our position, as it was before, that that remains 3 in the record for other purposes. 4 Other than that, we have no objection. 5 6 HEARING EXAMINER: All right. As noted 7 yesterday by me, that's exactly what happens. remains in there but in the record. However, the 8 witness is allowed to amend his testimony. 9 10 Mr. Mittle, any objection to this? 11 MR. MITTLE: Can I have a continuing objection to the legal conclusions? 12 13 HEARING EXAMINER: Yes, sir. 14 MR. MITTLE: Thank you. 15 HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Witt? 16 MR. WITT: No objection, Your Honor. 17 HEARING EXAMINER: All right. Qwest 3 will be admitted into the record. 18 19 (Whereupon, QWEST EXHIBIT 3 was 20 admitted into evidence, a copy of 21 which may be found under separate cover.) 22 HEARING EXAMINER: Is there any objection to what has been identified as Qwest 4 as amended here 23 24 today subject to the continuing objection for legal 25 conclusions by Mr. Mittle and with the reservation as

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     expressed by the Staff as to what remains in the
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     record?
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                  (No response.)
                  HEARING EXAMINER: Hearing none, Qwest 4
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     will be introduced into our record as admitted by the
     witness on the stand.
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                   (Whereupon, QWEST EXHIBIT 4 was
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               admitted into evidence, a copy of
 9
               which may be found under separate cover.)
10
                  HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Munn, anything
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      further?
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                  MR. MUNN: Nothing further. The witness
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     is available for Cross.
                  HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you very much.
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                  Mr. Witt, any questions of Mr. Teitzel?
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                  MR. WITT: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you.
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18
                        CROSS-EXAMINATION
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20
     BY MR. WITT:
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               Good morning, Mr. Teitzel.
         Q.
22
         Α.
               Good morning.
23
               How are you today?
         Q.
24
         A.
               Fine. How are you?
25
         Q. .
               Just fine, thanks. Let me begin by asking
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you the same question I asked of Mr. Badal.

Can you give me a definition of the phrase de minimis, please?

A. I think Mr. Badal captured accurately how the term de minimis should be treated in this docket. I have not seen any particular numerical quantification of de minimus. I have seen references in FCC Orders to the fact that to qualify as a competing provider, a carrier must be active, in the market, offering service for a fee, et cetera. I've also seen cites to the effect that there is no specific market share minimum requirement.

So to be honest with you, I've not seen any particular minimum bar, if you will, that would quantify that term. The FCC just does not issue that particular ruling.

- Q. But you would agree with me that we are talking about a quantity even if the quantity at this point is unknown?
- A. I think de minimis, the literal interpretation, would have a quantity connotation to it. But once again, I've not seen a particular number that has been set as a bar or a gauge to define what that term means by the FCC.
  - Q. So the answer to the question is yes?

1	A. Was your question is there a numerical aspect
2	to the term de minimis?
3	Q. The question is whether we know the quantity
4	or not, we still are talking about a quantity.
5	Would that be correct?
6	A. I would say it would be a subjective judgment
7	as to what is a minimum satisfactory level based on
8	consideration of other factors that I just mentioned.
9	Q. Well, on Page 4 of your Rebuttal Testimony,
10	Line 3, actually beginning at Line 1 you say:
11	According to the FCC, a CLEC is a
12	competing provider as long as it is
13	actually excuse me actually in the
14	market and operational (i.e., accepting
15	requests for service and providing such
16	service for a fee).
17	And, quote:
18	Serving more than a de minimis number of
19	end users.
20	So would you agree with me that the word
21	de minimis should be read in terms of a number?
22	A. Again, I've not seen a particular
23	quantification issued by the FCC.
24	Q. No, I'm saying
25	A. I think the FCC considers a variety of

factors in determining whether competition is viable, whether a fee is being charged, whether an interconnection agreement is in place --

- Q. If I could interrupt you, Mr. Teitzel. I don't mean to, but I'm really not talking about these other factors. Granted, maybe they are there. But what we are saying here is is the phrase de minimis number an appropriate standard for determining whether or not the Track A -- whether or not Track A compliance has been obtained?
- A. And I don't mean to be evasive. I have responded that's one of many standards the FCC considers. They look at a variety of issues, including are there sufficient quantities in the market, all factors being considered, to qualify CLECs as being competing providers.
- Q. I'm not going to give up on this one,
  Mr. Teitzel. What I'm saying, and I'm just asking you
  whether you agree with me or not, this phase de
  minimis to be interpreted in terms of a number. If
  you don't agree with me, that's fine. But I would
  like to know whether you agree with me on that.
- A. I would agree that the FCC will look at the quantities, the numbers, if you will, of access lines being served by CLECs as a consideration in

considering Track A applications, one of many.

Q. I'm sorry?

1.4

- A. One of many considerations, I might add.
- Q. This is really a very simple question,
  Mr. Teitzel. I am asking you whether the words de
  minimis should be interpreted in terms of a number.
  I'm not looking for other factors which the FCC may or
  may not consider here. I am simply asking you a very
  direct question.

Should the phrase de minimis be interpreted in terms of a number? If you don't agree with that, please say no. If you agree with that, please say yes.

- A. I believe I responded a moment ago by saying that a number is something the FCC will look at when they consider access lines served by a CLEC. So the answer to that is yes, they will look at the number of access lines in making that determination. It is one of several factors and I would stand by that response.
- Q. I still don't know whether you agree with me or not.
- A. I can try to rephrase. The FCC will look at the number of access lines served by a CLEC or a group of CLECs in a particular state in assessing whether all the Track A guidelines are satisfied. They will

look at that factor as well as many other factors.

Again, the FCC has not defined in any order that I have seen either in which they have accepted or rejected an Application what that particular number is.

Q. Again, Mr. Teitzel, I'm not saying that that's part of this question. Maybe if I can redirect you back to your testimony -- and this again is your Rebuttal Testimony on Page 4 beginning with Line 1 -- and actually I'd like to focus on Line 3, where you quote from the Ameritech Michigan Order in Paragraph 75, the phrase -- and it's a very limited phrase by the way. You say, 'serving more than a de minimis number of end users'.

Is it appropriate when examining the phrase de minimis to look at a number?

- A. I apologize if I'm misinterpreting your question but I thought I responded. I said the FCC will look at a number, and I'll stress the phrase number of CLEC access lines served in a particular state in assessing a Track A application. Yes, they will look at a number.
- Q. Thank you. This could take a long time.

  Now, Mr. Teitzel, if I can go back to your

  Supplemental Direct Testimony, please. On Page 7

beginning at Line 1 toward the end of that line the sentence begins:

In confidential Attachment E the number of resold residential access lines in service is reported by City and wire center as of September 30th, 2001, and reflects a total of 1,829 resold residential lines in service as compared to total residential lines in service as of April 30th, 2001, of 3,064, as shown in Attachment A.

Have I read that correctly?

A. You have.

- Q. So reflecting again my passion for simple arithmetic, that would reflect a decrease in the number of resold lines, would it not?
  - A. It would.
- Q. Do you recall yesterday, I believe you were present, when I was asking questions of Mr. Badal and he indicated that at the present time a good estimate of the number of residential lines in the state was approximately 600,000.

Do you recall that particular number?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Assuming for a moment that the number of resold lines within the state, as you have reflected

it here, is hovering in the neighborhood of 2,000 because, again, it's my nature to be generous.

A. Thank you.

Q. Would you tell me, please, if I'm correct here. It seems to me that if there are 2,000 resold lines in the state out of a total number of residential lines of 600,000, that percentage of resold lines would be a fraction of 1 percent.

Would I be correct there?

- A. It would be less than 1 percent. I believe that is correct.
- Q. Okay. Now, this is going to be a very simple question, Mr. Teitzel. It's not going to be complicated at all. I certainly don't mean it to be complicated. But if it's a fraction of 1 percent, would you say that that is perhaps de minimis?
- A. I would disagree with that because I don't think that the number of access lines, in your example 2,000, is a de minimis number.

I think, considering all factors the FCC would look at again, the FCC would consider that to be more than de minimis.

Q. Thank you very much. Moving back to your Supplemental Direct Testimony to the place that I was referring to before, that would be Page 7, Lines 1

through -- let's extend it out to Lines 1 through 9.

If I can get my arms around this part of your testimony, it seems to me that we have a decrease in the number of access -- excuse me -- in the number of resold residential lines from approximately 3,000 to something slightly less than 2,000. Yet, at the same time, we have an increase in the number of CLECs selling those resold lines from -- let's see here.

Was it five on Line 1 to nine on Line 6?

Is that correct?

A. That is correct. But let me qualify that just a bit, if I could. The nine includes two pseudo CLECs or PCLECs who were being used for the OSS testing purpose.

When this testimony was filed, I was not one of the designated Qwest employees who had access to the knowledge around who those CLECs were. Only a very limited number of employees can have that information to maintain the integrity of the ROC OSS testing process.

On December 13th an emergency meeting of the ROC administrative group, I was designated as one employee who could have that information. With that information I was able to revise this number down to seven, and I did so in my Rebuttal Testimony.

1 Q. Thank you. Now, excuse me, you revised that 2 down to seven where?

A. It's in my Rebuttal Testimony.

- Q. I could have sworn I read your Rebuttal

  Testimony, Mr. Teitzel. I apologize. Can you tell me
  where approximately?
- A. Just give me a moment and I can find the page. (Witness refers to document.)

The reference I was recalling was at Page 21. Beginning at Line 17, I talked about the revision in the quantity of resold residential lines in New Mexico as being 1,791. That was found in a response to Staff's data request Set 4 No. 2 which was filed on December 31st, 2001.

In that Staff data request the 1,791 number was identified and the number of CLECs were identified as seven as contributing to that number. That was the passage I was recalling.

- Q. So it's not actually in your Rebuttal

  Testimony. It's in one of the exhibits that you cite
  in your Rebuttal Testimony?
  - A. That's more accurate.
- Q. Okay. Thank you, because, gosh, I thought I was losing my mind there.
  - A. I'm sure that's not the case.

Q. Oh, no, I do misplace it every now and then. Getting back, please, to -- oh, excuse me. Let me do one follow-up question.

You say that you were designated as one of the employees of Qwest who would be able to know the identity of the two pseudo CLECs.

Can you tell me how that designation occurred or how that change in your status occurred?

A. I can tell you there was an emergency meeting after hours on December 12th between Nancy Lubamersky and members of the ROC test advisory group, administrative group which again is the entity unaffiliated with Qwest. That entity must designate all Qwest employees who have access to that information.

And the reason that meeting happened was because I was being asked to provide information that I practically could not. I did not have the knowledge without being designated as one of the employees who could see that information.

And I received a call on December 13th confirming that I could have the information and was provided the information on that date. Again, the reason that the number of employees are strictly constrained is to maintain the integrity of the ROC

testing process to assure the service orders flow through the process. If they are test orders, they are treated like any other service order from any other CLEC.

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- Q. So the process occurred as follows: You received some Interrogatories from whom we know not, but from someone. You indicated that you couldn't answer the Interrogatories based on your current knowledge. So Quest asked for and received an emergency meeting of the ROC administrative -- could you tell me again the name of that?
- A. I'm not sure what the formal title of the group is but it's the ROC administrative group and I believe that KPMG is the administrator of that process.
- Q. Okay. Thank you. Getting back to where I was originally, and I think I probably will be taking up dentistry after this Mr. Teitzel because I think I could waive through a lot of the courses there.

On the -- on Page 7 of your Supplemental Direct Testimony, again, Lines 1 through 9, we are seeing a trend here. It seems to me from your Direct Testimony, a trend can be determined in that we are seeing a reduction in the number of resold access lines and an increase in the number of CLECs reselling

those lines.

Is that correct?

- A. That is true.
- Q. On the other hand, we also have one particular unknown -- unnamed, excuse me, not unknown, unnamed CLEC who is reselling a good 75 to 80 percent of those lines.

Am I correct?

- A. I would accept your percentage subject to check, but it's in that range.
- Q. Okay. Would you characterize this as vibrant competition in the resale marketplace?
- A. I would characterize that as actual competition, as competition from at least one CLEC who is providing service for a fee actively in the state at more than a de minimis level. So I strongly believe that satisfies Track A requirements.
- Q. So your position and Qwest's position here is that an increasing number of CLECs fighting over .3 percent of the marketplace is actual competition?
  - A. Yes, it is.
  - Q. Thank you.
  - A. And let me augment that answer, if I could.
  - Q. You don't need to, but if you would like to.
    - A. I would like to, if I might.

Q. By all means.

A. Let me also say that in Arkansas, SBC pointed to one particular competitor in that state as serving well under 5,000 access lines. That was essentially their evidence they were on Track A. I can also tell you that one competitor is no longer taking orders from new customers. They have, in essence, frozen their service, capped it. By definition that is going to be a declining base in that state. With that knowledge the FCC approved that Application.

I think there is a parallel here that it is more than de minimis and it's sufficient.

Q. Okay. Thank you. But now, if the trend in New Mexico continues, it seems to me eventually we are going to have 25 CLECs arguing over a hundred lines.

Is that a possibility in your mind?

- A. I would respond by saying I honestly don't know what the future may bring. The economy may rebound in the near future and this trend may reverse. I honestly don't know.
- Q. Okay. Thank you, Mr. Teitzel. Now, if I could move now to your Rebuttal Testimony. Beginning on Page 27, you indicate on Line 16, Ms. Roth has seriously misinterpreted information regarding UNE loops in service in New Mexico.

Did you find that place?

A. I did.

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Q. Okay. You go on to talk in terms of stand-alone unbundled loops as distinguished from what's called the UNE platform of packaged loops.

Am I correct?

- A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. Did Qwest ever provide the number of unbundled stand-alone -- excuse me, stand-alone unbundled loops in the course of these proceedings to any party?
- A. You are referring to these proceedings being the Track A proceedings up to this point?
- Q. No, excuse me. I'm talking about these immediate -- the immediate hearing that we are at today and the testimony and exhibits that have been offered here by Qwest, including your own two exhibits.
- A. No, because that information was not used in a response that I supplied to the Staff data request. I recall it was Set 4 but I don't recall the particular number, in which they asked for an approximation of what we believed the market share to be. The stand-alone UNE loop quantity was not used in that calculation. Therefore, there was no data

provided in that. It was not used. Only UNE platform 1 loops were used in that calculation. 2 Now, I'm looking at a copy of Qwest's 3 response to Staff Interrogatory 4-11, so that would be 4 5 the fourth Set, the eleventh question. If I may approach the witness to save time -- I apologize but 6 7 I don't have multiple copies of this (indicating). Α. I have that. 8 Reading the first line, could you tell us 9 10 what that first line is? 11 Α. Yes. The first line states UNE platform 12 loops in service. And that number is shown as 3,925. 13 Thank you, Mr. Teitzel. Then moving down --Q. 14 HEARING EXAMINER: Let's go off the 15 record a second. Yours is non-pink but his is pink. 16 (Whereupon, a brief discussion was 17 held off the record.) 18 HEARING EXAMINER: Back on the record. Ι 19 was trying to ascertain off the record if we were 20 getting into confidential information, and we are not. 21 So Mr. Witt, please proceed. 22 MR. WITT: Thank you, Your Honor. BY MR. WITT: 23 24 Now, again, the first line of Attachment A 25 indicates that the UNE platform loops and services,

3,925? 1 2 Α. That is correct. And you just got through reading that? 3 0. Yes. Α. 4 If you will, please just move down five cells 5 0. 6 on that table, the next -- that goes to resold access 7 lines and specifically residential resold access lines. 8 9 Am I correct? 10 You are. Α. 11 Q. And that number is 1,829? 12 Α. That's correct. 13 Q. And then moving down to three -- excuse me --14 three cells from there, the header on that says, total Qwest UNE and resold lines. I take it 'fac' would be 15 facilities-based CLEC lines. 16 17 Am I correct? 18 Α. You are correct. 19 Q. And that total for residential service is 9,145. 20 21 Is that also correct? 22 Α. That is also correct. 23 Q. So is there any place here on this document 24 that you've provided stand-alone unbundled loops in

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service in New Mexico?

A. We have not because, once again, stand-alone unbundled loops were not used in this calculation or this summation.

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- Q. Well, I guess I'm wondering, then, why you are so hard on Ms. Roth for not using stand-alone unbundled loops when, in fact, you haven't provided the information to her in any of your previous documents or supporting attachments?
- A. I guess hard is a subjective term. I did point out that she misrepresented --
  - Q. I think you say she seriously misrepresented.
- A. She did misrepresent what this information says. Line 1 clearly says this is UNE platform loops in service. The data supplied in the April quantities included both UNE stand-alone and platform quantities. I think it's fairly plain what this information is and is not. And Ms. Roth's conclusion is not correct. In fact, it's seriously incorrect.
- Q. Her conclusion, notwithstanding, it seems to me that if Qwest hasn't provided this information and you admitted that it's not been provided to anyone within the four corners of these proceedings, then I guess I'm wondering how on earth anyone can be expected to utilize information which has not been provided?

A. I'm sorry, I have to take exception to that. In this data request response which I developed, I supplied information to the Staff that was responsive to Staff's request as well as back-up documentation as to how those numbers were derived.

If AT&T and Ms. Roth, in this case, took this information and interpreted it for her purposes, did not ask, to my knowledge, any data requests of me as to what the stand-alone UNE loop number was. It was not use for this purpose.

Q. Let's look at what exactly the question is here. I'm reading directly from Staff Request No. 11 in Interrogatory Set No. 4. It says:

State what percentage of the residential lines in New Mexico are served by CLECs through any means of competitive entry and fully identify the sources of your information and the relevant time frame for any sources of your information.

It seems to me that if stand-alone UNE loops are a part of the means of competitive entry or if they are any means of competitive entry, then they should have been included here.

A. Mr. Witt, there is some history here. It goes back to the multi-state proceeding. In that

proceeding in the data I supplied there, UNE stand-alone loops were not characterized as being a form of residential competition. We didn't attribute any of those loops to residence, nor have I done so here. So I've merely been consistent with what I've done with that information up to this point.

I might add the reason that we did not report that information into residential and business categories, when I say that information, I'm referring to stand-alone UNE loops, when we sell those services to a CLEC, they are sold as a wholesale service.

There's no particular class of service associated with that. So we have no internal means of tracking whether a stand-alone UNE loop is residence, business, Centrex or any other class of service.

- Q. Very well. Now, let's ask, first of all, let me ask, is it reasonable to assume that a UNE loop -- excuse me, a stand-alone UNE loop is not going to be used to provide residential service?
- A. It's an assumption that I made in the multi-state proceeding in all seven states.
- Q. And would that assumption be based on the price of the stand-alone unbundled loop as compared to the price of residential service?
  - A. It's based on your belief of what's happening

in the marketplace. We believe that the predominant form of competition is resale and to a lesser degree through facility bypass means like cable telephony or shared tenant service and other forms of competition.

So what you are telling me is if the predominant method of competition in the residential market is by resale and the number of resold lines in the state is some 2,000, then it seems to me that it's logical to assume that the number of unbundled network elements -- excuse me, unbundled loops that are being used to provide residential service would be considerably less than 2,000.

## Am I correct there?

- As I sit here today, I could not honestly say Α. that any unbundled loops were being used to serve residential customers in New Mexico today.
  - Q. Okay.

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- I have not testified to that effect. I just Α. don't know.
- But if Ms. Roth is looking at the decline in Ο. residential competition within the state and she has not included unbundled network elements stand-alone UNE loops, which are, as far as you are concerned, not used for that, then why is your criticism of her

25 approach justifiable? A. I criticize Ms. Roth because my reading of her testimony was that she was making a point or a case that CLEC competition in the broad sense, residential and business, was trending steeply downward. And that simply is not true.

Q. But we have already established that the number of resold lines in the State of New Mexico is declining.

Is that correct?

- A. Residential resold lines; that is correct.
- Q. Sure. And you've also stated that resale is the primary method of competition for residential service in the State of New Mexico.

Is that correct?

- A. Today that is correct for residential service.
- Q. So I guess I'm missing something here as to why you would criticize somebody for asserting that there is a decline in residential competition within the state.
- A. I think we are mixing comparisons here. My point again was that I read Ms. Roth's testimony to maintain that local exchange competition was steeply declining, broadly, residential and business combined. And that is not the case.

1	Q. Okay. Perhaps we are talking at each other
2	instead of to each other. I will back off on this.
3	HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Witt, how are we
4	doing?
5	MR. WITT: Actually, Your Honor, I have no
6	further questions at this point. Thank you very much,
7	and thank you, Mr. Teitzel.
8	THE WITNESS: Thank you, sir.
9	HEARING EXAMINER: We will take a
10	ten-minute recess at this point.
11	(Whereupon, a brief recess was
12	taken.)
13	HEARING EXAMINER: Back on the record
14	from a recess.
15	Mr. Mittle, I believe you have
16	Cross-Examination questions of the witness.
17	MR. MITTLE: Thank you, Madam Hearing
18	Examiner.
19	
20	<u>CROSS-EXAMINATION</u>
21	BY MR. MITTLE:
22	Q. Good morning, Mr. Teitzel.
23	A. Good morning, sir.
24	Q. I would like to follow up on something you
25	just said with Mr. Witt. You can correct me, but I

believe it's Qwest's position in New Mexico the predominant method of competition is resale and not in facilities-based.

## Is that correct?

- A. Relative to my testimony, and the focus on resale in my testimony, that's what I am seeing. Now, I believe you heard yesterday and again this morning that Mr. Badal cited PCS information as being a source of, quote-unquote, facility based competition. So I think it's a combination from that perspective.
- Q. Do you think resale is greater than the number -- resale residential lines is greater than the facility-based residential lines?

MR. MUNN: I object. The question is vague. Does facilities-based, does that include Cricket or not?

MR. MITTLE: I don't care. You could answer both ways, if you know, or one way, if you don't know.

HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Teitzel, let's take one at a time. Do you believe that the PCS is included in the facilities-based?

THE WITNESS: I believe PCS is a form of facility-based competition and I believe that the FCC has found that to be the case also.

HEARING EXAMINER: All right. Mr. Munn, does that clarify the question sufficiently now that he is including --

MR. MUNN: Well, I think it needs to be clear. That's fine, yes, Your Honor.

HEARING EXAMINER: All right. Do you understand the question, Mr. Teitzel.

MR. MITTLE: Could I rephrase it?

HEARING EXAMINER: Sir, please.

## BY MR. MITTLE:

- Q. The number of residential resale lines Qwest, using the generous number of Mr. Witt, according to Qwest, is about 2,000?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And the facilities-based, just the number assigned to Cricket, would be how many?
- A. Again, I believe I can help here. In note one on my Attachment A to response to Staff data request Set 4, No. 11, it identifies how a number can be estimated or number of Cricket access lines which have been used as a substitute for wire-line. That number as shown in my note one is 2,520.

MR. WITT: I object. I think that that number is based on the Intrado report and I'd like to make sure that that Intrado report information is

excluded, isn't it? 1 THE WITNESS: It is not based on the 2 Intrado report. It's based on Cricket's. 3 MR. WITT: I apologize. I misheard. 4 And then Cricket's estimate THE WITNESS: 5 that 7 percent of their customer base had used their 6 7 service as a full bypass of the land line. 8 HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. So that 2,520 9 is a number that you have created based on information about Cricket? 10 11 THE WITNESS: It's information from 12 Mr. Badal's affidavit. Again, this is no note one in 13 Attachment A to my response to Staff's Set 4, No. 11. 14 HEARING EXAMINER: All right. 15 THE WITNESS: So I'm taking 36,000 times 16 7 percent to arrive at the number. 17 BY MR. MITTLE: 18 Q. Okay. Did I understand you correctly when 19 you testified in answer to Mr. Witt's question that 20 the predominant method of competition in New Mexico is 21 resale and not facilities-based? 22 Α. When I was responding I was thinking of the 23 context of the question, which I believed was 24 involving resale and unbundled services. If the

context were expanded to include PCS type service

which again the FCC has identified as a form of facility-based competition --

- Q. I'm not trying to argue the role of PCS.

  What I'm trying to understand is, so if we eliminate

  Cricket, which is the only PCS provider that Qwest has

  offered any evidence of in this proceeding; is that

  correct?
  - A. That's correct.

- Q. So if we eliminate Cricket, is it your testimony that the predominant method of competition in New Mexico is resale and not facility-based?
- A. If Cricket were not considered, that would be true.
- Q. Okay. And the resale numbers, plus or minus 2,000 is an actual number.

Is that correct?

- A. The numbers in my testimony were actual numbers from our CRIS tracking database.
  - Q. Okay. And does Cricket report to Intrado?
- A. I do not believe they report to Intrado nor do I believe they are required to.
  - Q. And you are familiar with Mr. Badal's affidavit?
    - A. Yes, I am.
    - Q. And in Mr. Badal's affidavit he cites the

number of facilities-based residential lines from
Intrado.

Are you familiar with that number?

A. I am.

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- Q. And that number is 4,796?
- A. That's my recollection.
- Q. So given that the predominant method of competition is resale and not facility, the number of facility-based lines is greater than the number of resale lines?
- A. I would respond by saying I believe Mr. Badal deleted or redacted his testimony relative to Intrado, so I don't believe he's supporting that number any more, nor am I.
  - Q. All right.

So if I could direct your attention to your Supplemental Direct Testimony, Page 5, Lines 20 through 22 --

- A. I'm sorry, 20 through 22?
- Q. Yes, sir.
- A. (Witness refers to document.) I have that.
- Q. You refer to what's called Qwest's wholesale service tracking database.
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. Is that the same thing as the customer record

information system?

- A. In this context it is, yes.
- Q. Okay. Now, if I could turn to Page 2 also of your Supplemental Direct, starting at Line 2, you offer a definition of when a CLEC qualifies as a competing provider.

Do you see that?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. And you put in quotes competing provider and the phrase serving more than a de minimum number of end users?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. You also use the word operational. And operational is not in quotes. Is there a reason for that?
- A. No particular reason. The context there was a CLEC needs to be in the market actually serving customers, billing customers a fee for their service. That would be the definition, in my mind, of operational.
- Q. And do you have a source from where the FCC used the word operational?
  - A. (Witness refers to document.)
- Q. I mean, you cite the Ameritech Michigan opinion. Do you know whether they used it in there?

The cite is to that Ameritech Michigan Order, 1 and I recall the adjective operational providing 2 service for a fee being there. If you can give me a 3 moment, I can try to find the specific. 4 5 How about Paragraph 75? Ο. Α. Paragraph 75? 6 7 MR. MUNN: Yes. MR. MITTLE: Yes. 8 9 THE WITNESS: Mr. Munn, I don't have 10 Do you have that, please? 11 MR. MUNN: (Counsel hands document to 12 witness.) THE WITNESS: Yes. Paragraph 75. 13 14 you like me to read the cite? 15 BY MR. MITTLE: 16 0. No. You have a copy, though? 17 Α. I do. 18 Q. And these questions go to how you define a 19 competing provider. Do you see where the FCC wrote: 20 Rather, we do not determine that the 21 minimum the carrier must actually be in 22 the market and operational, i.e. 23 accepting requests for services and 24 providing such service for a fee, although 25 we did not address whether new entrants

must meet additional criteria to be considered a competing provider under Section 271(C)(1)(A).

Did I read that correctly?

A. You did. I see that language.

- Q. So in your definition, you refer to operational and you refer to a de minimis number.

  What does the FCC mean when they said although we did not address whether new entrants must meet additional criteria?
- A. I would have to respond that I'd be speculating as to the intent behind their words. I think we talked today about a variety of criteria that the BOC must meet when they file a Track A Application. I think they need to demonstrate -- in this case Qwest needs to demonstrate that there is at least one CLEC or CLECs that are actually in the marketplace offering services to customers that otherwise would have been Qwest customers.
  - Q. Right. That --
- A. I think the BOC must meet the checklist requirements and the other criteria as well in this Section 271 consideration.
- Q. So the FCC said that they must actually be in the market in Paragraph 75 and that's what you said?

A. That's correct.

- Q. Must be operational and that's what you said?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. The FCC also said that they might have to meet additional criteria.

Is that correct?

- A. That is their language.
- Q. Looking now at Paragraph 78 of the same Order, Ameritech Michigan, if you could read the first sentence?
- A. Paragraph 78 of that same Order in the first sentence says:

In this Order, we need not and do not reach the question of whether a carrier that is serving a de minimis number of access lines is a 'competing provider' under Section 271(C)(1)(A).

Q. And this goes to some of the line of questioning of Mr. Witt that de minimis refers to a number of access lines to a number.

Is that correct?

A. Again, I testified earlier and I will try to respond as directly as I can. I have not seen any particular number identified by the FCC. I think there is not a market share test which would imply

some specific minimum threshold. I don't think one 1 2 exists.

- Right. And you are familiar with the recent Ο. case of Sprint, a recent Sprint Communications Company versus the FCC, are you not?
- I'm sorry. Would you ask that question Α. again.
  - Q. Yes, have you --
  - Are you referring to the DC case? Α.
- 10 Yes, it's Sprint Communication versus the 0. 11 FCC.
  - Α. Yes.
  - Q. Do you also understand that if the -- if somebody takes issue, a party takes issue with the FCC, they can appeal to the courts?
    - Α. Yes, they can.
  - Q. So the courts have a higher authority than the FCC?

Your Honor, I'll object to MR. MUNN: this question. It calls for a legal conclusion about the jurisdictional nature of the courts. It also seems to me to be irrelevant but certainly calling for a legal conclusion.

> HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Mittle?

Your Honor, I don't mean to be MR. WITT:

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an interloper here, but when I read Mr. Teitzel's 1 testimony, it sure reads like a legal brief to me. 2 Your Honor, that would 3 MR. MUNN: certainly be because Mr. Ripperger's testimony read 4 like a legal brief so he had to rebut the legal brief 5 6 that Mr. Ripperger decided to file as testimony. 7 I was actually referring to MR. WITT: 8 Supplemental Direct Your Honor. 9 Well, I think we have HEARING EXAMINER: 10 all discussed this particular issue before. 11 believe, as I said yesterday, due to the legal -- not 12 legal, due to the unique nature of the proceeding, I'm 13 going to overrule your objection, sir. You can answer 14 if you know. 15 THE WITNESS: Would you mind asking the 16 question one more time and I'll attempt to respond. 17 I'm not an attorney. BY MR. MITTLE: 18 19 If a party has issue with the FCC, they can 20 take their complaint to the courts? 21 Α. They can. 22 0. And the DC Court of Appeals entertained a 23 complaint from Sprint Communications and other parties 24 in a recent decision on December of 2001?

They did.

Α.

And in that opinion, the Court seriously 1 Q. 2 questioned -- I won't say seriously questioned -- the Court questioned whether the Commission is reading 3 Track A to require only a minimal volume of 4 competition, if they are correct in interpreting that. 5 I didn't state that very well. Can I 6 7 restate that? 8 Are you citing a specific finding of the A. 9 Court and if so, can I read that before I respond? 10 Yes. I'll give you my copy (indicating). Q. 11 (Witness refers to document.) Α. 12 HEARING EXAMINER: Where would that be, 13 Mr. Mittle, so I can look on my copy? I like my copy 14 better. It's already colored. 15 (Whereupon, a brief discussion was 16 held off the record.) 17 HEARING EXAMINER: Go ahead Mr. Mittle. BY MR. MITTLE: 18 19 So are you familiar with the Court's opinion 0. 20 where they stated if the Commission is correct in 21 reading Track A to require only a minimal volume of 22 competition to be present, see Order Section 42, and 23 that reading is not challenged here, it may reflect a 24 recognition that the residential market may not be

attractive to competitors even if UNE costs are at the

lower end of the TELRIC, assuming it's out of material range.

Do you see that section?

A. I do.

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- Q. Do you read that section to mean that the Court was questioning whether the FCC is correctly reading Track A to require only a minimal volume of competition but not addressing that point?
- A. I'm not an attorney, so I'd have to offer my opinion of what this says. But in my opinion it appears to be a remand to the Commission to consider this issue. The Court is not taking an active opinion as to whether the FCC is right or wrong, just that it should be considered once again.
- Q. If I could now direct your attention back to the Ameritech Michigan Order, Paragraph 78.
  - A. (Witness refers to document.) I have that.
- Q. And in Paragraph 78 it refers to carriers as being an actual commercial alternative to the BOC?
- A. Give me just a moment, please. (Witness refers to document.)

Yes, I see that language.

Q. And is actual commercial alternative, in your opinion, a word of art? Does it have some special significance in terms of Section 271 applications?

A. Once again, I'm not an attorney but I'll offer my opinion as a non-attorney. The commercial alternative to me means that a competitive or a CLEC must be actually in the market, present in the market, offering services for a fee to customers who otherwise would have been customers of Qwest. It is, in fact, a commercial alternative for a fee.

- Q. And the features and functions that a competitor must be offering, do you have a definition of what those are?
- A. I don't think that the FCC has found, to the best of my recollection, that services must be precisely the same. Only that they are generally comparable services offered to the same body of customers.
- Q. In your opinion, should an actual commercial alternative provide long distance?
- A. It could do that. It doesn't necessarily have to do that, but it could.
  - Q. Right. I'm just asking your opinion.
- A. I responded that that could be an alternative, yes.
- Q. Internet access? Well, let's back up. If they don't offer long distance service, are they an actual commercial alternative?

1 A. Yes.

- O. What about Internet access?
- A. If we are talking about local exchange competitors, my response would be yes. I think that is an alternative.
- Q. But are they an alternative if they don't offer Internet access?
- A. If they offered a service that was packaged differently without Internet access to residential local exchange consumers, my position would be yes, it is an alternative to Qwest's local exchange service.
- Q. So is an alternative to Qwest's local exchange offer, they must offer a dial tone.

Is that correct?

- A. A dial tone is part of the basic functionality of a flat residential line, so I would say yes.
- Q. And if a competitor offers a pre-pay -- do you understand what I mean by pre-pay?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Could you please explain to the Commission what your understanding of pre-pay is?
- A. A pre-pay would be a payment provided in advance by a customer for a service that we subsequently receive. For example, a customer might

pre-pay for residential service the 1st of January to 1 be provided service the remainder of that month. 2 And if a customer is offered service only 3 Q. through a prepaid plan, do you consider that a 4 commercial -- an actual commercial alternative to 5 Owest's wire-line? 6 7 Α. Yes. MR. MITTLE: Can I go off the record for a 8 9 second here, please? HEARING EXAMINER: 10 Sure. 11 (Whereupon, a brief discussion was 12 held off the record.) BY MR. MITTLE: 13 14 Mr. Teitzel, are you familiar with the Q. 15 company Comm South? 16 A. Yes, I am. 17 Q. Do you know what services they offer? 18 They offer residential services on a resold Α. 19 basis in New Mexico. 20 Q. And are they a prepaid plan? 21 Α. That's my understanding. 22 Q. Do they offer long distance? 23 I believe long distance is blocked with their Α. 24 offering. 25 Q. Do they offer business?

A. Not to my knowledge. I'm sorry, I stand corrected. I do show in a confidential attachment that they are providing some resold services, without divulging any numbers.

- Q. The question went to business. Are they offering business?
- A. I would amend my answer. Our records are yes.
- Q. And do you consider Comm South an actual commercial alternative?
  - A. Yes, I do.

- Q. And do you know where a person might purchase Comm South from?
- A. I'll respond as I understand your question.

  A New Mexico customer could call Comm South's business offices and order service as they would with the Qwest business office. My recollection is Comm South provides service to customers in a variety of communities in New Mexico.
- Q. And are you aware that Comm South offers their services through such stores known as Fast Bucks?
- A. To be frank with you, I'm not aware of that, but I would accept that subject to check.
  - Q. And a company such as Fast Bucks also does

pay day loans and car title loans? 1 Once again, I don't have personal knowledge 2 Α. 3 of that. Subject to check, if I told you that the 4 Ο. annual percentage rate that a company like Fast Bucks 5 6 charges is 652 percent, would you consider that a 7 viable alternative to Owest? Your Honor, I'll object to the 8 MR. MUNN: 9 question because it assumes facts not in evidence. Hе 10 is asking this witness to speculate. MR. MITTLE: I said subject to check, but 11 12 I can offer you some evidence. 13 HEARING EXAMINER: Do you want to -- I'm 14 going to sustain that objection unless you start 1.5 again, if you can lay a foundation, Mr. Mittle. MR. MITTLE: Okay. Let's back up. 16 17 BY MR. MITTLE: 18 Q. So if on Comm South's company's website they 19 said they don't offer business service, would your 20 confidential Exhibit DLT-1 be correct or incorrect? 21

- A. It is correct. Our billing systems do show that we are providing this particular service to each of the CLECs identified there.
- Q. But it doesn't actually mean they are offering the service in New Mexico?

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It did at the time this information was 1 If something has changed subsequent to that, 2 that would not be reflected here. 3 Okay. Then I was asking you a question about 4 Q. 5 -- I should do this in two parts. 6 MR. MITTLE: May I approach the witness, 7 please? 8 HEARING EXAMINER: Sure. 9 HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Mittle, was 10 Exhibit 2 the Reforma thing that you passed out? 11 MR. MITTLE: Right. I didn't offer it. 12 (Whereupon, a document was marked 13 AG EXHIBIT 3 for identification.) 14 BY MR. MITTLE: 15 Mr. Teitzel, I've handed you what's been Q. 16 marked AG 3. I represent to you it's from the Comm 17 South website. 18 Α. I have that. 19 Q. Do you have any reason to doubt that these 20 are the products and services that Comm South offers? 21 Α. This is what I see as represented on their 22 website. I would testify with cost-of-service that 23 our billing systems are accurate in this case. There

appears to be a difference here. This is their

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representation.

1 Q. Okay. Thank you. Your Honor, I just have one 2 MR. MUNN: point for clarification. Is this being represented as 3 4 the entire Comm South website, and the entire places 5 that you can purchase Comm South service is included 6 in AG 3 or are these excerpts? 7 MR. MITTLE: That's going to be 4. AG 3 is just the one page. I stapled it. All I'm 8 9 representing on AG 3 is this is 10 www.commsouth.com/products.html, which is from the 11 Comm South website. Then you click on their little 12 icons for products and services. 13 HEARING EXAMINER: So the answer, then, 14 to Mr. Munn's question is? 15 MR. MITTLE: No. 16 HEARING EXAMINER: No. 17 MR. MUNN: This is not the entire 18 website. Okay. Thank you. 19 MR. MITTLE: At this time we would offer 20 AG 3. 21 HEARING EXAMINER: Any objection to 22 what's been identified as a products page, one of more 23 than one page of a website for Comm South? 24 MR. MUNN: I have no objection with that 25 clarification that it's not the whole website.

Keeping in line with HEARING EXAMINER: 1 my prior commentary on Cricket's website and the 2 newspaper articles, AG 3 is admitted. 3 (Whereupon, AG EXHIBIT 3 was 4 admitted into evidence, a copy of 5 which may be found under separate cover. 6 7 (Whereupon, a document was marked AG EXHIBIT 4 for identification.) 8 9 BY MR. MITTLE: I've also put in front of you what has been 10 11 marked AG 4. Do you have that in front of you, 12 Mr. Teitzel? Yes, I do. 13 Α. I represent to you that that is a website for 14 15 Fast Bucks? 16 Α. It appears to be that. 17 Do you see where it says on that page that Q. 18 services provided by Fast Bucks is Comm South 19 telephone service? 20 Α. I see that, yes. 21 If a consumer -- let's see how I can phrase Q. 22 this. If a consumer has no choice but to borrow money 23 from Fast Bucks at 652 percent annual percentage rate 24 and also to buy Comm South's service, would that be an 25 actual commercial alternative to Qwest's wire-line?

A. It's a difficult question for me to answer. I do not believe that Fast Bucks is the only source from which Comm South service can be purchased. I would not know if that, understanding individual circumstances, why a customer may be applying for a loan with that kind of an annual percentage rate.

As I sit here today, I wouldn't testify
that I think that would represent Comm South's entire
customer body. I suspect it's a mix, so I'm not quite
sure how to respond directly to you there. I don't
know the specific circumstances.

- Q. Okay. So let's assume that the FCC finds that Comm South is not an actual competitive alternative. Without Comm South, how many residential lines would be provided through resale in New Mexico? And let me know if this is -- I don't think it's confidential.
- A. No, it's not. Let me respond in round numbers and if I can I'll give you some approximates.
  - Q. Sure.

A. Let me respond with respect to the numbers we have presented. I know that Comm South has presented data request responses to the Commission which may have a different number. But as I mentioned, without the pseudo CLEC quantities, which were 38 in my

September report, there are 1,791 resold residential lines. Of those, about 1,600 approximately were Comm South's. So that would leave roughly 200 for the remainder.

- Q. Do you know what percentage of Qwest lines, residential access lines, that would be?
- A. I'm sorry. I missed the first part of your question.
- Q. Do you know what the percentage that would be of Qwest's total residential access lines?
  - A. What percentage is 200?
  - Q. 200 over 600,000.

- A. It would be, obviously, less than 1 percent.

  I don't know the precise fraction.
  - Q. Would that be de minimis?
- A. Again, as I sit here today, I'm not able to quantify whether 50 or 200 or 1,000 would be considered de minimis. I think a variety of factors will be considered and will be considered by the FCC in making that determination. I can't offer that value judgment.
- Q. If I could now turn to your Rebuttal Testimony.
  - A. (Witness complies.)
  - Q. Let's start at Page 2, please. In the middle

of the line it says: 1 According both to this Commission --. 2 3 meaning the Public Regulation Commission -- and the FCC fully satisfied Track A by 4 establishing the existence of at least one 5 CLECs providing resale-based competition 6 in the residential market. 7 Has the FCC issued an opinion to that, 8 9 that they told Qwest? 10 I would respond by saying that my understanding that the FCC's Order, Arkansas-Missouri 11 12 docket, 271 docket, is that, in fact, one CLEC was 13 sufficient evidence that Track A was satisfied. 14 one CLEC happened to be Altel in Arkansas. 15 Q. But you don't have like an opinion letter 16 from the FCC? 17 Α. No. 18 Or from this Commission? 0. 19 Α. Around the --20 Q. 21 Α. The validity of one CLEC being satisfactory? 22 Not on that particular point. -23Q. On Line 12 of that page you go: 24 Neither of the witnesses opposing Qwest in

this proceeding have challenged the

1 accuracy. 2 Are you aware of who has the burden of 3 proof in a Section 271 Application? 4 Α. Owest bears that burden. Even if no other party files comments. 5 Q. Is that correct? 6 7 I believe that is correct. Α. 8 If we could now jump to Page 4. Q. 9 Α. (Witness refers to document.) 10 Q. That's also of your Rebuttal Testimony. 11 (Witness complies.) A. 12 The guestion on Line 8: Q. 13 Does Track A require Qwest to establish 14 that multi CLECs are serving -- I assume 15 that's a typo -- more than a de minimis 16 number of competitors -- customers in New 17 Mexico. 18 Do you see that question? 19 Yes, I do. A. 20 Q. And you are testifying only with respect to 21 Track A. 22 Is that correct? 23 In this proceeding, I am. Α. 24 0. You are not addressing the public interest 25 requirement?

A. In this proceeding, I am not.

- Q. And the public interest requirement may require something different than what is required in your reading of Track A?
- A. The public interest requirement has a separate set of standards from Track A. So to that extent, I would say yes.
- Q. So, for example, on Page 5 when you talked about, at Lines 6 through 8, when you talk about the competing provider for purposes of Track A does not need to serve any particular number of customers, you are not saying that -- you are not saying that a review of the particular number of customers or market share may not be relevant for purposes of the public interest?
- A. I apologize, Mr. Mittle. I'm not sure I fully captured your question.
- Q. When you are testifying in this proceeding, you are not saying that the public interest requirement may not require that CLECs serve a particular market or that it serve a particular number of customers.

Is that correct?

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, I object to the question as outside the scope of this hearing, which

is not only limited to Track A but the residential market to Track A. It's not the public interest, which is a completely different section of the Act.

HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Mittle, didn't we deal with this issue yesterday as far as public interest being outside the purview of --

MR. MITTLE: Well, it was outside the purview because Mr. Badal did not refer in his testimony to this Sprint Communications case.

Contrary to Mr. Teitzel, his footnote 11 specifically refers to the case.

HEARING EXAMINER: I remember now. This was something we were going to get back to with this witness, wasn't it?

MR. MITTLE: Right. In fact, Page 6, the DC circuit agrees.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, I would like that because the Ameritech Michigan Order or pick any FCC Order (inaudible) says that you can also get into whether a mechanized loop test on their checklist Item 4 is appropriate. The DC circuit case addresses many issues.

The only thing that Mr. Teitzel has cited it for in footnote 11 is a Track A issue regarding the volumes of competition. I might note that the FCC in

that decision, actually the sentence that Mr. Mittle read, not only said that he confirms that the DC circuit says the FCC reads Track A to require a minimal competition but also confirms that Track A in that reading is not challenged here. So I think that he has cited a very specific piece of the DC circuit decision. It deals with Track A. There's only a limited amount of that decision that deals with Track A.

HEARING EXAMINER: Ms. Reilly?

MS. REILLY: Thank you. I almost waited on this yesterday. I was jumping up and down. It's Staff's position that public interest and Track A are not totally separate. In fact, this very witness testified at the multi-state that Track A is a building block for the public interest analysis. We have cited that in several of our written Pleadings along with the record cite and I can get it for you. They are related. That doesn't mean that for purposes of analyzing Track A we should do the entire public interest analysis. But I think it's inaccurate to say that the issues are totally separate, as Qwest is trying to argue.

Where a public interest issue might have bearing on Track A, I think we need to look at it in

this hearing. On the other hand, there are many other things that are looked at in the public interest analysis that we don't need to look at in this hearing.

Track A is a component of the public interest analysis and Mr. Teitzel has testified to that himself. The FCC has said that one of the things they looked at in the public interest analysis is the nature and extent of examination. That's what Track A is all about. So while I don't think we want to have the whole public interest hearing here, I think there are places where the inquiries overlap.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, I would respond that, first of all, these are clearly separate sections of the Act one being in 271(D) which is public interest, (D) through (D)(3)(C) and Track A analysis is in Section C of the Act, 271(C)(1)(A), which is one of the specific components.

Section (C) is distinguished from (D) because in Section (C) Congress actually said that they were looking for a consultative role by the states for checklist compliance in (C)(1)(B) and in (A), which is the Track A analysis, they want to have a consultative role with the states. That specifically is not the issue in Section (D) where the

public interest determination falls.

Additionally, when you look at whether public interest is related to Track A, I mean, there is no component in the public interest analysis for a volume of competition. I mean, the public interest analysis follows; one, whether the local markets are open to competition; two, whether there's an adequate assurance of future compliance and; 3, the unusual circumstances analysis which the FCC rejected everything thrown against the wall by any party that they have put up to be an unusual circumstance.

Track A specifically addresses issues of measuring whether there's a competing provider in the market, not the public interest test. These are separate. Mr. Teitzel didn't cite any public interest sections of the DC circuit decision.

dispute the claim made by Staff that Mr. -- I'm at a loss at this point if you are talking about the public interest in general or public interest test specifically as elaborated, according to you in the Section (D), you know, Staff has claimed that your witness, which you had him clarify this morning, that he's presenting Supplemental Direct here because he presented Direct Testimony at the collaborative

process.

Are you disputing Staff's claim that

Mr. Teitzel has already testified as to some type of

public interest component of (C) that in my mind what

I heard him differentiate it from the public interest

analysis test that's in (D)? Are you disputing that?

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, No. 1, I haven't memorized the three-day transcripts of the hearings that occurred in the multi-state, so I can't tell you today if there was one line of what a witness said back in June of 2001 was or was not there. I assume that if Staff has that, they will pull that out. I don't remember that statement being made but, again, I haven't memorized the transcript.

I think more importantly whether a non-attorney says something about the relationship between one statute and another is not going to be helpful to the Commission in deciding the issue before them which is the residential Track A market. I mean, that's for legal briefing. They can argue their position in the brief and we can do the same, or the findings of fact. I think this is a legal determination and is probably not a very productive avenue to pursue.

HEARING EXAMINER: All right, Mr. Munn.

Ms. Reilly, do you have a specific cite for me? 1 MS. REILLY: I do and I'm looking for it. 2 MR. MITTLE: I do. 3 BY MR. MITTLE: 4 Under the Direct Testimony of David Teitzel 5 0. filed March 30, 2001. Was that your testimony filed 6 7 in the Regional Oversight Committee? That's my recollection of the date. 8 Α. He says right here -- I was going to ask him 9 0. 1.0 what the purpose of his testimony was as he recited it in front of the committee. 11 Well --12 HEARING EXAMINER: 13 Your Honor, if I might, THE WITNESS: 14 maybe I can help while you are reading that. 15 HEARING EXAMINER: Well, you want to hang on because basically your attorney has lodged an 16 17 objection to the question. 18 THE WITNESS: Okav. 19 So you don't want to HEARING EXAMINER: 20 say anything until that particular matter has been 21 resolved. 2.2 MS. REILLY: Ms. Hurst, I know that I 23 quoted that building block cite in some of the reasons 24 of our --25 Mr. Munn, do you have HEARING EXAMINER:

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1
     your witness' Direct Testimony?
                  MR. MUNN: In the multi-state I don't
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 3
     know.
                                 I have it here, Your Honor.
 4
                  THE WITNESS:
                  HEARING EXAMINER:
                                      Mr. Munn, if you can
 5
     look at Page 6, Line 16, beginning there.
 6
 7
                  THE WITNESS: (Witness hands document to
     Mr. Munn.)
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                  MR. MUNN: Yes, I have read from Line 16
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            Do you want me to comment on that?
     down.
                  HEARING EXAMINER:
                                      Well, I'm just saying
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     it looks like Staff is going to need a few minutes to
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     try to find their specific reference.
                  MR. MUNN: I could discuss this, if you
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     would like.
16
                  HEARING EXAMINER:
                                      Let me ask you this,
17
     Mr. Munn, since I wasn't there nor part of it, was
18
     this particular testimony provided to address Track A?
19
                  MR. MUNN:
                              This testimony -- the answer
20
     to your question is no. The testimony was -- we had
21
     had testimony that; one, addressed Track A and; two,
22
     addressed the public interest. So what you are
23
     reading here is kind of a summary or an overview of
24
     the testimony.
25
                  There's one compartment which is Track A
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and that's what is addressed here in Lines 16 through 18 first. It says, first I will describe Track A and its requirements, bla-bla-bla. Then he goes to second, which is the second component of the testimony which was also addressed in the same group. I think it's Group 5 workshop in the multi-state which was public interest. Mr. Teitzel, in the multi-state, was the witness for public interest and for Track A.

Those are two separate determinations.

Because Mr. Teitzel is such a brilliant witness, we have him addressing two different areas just like

Karen Stuart addresses checklist Item 2, 5, sometimes parts of 4. We have witnesses that address -- one witness that will address different facets or components of the 271 checklist. But that doesn't mean that somehow they are now magically interrelated.

There is a Track A section of his testimony, as you see. It starts on Page 7 of the testimony that you have before you. Then you go all the way through Track A. Then there will be a public interest section to that testimony that starts on Page 41.

So, I mean, they are different inquiries.

Again, I don't see -- what I've seen so far is any

statement from Mr. Teitzel that somehow these are

magically the same. I would say, again, even if there 1 is a statement out of three days of hearing that might 2 3 have been spoken in error I don't understand what relevance that would have here. 4 I mean, these are different portions of 5 6 the Act. There is a definitive scope for this 7 hearing, the Track A residential component. So I 8 think it's outside the scope of the hearing. 9 HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Mittle? 10 MR. MITTLE: Starting at Page 54 of Mr. Teitzel's testimony, his Direct. 11 12 HEARING EXAMINER: Well, address for me 13 what Mr. Munn is saying. 14 MR. MITTLE: The first question asked: 15 Section (D), other public interest 16 considerations. 17 Answer: We know that Qwest has opened 18 its local exchange markets to competitors. 19 That's what we are talking about is 20 competition in the residential. He, Mr. Teitzel, 21 calls that a public interest consideration. They are 22 directly interrelated. I'm just asking whether it 23 complies with Track A. 24 The question just went that he is not

testifying to the public interest here today and that

the public interest may require different standards.

Actually, if we are going to back up, that is what the question was.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, the place where Mr. Mittle just read from Page 54 where it says open its local exchange market to competitors, that is the first element of compliance with public interest that the FCC has laid out; is the local market open to competition.

what the FCC has said there is if you comply with the 14-point checklist, the market being open for competition is completely different from what's the level of competition in the market. That's what Track A is designed to address. But I think that Mr. -- well, I think that when you look at the public interest analysis and you can see from this testimony that you go back to page --

HEARING EXAMINER: No. I didn't see anything because I don't have the testimony any more. The point is you're saying it doesn't have anything to do with this hearing and all Mr. Mittle seems to be asking your witness is, is he testifying to that in this hearing.

So do you object to that question?

MR. MUNN: I'm sorry, then. I need to be

clear on the question because I would like to stop
this discussion and move on. So what is the question?

HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Mittle has just indicated to me that the question that he really wants to ask here on this is whether or not Mr. Teitzel is testifying as to a public interest analysis.

MR. MITTLE: Yes, ma'am. And that the public interest analysis may be different from your testimony for purposes of Track A.

MR. MUNN: With that clarification, we can let the witness answer that question. It's just like the last time I had an objection. I think the question sort of changed afterward but if that's the question, I'm fine.

HEARING EXAMINER: And you are going to tell me what, Ms. Reilly?

MS. REILLY: To make the record clear, I wanted to say that the cite Mr. Teitzel stated that the Track A analysis is, quote, a building block for the public interest analysis, is the transcript of June 6th at Page 48, and I can find that.

More importantly, however, in this Track A case Qwest filed a Motion to Compel Track A responses by CLECs, and the Commission in docketing this Track A proceeding asked CLECs to respond.

In Paragraph 11 of the Track A Procedural Order our Commission has drawn a connection between the public interest analysis and the Track A proceeding. Paragraph 11 states:

Our decision is also guided by the public interest analysis we are charged with undertaking, an inquiry that focuses in part on assessing whether barriers to competitive entry in the local exchange markets have been removed and local exchange markets today are open to competition. Indeed, in reference to a separate but integrally related means of attempting to ascertain the information sought by the proceeding established in this Order Qwest concedes as much.

The Commission there quotes from Qwest:
The information the Commission instructed
CLECs to provide -- I'm inserting in the
Track A survey -- to provide, is vital to
the public interest and to the
Commission's ability to carry out its
responsibilities in this case.

And that cite is from Qwest's Motion to Compel Track A survey responses.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, as one of the authors, I assume, of this Motion -- I usually write most of these -- public interest here is, of course, mentioned in the general sense that it seems like for Track A purposes it's important for the citizens of this state to have the CLECs respond to the Track A survey. I mean, that's, I think, a self-evident point and that's certainly the point that was being made in the brief.

I definitely disagree that somehow Track A and public interest are melded into one analysis. I think the FCC has articulated a four-part test for Track A and a three-prong test for the public interest. Those are separate tests and I continue to maintain that.

Sometimes if I loosely use the word public interest, it means it's good for the citizens of the state as opposed to the analysis mentioned in the DC Circuit or the 271 context public interest test.

So if that was confusing, I apologize.

HEARING EXAMINER: Well, I appreciate that, Mr. Munn. I don't think that the Commission ever takes the word public interest loosely in its task. But I understand, as I have previously mentioned, that public interest generally in what I

understand, again not being privy to that part of the 271 process, but what I understand to be some other kind of component, the parties are in a lot better position, having dealt in the collaborative process and in currently dealing with other types of 271 that I'm not privy to, to know the complexities of the differentiations.

But I'm left here with what I believe is the situation where I think it's been figured out. I think that, at least the questions as posed by Mr. Mittle have alleviated the reasons for your objection.

We have arrived at a -- at two, actually, non-objectionable questions and I'm still left now with trying to understand whether or not Staff's position is one that I need to address on this topic.

I mean --

MS. REILLY: Kind of a wide open question there.

HEARING EXAMINER: We had a question, an objection, we had some dialogue there as to public interest generally, public interest specifically, public interest whatever. Now I'm wondering whether or not Staff is asking for some ruling at this point.

MS. REILLY: We are not. We were weighing

in on the dialogue that was going on and responding to what I kept hearing continually suggested by Qwest that Track A and the public interest are completely separate.

It's our strong belief, and our witness tends from time to time to talk about public interest implications of Track A issues.

so while we want it clear -- and we are not asking for a clear, we want to make it clear that our position is that they are not totally separate.

Mr. Teitzel has indicated on June 6th at Page 48 of that transcript, which I can find you, that Track A is a building block to the public interest analysis.

That's exactly our position. And in the public interest component of this case, we have filed Pleadings indicating exactly that, that they are interrelated. We are not proposing that the public interest, the whole public interest debate is wide open here in this Track A proceeding. But from time to time there are overlaps. It's our position that they are not, as Qwest has suggested, totally separate.

HEARING EXAMINER: All right. So Staff doesn't want a ruling and it sounds like that Staff

and Qwest are, at least according to you, in agreement as to a common position to Page 48 of some transcript. So that's good.

Now that we've got that figured out and I'm assuming the objection and the question are now

moot. And Mr. Mittle, if you will ask your question

7 now.

BY MR. MITTLE:

- Q. Okay. Mr. Teitzel, you are not testifying here today that the standards applicable for Track A are necessarily those standards that are applicable for the public interest?
  - A. No, I'm not.
- Q. Can I ask a procedural question of the Hearing Examiner?

HEARING EXAMINER: Sir?

MR. MITTLE: So the collaborative process, do I need to ask you to take administrative notice or is it already in the record? Is there some process we should do?

MS. REILLY: The multi-state record, is that what you are talking about.

MR. MITTLE: Right.

MS. REILLY: It is in the record here at

25 the Commission with the exception of public

transcripts are available on Liberty's website.

Confidential transcripts, it's my understanding by an

agreement of Qwest that they are filed here and that the facilitator's reports are filed here.

But as far as the record from the hearing, the public transcripts are all on the website and available and the confidential transcripts should be filed and the reports are all filed of record here in our Records Department.

MR. MITTLE: So to the extent that the public transcripts are not filed, can I ask you, please, to take administrative notice so we can refer to them as needed in the findings of facts and conclusion of law.

HEARING EXAMINER: Any objection,
Mr. Munn, that I take administrative notice of the
collaborative process including what has been
described by Ms. Reilly as a filing on the public
interest on, I guess, the consulting group's website?

MR. MUNN: No objection. My understanding is, and we cite it through the multi-state transcript and exhibits throughout all of our briefing here, my understanding is that when that job was given to John Antonuk to facilitate that proceeding it was part of all of the states, so I have

been doing and plan to do the same thing you are 1 2 asking to do, Mr. Mittle. 3 MR. MITTLE: Okay. HEARING EXAMINER: Okay, Mr. Mittle, I 4 5 will take administrative notice of the collaborative 6 process in these transcripts. 7 MR. MITTLE: Thank you. BY MR. MITTLE: 8 9 Mr. Teitzel, we will fast-forward to Page 9. Q. 10 Sorry, Page 9 of my Direct or Rebuttal? Α. Of your Rebuttal. 11 0. 12 Rebuttal? (Witness refers to document.) Ι Α. 13 have that page. 14 When you discuss briefly PCS providers, at Q. 15 Lines 6 to 7 you say that the FCC has held that a PCS 16 provider can qualify as a competing provider under 17 Track A. 18 Do you see that? 19 (Witness refers to document.) I do. Α. 20 But at no time has the FCC held that a PCS 0. 21 provider is a competing provider under Track A. 22 Is that correct? 23 Α. I believe the language does say can qualify 24 in that Order and that's the second BellSouth

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Louisiana Order.

Q. In that Order they use the phrase competitive equivalent.

Is that correct, if you know?

- A. I'm sorry. Did they use the phrase competitive equivalent?
  - Q. Yes, if you know.

- A. I don't recall that phrase.
- Q. At Page 13 of your Rebuttal Testimony.
- A. (Witness refers to document.) I have that page.
- Q. You say at Line 13 the FCC reaffirmed this holding in SBC Kansas-Oklahoma referring to a holding in the Louisiana case.
  - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. Isn't it a fact that the Louisiana case was never -- the SBC Louisiana was not entitled to Section 271 approval?
- A. I need to qualify my answer. My understanding is that that petition was not approved by the FCC. But my understanding is it was not approved because there were some problems with the checklist compliance. The issue wasn't around Track A specifically.

So I think it's a guideline, it's a framework for what needs to be complied with for a

1 successful petition. On that same page you then talk about the 2 Ο. Kansas Order. You say: 3 4 5

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There the FCC stated that it was prepared

to find that SBC had satisfied the residential portion of Track A for Kansas solely on the basis of resale-based competition.

Do you see that?

- Α. I do.
- You therefore cite to the Order at Paragraph 0. 43, note 101?
  - Α. That's right.
- Do you happen to have a copy of the Order Q. with you?
  - A. (Witness refers to document.) I don't have the entire Order.
    - Q. Do you have that particular footnote?
    - Α. Yes.
    - And in that footnote did not the FCC state: Q. Had we been unable to rely on SWBT's December 20 ex parte letter or its other letters of estimations put forward in its comments and replies, we would have been faced with the situation of having to

decide whether residential resale was 1 2 sufficient. I'm sorry. Are you asking for a yes or no? 3 Α. I'm asking for a yes. 4 Ο. Yes. Yes, yes, I will say yes. 5 Α. Well, let's go back. What they said: 6 Ο. 7 Consequently, all the Sprint and other 8 commentators could have conceivably argued 9 would have been to reiterate its opinion 10 that only a de minimis number of 11 residential customers are served by UNE P 12 (sic) in Kansas. 13 And they rejected that argument; right? 14 Α. I'm sorry. I don't have that full text. I simply have an excerpt from the footnote. 15 16 could show me the language I'll be happy to review it. 17 No. I'll leave it for briefing. If you Q. 18 could, turn now to Page 15 of your Rebuttal Testimony. 19 Α. (Witness complies.) I have that. 20 Q. You used the word square. 21 Α. Yes, I do use that phrase. 22 What do you mean by square? 0. 23 Α. In this context square means direct or

head-on as opposed to an obtuse holding or a hit, if

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you will.

So are you saying that the FCC makes it 1 0. square that Section 271 approval Track A can be met 2 solely through resale in the residential market? 3 4 A. They have said that, yes. 5 0. And in which case did they say that? 6 Α. (No response.) Where the RBOC was given approval to enter 7 Q. 8 the long distance market? 9 My basis for that statement was the second Α. 10 Louisiana Order. And in the second Louisiana Order permission 11 0. 1.2 was not granted? 13 Α. For reasons other than Track A; that's 14 correct. 15 HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Mittle, how are we 16 looking? 17 MR. MITTLE: Probably 15 minutes. 18 HEARING EXAMINER: All right. We are 19 going to recess for lunch and we will come back and 20 you will have your opportunity, Mr. Mittle, to finish 21 up. We shall be in recess until --22 MR. MITTLE: Can I ask a question off the 23 record? 24 (Whereupon, a brief discussion was

held off the record.)

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1	HEARING EXAMINER: All right. We are
2	recessed until 1:15.
3	MR. MITTLE: Thank you.
4	(Whereupon, the hearing was adjourned
5	for the lunch recess.)
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## 1 AFTERNOON SESSION 2 3 DAVID TEITZEL 4 Whereupon, the witness having been 5 6 previously sworn upon his oath, resumed the stand and continued to testify as 7 8 follows: 9 HEARING EXAMINER: All right. We are 10 back from lunch. Mr. Mittle? 11 12 MR. MITTLE: Thank you. 13 BY MR. MITTLE: 14 Q. Mr. Teitzel, I'd like to direct your 15 attention to your Rebuttal Testimony at Page 19 and 16 more specifically to footnote 52. 17 (Witness refers to document.) I have that A. 18 cite. 19 Q. In footnote 52 you say that the Commission 20 has accepted the facilitator's finding on the 21 existence of business competition in New Mexico. 22 Has the Commission issued an Order yet? 23 They have issued an Order with respect to Α. 24 this Track A procedural schedule that we are here to

The Order was limited to investigation

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discuss today.

around the presence of resale -- excuse me, 1 residential competition. 2 But have they issued a specific Order on 3 Q. business competition in New Mexico? 4 There has been no Final Order on that. 5 Α. Thank you. One final question: 6 Is Qwest Q. 7 entitled to enter the long distance -- let me rephrase 8 that if you don't mind. Is it Qwest's position that it has an 9 absolute right to enter the long distance market? 10 11 Let me respond as directly as I can. absolute right? I would not characterize it that 12 13 way. I would say Qwest has the privilege of entering that market if it satisfies all the requirements 14 15 outlined by the Telecom Act of 1996 and then the 16 subsequent quidelines issued by the FCC. In this case 17 I believe Qwest has met those requirements. I think 18 we have earned that privilege. 19 0. Thank you. 20 MR. MITTLE: No further questions. 21 HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you, Mr. Mittle. 22 Ms. Reilly, do you have questions of the 23 witness? 24

## CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MS. REILLY:

- Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Teitzel.
- A. Good afternoon, Ms. Reilly.
- Q. I've got so much paper I don't know what to do. Would you turn to your Rebuttal Testimony at Page 6, please?
  - A. (Witness complies.) I have that page.
- Q. Beginning at Line 14 is the sentence that begins with the clause -- it starts with Track A merely requires that there be one or more operational CLECs in New Mexico providing service for a fee to customers.

Do you see that?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. When you say Track A merely requires that, by merely do you mean only or solely?
- A. I mean there are certain minimum requirements that a BOC must satisfy in demonstrating that it has met the Track A test.
- Q. And you are not meaning to suggest that Track
  A requires only a showing of one or more operational
  CLECs in New Mexico providing service for a few
  customers, are you?

A. I think that is one of the requirements. It is not the only requirement.

- Q. Okay. Don't you also have to show that a competing provider is serving a sufficient number of customers to establish an actual commercial alternative?
- A. I believe that if the CLEC is in the market and offering service for a fee, has attained a group of customers that were formerly Qwest customers that CLEC is operational, it is competing with Qwest in a particular market.
- Q. So is that a no, you don't believe that you need to show that a competing provider is serving a sufficient number of customers to establish an actual commercial alternative to satisfy Track A?
- A. I think we talked earlier this morning that there is no specific numerical threshold. It is a concept of de minimis and that concept is considered as part of a whole range of requirements.

So I think to the extent there are CLECs or at least one CLEC providing service, that requirement is met.

Q. Okay. I'm going to ask you to focus on this phrase. I'm quoting this phrase from FCC orders. The phrase is 'a sufficient number of customers to

establish an actual commercial alternative'. 1 Do you believe that you are required to 2 3 show that? HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Munn? 4 MR. MUNN: I would like to know what 5 Order this is so I can follow along. 6 7 MS. REILLY: I'll get into that. But I am quoting from several -- in fact, I think most of the 8 9 FCC Orders issues in 2001 contain that phrase. And we 10 can get into it. I'm just asking more generally if 11 you are required to show a sufficient number of 12 customers to establish an actual commercial 13 alternative in addition to what you said here at Page 6, Line 14. 14 15 HEARING EXAMINER: Well, I think, 16 Ms. Reilly, that Mr. Munn is entitled to be able to 17 follow along here. If you can, give a specific 18 reference. 19 MS. REILLY: All right. I'll move on and 20 come to it in context. 21 HEARING EXAMINER: All right. Thanks. 22 BY MS. REILLY: 23 For the moment, though, I'll take it that the Q. 24 answer is either, no, you are not or you are not aware 25 that you are required to show that.

1 Is that correct?

- A. Ms. Reilly, I'm trying to be responsive. I testified this morning that there is no specific numerical threshold. There must be a demonstration and evidence that a CLEC or CLECs are providing a commercially viable service in the marketplace.
- Q. And that's the next clause of that very same sentence, at Page 6 of your Rebuttal Testimony; isn't that correct, that Track A does not require that a CLEC have achieved any particular number of customers or market share.

Is that right?

- A. That's true.
- Q. Is that right?
- A. That is correct.
- Q. Will you go to your Rebuttal at Page 8, please?
- A. (Witness refers to document.) I have that page.
- Q. Starting at Line 13 you quote the FCC from its Verizon Massachusetts Order to the effect that low customer volumes in and of themselves do not undermine a showing that a market is open as long as everything else is complied with.

Do you see that?

1 A. That's a fair paraphrase.

- O. Yes, to the effect that, yes?
- A. Yes.

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Q. In the Verizon Massachusetts case, the FCC said the words that you have quoted here at Paragraph 235.

Is that correct?

- A. That is correct.
- Q. And Paragraph 235, that's from the FCC's public interest analysis in that Massachusetts case, not a specific Track A analysis.

Isn't that right?

- A. I believe that's correct. I would accept that subject to check.
  - Q. Do you have that case with you?
- A. I don't have it on the stand. My attorney
  may or if you have a copy, I'll be happy to review it.
  - Q. I have one copy of it. I'll lend it to you if I can have it back.
    - A. I promise.
    - Q. (Counsel hands document to witness.)
- A. (Witness refers to document.) That is in Section 8, a public interest analysis.
- Q. Thank you. I'm going to come get that back
  from you if you don't mind. Actually, why don't you

keep it for a minute.

Specifically with respect to Track A at Paragraphs 224 through 225 of that same decision -- I'll let you get there.

- A. (Witness refers to document.) I got that cite.
- Q. The FCC stated -- and I'm paraphrasing since you've got my case -- the FCC stated that three facilities-based carriers were providing competitive service in Massachusetts and that -- I think I'm quoting from my notes -- a sufficient number of residential customers are being served by competing LECs using their own facilities to demonstrate an actual commercial alternative.

Isn't that what the FCC said in its Track
A analysis in the Massachusetts case?

- A. In this particular docket, that was their finding.
- Q. Mr. Teitzel, what else do you know about the status of competition in Massachusetts at the time the FCC made these observations?

For example, isn't it true that there were over 79,000 facilities-based competitive residential lines serving about 2.6 percent of the state's residential lines at the time this Application was

ruled on by the FCC?

- A. I don't recall those particular numbers.
- Q. Did you check on that before you cited this case in your testimony?
- A. I did read the FCC's findings on that particular docket. I just don't recall the numbers off the top of my head.
- Q. Well, is that matter a concern to you to see if the levels of competition in Massachusetts were similar to the levels of competition in New Mexico?
- A. I would have to say not. There have been multiple states that have received 271 approval with widely varying levels of competition. Frin reasonably rural states -- I should say more rural states than Massachusetts, like Arkansas, for example, Oklahoma.
- Q. Well, Massachusetts clearly had plenty of facilities-based residential competition, didn't it?
- A. It's a more densely populated metropolitan state. I would agree with that.
  - O. A lot more than here?
- A. It's an entirely different demographic than New Mexico.
- Q. Mr. Teitzel, on a question by Mr. Witt you talked about the carrier that froze its service and was no longer accepting new service. Yet, the FCC

accepted that competitor for Track A purposes. 1 Do you recall that? 2 I do. 3 Α. And that was the Arkansas case; right? Q. 4 Yes, it was. 5 Α. That was a facilities-based competitor, 6 0. 7 wasn't it? That's my understanding. 8 Α. That was Alltel. It's, in fact, identified 9 Q. at Paragraph 118 of the FCC's Arkansas Order as a 10 11 facilities-based competitor, isn't it? I don't have that Order on the stand with me. 12 Α. I would accept that subject to your representation. 13 14 I'm going to give you that one, too, because Q. 15 I have a few more questions like that. (Counsel hands 16 witness to document.) 17 You are referring to Paragraph 118? Α. 18 Q. Yes, I did. 19 I've got that cite. Α. 20 Q. And that paragraph does identify Alltel as a 21 facilities-based competitor, doesn't it? 22 Α. It does. 23 And isn't it true that Alltel, a Q. 24 facilities-based provider, had more than 10,000

residential customers when the FCC accepted it as a

■ Track A competitor?

A. That's not my recollection. My recollection was the number was less than 5,000.

- Q. And is that recollection based on a Department of Justice evaluation?
  - A. I believe --
- Q. Or maybe I should say what is your recollection based on?
- A. I can find the cite. I believe it was in the Order.
  - Q. Okay. If you would like to look for that.
- A. I will. (Witness refers to document.) Give me just a moment. While I'm looking, let me mention I do see a cite here that Alltel provided service to several thousand lines according to the Arkansas Commission. And they footnoted that cite in the Arkansas Commission comments consultation report at 5. That report, I believe, was where the numbers actually are articulated.
- Q. Okay. Did you look at the Department of Justice evaluation on the levels of competition in Arkansas?
  - A. I do not recall reviewing that document.
- Q. Would you accept subject to check that they identified a number of customers served by Alltel of

10,000? 1 Do you have the document in the room today? 2 Α. If you do, I would like to review it before I answer. 3 I have it at my desk if you give me a minute. Q. For efficiency, I will accept that subject to 5 Α. 6 check at the break. 7 HEARING EXAMINER: Now, what is the 8 document? 9 MS. REILLY: The Department of Justice 10 evaluation. 11 HEARING EXAMINER: Of what? MS. REILLY: As part of the 271 process in 12 13 addition to consulting with state Commissions, the FCC 14 is required by the federal Act to consult with the 15 Department of Justice. The Department of Justice does an analysis 16 17 of the status of competition in states for which a 271 18 Application is made. Those are all on the Department 19 of Justice's website. And I do have the Arkansas 20 evaluation with me. 21 HEARING EXAMINER: Was this evaluation 22 referred to in the Order? 23 MS. REILLY: Not that I can recall. 24 HEARING EXAMINER: You are telling me 25

that the DOJ had to do an evaluation in order for the

FCC to do this Order? 1 MS. REILLY: Yes, under the federal 2 3 statute. It is referred. MR. MITTLE: 4 MS. REILLY: Mr. Mittle informs me that it 5 6 is referred to. 7 MR. MITTLE: Paragraph 9. MS. REILLY: And it is referred to in 8 9 Paragraph 9. 10 HEARING EXAMINER: But I don't see any 11 numbers. MS. REILLY: I almost feel like I'm 12 13 testifying, but I have noticed that the FCC rarely 14 repeats the numbers that are present in the DOJ's 15 evaluations. But the DOJ frequently puts numbers in 16 its evaluation similar to the FCC. 17 The FCC, in my review of FCC Orders, 18 frequently translates that to a sufficient number of 19 customers served in its Orders. If you are interested 20 in knowing what the number actually is, I can go to 21 the DOJ evaluations. 22 HEARING EXAMINER: Thanks. BY MS. REILLY: 23 24 Mr. Teitzel, are you aware whether in Q. addition to the customers served by facilities-based 25

CLECs in Arkansas, whether or not there was a significant number of residential customers served by resellers in Arkansas?

- A. My recollection of SBC's evidence was that they pointed to Alltel as proof that there was at least one CLEC operating in that particular state.
  - Q. Right.

- A. I don't recall their evidence about resale.

  I think they relied upon the Alltel evidence.
- Q. So you are not sure whether or not there was evidence of residential customers served through resale in addition to the Alltel evidence?
- A. I don't recall seeing it if they did introduce it.
- Q. And as part of its 271 Application, the BOC in the Arkansas case lowered its UNE rates to encourage competition, didn't it? If you want to look at Paragraph 120.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, I'll object. The UNE rates and any relation on UNE rates is outside of the scope of this hearing.

MS. REILLY: Madam Hearing Examiner, this witness has referred to this case suggesting that we should look to it for guidance on what should or should not be accepted in terms of competition. And

the status of competition in that state and the facts 1 that the FCC relied on in accepting the state of 2 competition in that state and how they are different 3 from the situation in our state are highly relevant 4 5 and probative. HEARING EXAMINER: Ms. Reilly, can you 6 7 refer me to the part of the Order? 8 MS. REILLY: Paragraph 120. The final 9 paragraph states: Also the Arkansas Commission opined that 10 11 the lower UNE rates Southwest Bell 12 Telephone recently implemented in Arkansas 13 might encourage competitive LECs to become 14 more active in the residential market. 15 Do you see that, Mr. Teitzel. 16 Your Honor, the judge had a MR. MUNN: 17 question. In the context there if you look at the 18 preceding sentence it expressly says that they are not 19 relying on any of this for purposes of Track A. 20 says: 21 Although those competitive LECs provide 22 service to a very limited number of 23 customers at this point we do not rely on 24 their presence for purposes of Track A...

So again, I would

And it continues on.

object. This is beyond the scope of the proceeding.

But I hesitate to continue objecting because my point is to move this along. It's obvious that I'm not expediting this process.

MS. REILLY: Madam Hearing Examiner, this is a quote from the FCC in a case cited by this witness in the FCC's Track A analysis analyzing the extent of competition in Arkansas. It's not irrelevant to Track A if the FCC put it in its Track A analysis.

HEARING EXAMINER: And your specific question was, the sentence is there and you want to know what from the witness?

MS. REILLY: I was asking the witness to confirm that in analyzing competition in Arkansas, the FCC noted that the BOC in Arkansas had reduced its UNE rates to try to stimulate competition in that state or encourage competition in that state.

Isn't that true?

HEARING EXAMINER: All right. I'm going to overrule your objection, Mr. Munn. Answer the question, sir.

THE WITNESS: I'll answer the question to the extent that I can. I have to admit I don't understand the full context of the statement here.

For example, I don't know when the cost docket may have been opened in that particular state. I don't know what the UNE rate was before the cost docket and after. I don't know those things, so it does say here that -- let me read the quote:

The Arkansas Commission opined that the lower UNE prices, SWBT, recently implemented in Arkansas might encourage competitive LECs to become more active in the residential market.

So I guess it says what it says. I don't know the full context. I'd be offering an opinion that's not based on a full understanding.

BY MS. REILLY:

Q. That's fine. That actually brings me straight to my next question. It's the beginning part of that same paragraph.

In its Track A analysis in the Arkansas case remaining at Paragraph 120, the FCC did note that in addition to Alltel, a facilities-based provider -- there were several other providers serving customers in Arkansas. I believe you just pointed that out.

Is that right?

A. I'm sorry. Which paragraph are you looking at again?

Q. The earlier part of Paragraph 120.

- A. (Witness refers to document.)
- Q. I'll read it.

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We note that SWBT has also signed interconnection agreements with other competitive LECs that according to SWBT currently provide residential service in Arkansas. Although those competitive LECs provide service to a very limited number of customers at this time and we do not rely on their presence for purposes of Track A, their presence gives us further comfort that residential customers currently have alternatives to SWBT service.

Do you see that?

- A. I do see that.
- Q. So the FCC is stating that these other providers provided service to a very limited number of customers.

Is that right?

- A. That is their language; that's correct.
- Q. So the FCC indicated that it wasn't going to rely on those carriers for Track A, but instead relied on the facilities-based carrier that had several

thousand residential customers.

Isn't that what the FCC did in the Arkansas case?

- A. The FCC relied on the Alltel evidence in Arkansas. That is correct.
- Q. On a question by Mr. Mittle, you estimated the number of customers served by Cricket as a replacement for wire-line.

Do you recall that?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Can you, excluding any estimates, tell me how many customers Cricket has in Albuquerque and Santa Fe?
- A. The actual number would be a proprietary number to Cricket and, to my knowledge, Cricket has not responded to the Commission's survey. So I don't believe any of us on the Qwest team have that information. We do have estimates ranging from 36,000 to 56,000 customers.
- Q. And you did hear me say excluding estimates, didn't you?
- A. I did. That's the only number I can contribute.
- Q. On certain questions by Mr. Mittle there was an exchange about Comm South and whether or not Comm

South provides local exchange service to business customers in New Mexico.

Do you recall that?

A. I do.

- Q. Have you reviewed Comm South's responses to the Commission's Track A survey?
  - A. Yes, I have.
- Q. And you are aware, then, that Comm South itself has told this Commission that it does not serve business customers in New Mexico?
- A. Comm South has said what it said in the data request.
  - O. And what it said was?
- A. That it did not serve business customers. As I stated earlier we are, in fact, reselling some business services to Comm South.
- Q. Now, as I recall at the multi-state, both you and your Counsel told the facilitator that the best way to determine what competitors were providing what services in New Mexico would be for the Commission to do its own survey.

Do you recall that?

- A. I do.
- Q. And our Commission did that; right?
- A. Yes, they did.

And Comm South responded saying it does not 1 provide business service in New Mexico; right? 2 3 They did respond as such. Α. Can you turn to your Rebuttal at Page 13, Q. 4 5 please? 6 Α. (Witness complies.) I have that page. 7 We are talking here about the SBC Q. 8 Kansas-Oklahoma Order. You say here: 9 According to the FCC, had it been unable 10 to rely on SBC's evidence of 11 facilities-based competition, it likely 12 would have denied SBC's Application --13 excuse me -- would not have denied SBC's 14 Application on Track A grounds and would 15 have relied on the existence of resale. 16 Is that right? 17 That is a quote. That is correct. Α. 18 I think it's actually slightly paraphrased, Q. 19 but that's the substance of it? 20 Yes, it is. Α. 21 You cite to what is now the infamous footnote 0. 22 101 to Paragraph 43 of the Kansas-Oklahoma Order; 23 right?

I'm going to get there and maybe you could

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Α.

Q.

Yes, I do.

too, if you have that.

- A. (Witness refers to document.)
- Q. Are you there?
- A. I've got the text of the note in front of me.

  I don't have the entire Order.
  - O. Okay. I think that will do.
  - A. Okay.
- Q. Now, just prior to your quote that we just went through, the FCC said, quoting:

If all other requirements of Section 271 are met, it does not appear to be consistent with Congressional intent to exclude a BOC from the in-region interLATA market solely because competitors' service to residential customers is solely through resale.

Do you see that?

- A. Yes, I do, and that's accurate.
- Q. So wouldn't all the other requirements of Section 271 include checklist compliance?
  - A. Yes, they certainly would.
- Q. So to rely solely on resale for purposes of the residential component of Track A, the FCC would want to be assured of checklist compliance?
  - A. I'd respond by saying that the 271

Application of Qwest or any other BOC would have various requirements. In my opinion, for an Application to be approved all those various requirements must be met. So checklist requirements must be met. Track A requirements must be met as must public interest requirements.

- Q. Well, you would think that they would have to be met in any event. But from this quote it also appears that in order to rely solely on resale for Track A, the FCC would also want to see checklist compliance?
  - A. I don't disagree with that.

- Q. Okay. Will you turn now to Page 16 of your Rebuttal?
  - A. (Witness complies.) I have that page.
- Q. In the first paragraph on Page 16 you are commenting on Mr. Ripperger's testimony. At Line 8 you state that checklist compliance is irrelevant for Track A purposes, don't you?
- A. I think I'm saying that my understanding of the purpose of this docket as defined by the Commission's Procedural Order was to test the extent and the presence of residential competition in New Mexico.
  - Q. You used the word irrelevant, didn't you?

A. It's a context question, I think.

- Q. Well, my question was a word question. Do you use the word irrelevant?
- A. If I could finish my answer. The Commission, I believe, is going to consider all of these elements as they look at Qwest's 271 Application. In context this hearing, as I understand it, is to test the extent and the presence of residential competition in New Mexico. So from that perspective for this hearing today, I believe that is irrelevant.
- Q. Doesn't it appear to you from the quote we just went through that it would be relevant if a BOC wanted to get the FCC to allow it to satisfy the residential component of Track A solely through resale, that the FCC would consider checklist compliance to be relevant?
- A. The FCC certainly will consider all of those elements. Again, the hearing today, from my perspective, is narrowly focused on the item I just mentioned, is residential competition present in New Mexico.
- Q. But you have relied on the Kansas-Oklahoma Order and specifically you have relied on footnote 101?
  - A. We have cited those; that's correct.

Q. Right. Getting back to the Kansas-Oklahoma Order at Paragraph 42 of that decision.

A. I have that cite.

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Q. The FCC concluded that, quoting:

A sufficient number of residential customers are being served by competing LECs through the use of their own facilities to demonstrate that there is an actual commercial alternative to SWBT in Kansas.

Isn't that what the FCC said there?

- A. That was their finding with respect to Kansas; that's correct. I would say those findings and the evidence presented tends to vary state to state.
- Q. But so far we have gone through

  Massachusetts, Arkansas, and Kansas-Oklahoma and that

  same language appears in all three, doesn't it?
- A. And different language appears in Louisiana, I would agree with that.
  - Q. And Louisiana didn't get accepted, did it?
- A. As I testified earlier this morning it was not because of the Track A issue.
- Q. Can you identify any FCC approval of a 271 Application where two things are present. First, no

facilities-based provider is serving residential customers and, second, the number of residential customers served by CLECs is below 1 percent?

A. As I sit here today, I'm not aware of one.

MS. REILLY: I have no other questions.

HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you, Ms. Reilly.

EXAMINATION

## BY THE HEARING EXAMINER:

- Q. Mr. Teitzel, thanks again for appearing here to testify.
  - A. You bet.
- Q. One of the confusions in my mind involves something that I'd like your assistance in trying to clear up for our record here today, sir, is upon being questioned, probably by everybody, but my notes at one of Mr. Witt's questions, it has to do with the very important word that everybody is going to have to deal with, and that being de minimis.

I believe you have been asked several questions about its numerical qualities, and I think the answer, sir, that I heard you say this morning -- I want to focus on the other part of your answer where my notes say that there are other factors that are --

that the FCC considers in dealing with de minimis.

Sir, what I would like you to do is to tell me what those other factors are and, if you can, reference me to where the other factors come from.

A. Sure. Very briefly, I think the other factors would include such things as whether the CLEC is actually physically in the market and providing service to customers. Is the CLEC providing service for a fee to those customers? Is the CLEC providing service to a similar body of customers as the BOC, whether it be residential or a business body of customers?

Those things, I think, are found in the Ameritech Michigan Order in Paragraphs 75 through 78, as I recall. In that same Order the word de minimis is used.

I think all those factors are considered as a group in whether the FCC has defined whether or not there's a de minimis number of -- more than a de minimis number of CLECs in the market to satisfy all those requirements. So I think all those factors are considered by the FCC as an aggregated whole.

Q. So then if we are to arrive at this de minimis analysis, you are actually looking at the CLEC and its properties, physically in the market,

providing service for a fee, services to a similar body of customers?

A. Right.

- Q. In addition to some figure that has a quantitative connotation, I believe was your answer earlier this morning?
- A. To my knowledge, there has been no specific minimum threshold placed, no numerical threshold. The FCC, I think, looks at the volumes in consideration with all the other factors we talked about. They take a look at issues such as is the customer base being served as a part of the test, is a part of the trial of some sort, the CLEC may be launching. If the answer to that is no, and it's actually a tariff service being offered commercially to customers, I think those things all are considered in the FCC's analysis.
- Q. Well, I know you have testified that you don't think there's a magic number.
  - A. Right.
- Q. That if all of a sudden it's more than de minimis. Is that what you have said?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. Is there some magic number that is de minimis? That is not more than de minimis, so I'm

going to look at it the other way. Is there some bad number that sets -- if you are saying there isn't a bar, I'm interpreting that as a ceiling. If you are telling me there is no ceiling or there is no middle, is there a floor?

- A. I don't think so and I'd respond by saying the FCC specifically has said that there is no market share requirement, there is no geographic scope requirement. If there's no market share requirement, that implies to me that there is no numerical value that can be put into that market share test. So I don't think there is a, quote-unquote, bad or --
- Q. Is that also what you are referencing that there's no market share requirement, is that also back to the Ameritech?
- A. I believe so. If you want I can verify that.

  My memory is not as good as it was two years ago.
  - Q. Mr. Teitzel, I don't blame you with all this.
- A. (Witness refers to document.) Let's do it this way. I believe the answer is yes, but I'll check that at the next break if I could.
- Q. No market share requirement you think is also from Ameritech?
  - A. Okay.
  - Q. See, that brings up another point that I'd

like for you to clarify. Somebody touched on it earlier, but I just want to make crystal clear, hopefully, that I understand.

What I heard both Mr. Badal and you testify to and what I've read in your testimony appears to me to be that Qwest is asserting that it has met the residential de minimis requirement, or has met its burden, I'll put it that way, on the basis of two types of service, resold lines and then also the PCS service which I believe was testified to this morning was included in the CLEC service?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. Now, what I'm wondering is are there any other types of service that Qwest is alleging are out there that they want the Commission to look at?
- A. At this point in the record and our filing we have supplied evidence about resale residential-based competition in the state and the PCS-based competition.
  - Q. Yes.

A. We have examined this market thoroughly, extensively. I personally have spent many hours investigating this market.

Those two forms of competition are the ones that are most defendable at this point. There

may be others. There could be merging competitive modes that may be coming into the market here. At this point I don't have evidence to present that to you. So we would stand on the PCS-based Cricket market argument as well as the resale argument.

- Q. Well, do you know whether or not there's any type of land-line facilities-based CLEC competition for residential service?
  - A. I don't have --
  - Q. Non-PCS.

- A. I understand. I don't have evidence that I can empirically with hard facts support. I would testify today I think there may be some, but it's exceedingly hard to identify that. As I said here today, I cannot give you empirical facts.
- Q. So you don't want the Commission to look at that? I mean, the main focus of the argument you have already testified to; PCS, CLEC and resale. But you are not testifying here today that there are?
- A. I could not in good faith testify to you that that exists if I could not empirically prove it.
  - Q. All right.
- A. So at this point the data in my testimony regarding resale, the information regarding Cricket's PCS service and Mr. Badal's testimony would be our two

pieces of evidence.

- Q. Okay. Is there any other type of information in the exhibits that were attached to your testimony that refer to any other type of potential residential competitor?
- A. I would reply by saying not in my testimony and I don't believe there is. I would check this if you just give me a moment, in Mr. Badal's testimony. Give me just a couple of seconds to scan quickly, please.
- Q. Okay. There was some reference in your
  Attachment A, sir, I think to some types of bypass
  lines that I didn't understand and I didn't understand
  where they fit into what we were talking about with
  regard to resale or this PCS/CLEC?
- A. Are you referring to my Attachment A to the Staff data request?
  - Q. Yes, sir.
  - A. All right. So that was not my testimony.
  - Q. So that's not part of your testimony?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. All right. You are not offering that here, then?
  - A. I am not offering it.
    - Q. Okay.

A. It's not part of my testimony.

Q. All right, sir. I appreciate that. All right.

So now I understand, then, there's resale, the PCS -- okay. All right. What you have just explained to me as the other factors and I've heard three different words. You just told me that the CLEC physically in the market providing service for a fee, providing a service to a similar body of customers.

And then I thought I heard you tell

Ms. Reilly -- I thought you used the words providing
service to former Qwest customers. And I thought I
heard you tell Mr. Witt customers who would otherwise
be -- they would otherwise be a customer of Qwest.

Now, is that all the same group of people?

A. I think it would be. It would be considered customers in the addressable market. That may be a better way to phrase that.

In many instances a residential customer will opt to subscribe to CLEC service instead of Qwest service where they were formerly a Qwest customer. In other instances, a customer may come into the market new, move into Albuquerque as a new resident and immediately subscribe to a CLEC service. In that instance they would not have been a former Qwest

customer. But if they are in Qwest's service territory, they are part of that addressable market, part of the market that's up for competition.

Q. Well, one of the questions I had when I was reading your testimony, sir -- let me -- well, I'll remember it as best I can based on your testimony here today.

Sir, I think you were asked some questions about this company Comm South?

A. Yes.

- Q. And I believe that you are familiar with Mr. Ripperger's testimony about that particular company?
  - A. Yes, I am.
- Q. I'm trying to understand whether or not it's Qwest's position that -- and we will hear from Mr. Ripperger later on this -- but basically it seems like what Southwest is trying to say is that basically a lot of the customers that Qwest has disconnected, those are kind of the Comm South customers.

If that's the case, if those are customers that Qwest has -- how can I put it politely -- has decided no longer -- that they no longer want that particular type of customer because they are not paying their bill -- and I don't blame them -- but how

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does that translate or does it translate into your similar body of customers or your -- they would have been Owest customers -- factor here for me?

Let me try to help. From my perspective, Α. there are many types of residential customers. are all residential, local exchange customers in one form or another. In some instances the customer may become delinquent in paying their bill and a disconnect happens from non-payment. I would not testify today that Qwest has no interest in that customer. We certainly do. We try to work with the customer to get the payment issue resolved and get the customer reconnected with Owest. If the customer has an issue with the level of the bill, we have such things as toll screening or toll blocking where the customer can pay only for the local exchange service. If the customer has a problem with being able to afford a bill and they are a low income type customer and meet certain requirements, they can subscribe to or receive benefits such as link-up and life-line, as I testified in my testimony.

So I don't want at all to leave the impression with Your Honor or with the Commissioners that Qwest has no interest in those customers and they are not part of our potential customer base. They in

fact are. They are part of the addressable market.

- Q. Well, but my point is that for some reason -well, let me ask you this. Are you familiar with Comm
  South and the Reconnexes (sic) which is also another,
  according to them, if I recall correctly, sort of a
  niche, at least, that was their initial target were
  high risk credit customers, which is part of their
  justification why they wanted to charge 49.99 a month
  to these people. I mean, do you dispute that there
  are those kinds of companies that have this specific
  target?
- A. No, I wouldn't dispute that at all. I would say that CLECs in total have different strategies.

  Some CLECs package services and offer a premium price.

  Other CLECs may target a certain sub-set of customers.

  I think that is correct and true.

But as I testified a moment ago, it's

Qwest's perspective that all those residential local

exchange customers are part of the addressable market

and should be considered in any kind of an analysis.

- Q. So you don't necessarily agree, then, with Mr. Ripperger that all of the resold lines to Comm South are going to Qwest disconnects, or do you have an opinion on that?
  - A. If the implication is that Qwest has,

quote-unquote, turned its back on those customers, no longer has an interest in those customers, I would disagree with that.

Q. Well, if --

- A. I think --
- Q. Well, let's not say that they don't care about them anymore. Actually, that brings me to my next point or question.

Is it possible that if a high risk credit customer goes to one of these alternative providers is it possible they might be successfully rehabilitated after a period of months that Qwest would take them back, i.e., expressing your -- or would that be in line with what you are talking about, that Qwest may still have interest in this particular residential customer?

- A. I would testify by saying that I have not analyzed all the customers in the Comm South customer base. But I'm very confident in saying that there is customer migration back and forth between Qwest and Comm South.
- Q. Do you think that's something that the Commission needs to be concerned about in this particular part of the residential analysis?
  - A. Well, again, the target market of Comm South

is a sub-set of the total base of residential customers in Qwest's service territory. I could also maybe offer some other cites, as I'm thinking about this. This also is from the Ameritech Michigan, by the way, Paragraph 77, that cites footnote 170. Let me just read it, if I could:

The FCC has acknowledged that the House of Representatives rejected a version of Track A that would have demanded the presence of the CLEC capable of offering service that is comparable in price, features and scope to that offered by the BOC.

So I think that directly bears in the Comm South discussion. They are targeting a sub-set of customers. They are offering a price that does not match Qwest's, in fact is higher. That being the case and in view of this cite, I'm not sure that disqualifies Comm South as an alternative provider in the state. In fact, I would maintain they are an alternative provider.

- Q. Mr. Teitzel, your Rebuttal Testimony, Page 25.
  - A. I'm sorry, that was Page 25?
  - Q. Yes, sir.

1	A. (Witness refers to document.)
2	Q. Can you give me the cite for the proposition
3	at 16 through Line 19? Your competitive provider?
4	A. Well, there again, the source for that
5	concept is the Ameritech Michigan Order where they
6	said the CLEC must be operational in the market
7	providing service for a fee and serve more than a de
8	minimis number of customers.
9	Q. Was that at the 75 and 78 again?
10	A. Yes.
11	HEARING EXAMINER: All right, sir. I
12	thank you very much.
13	Mr. Munn, any Redirect of your witness?
14	MR. MUNN: Thank you.
15	
16	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
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18	BY MR. MUNN:
19	Q. Mr. Teitzel, do you recall some questions
20	about your Rebuttal Testimony at Page 4, if you could
21	please turn there, Lines 1 through 4?
22	A. (Witness complies.)
23	Q. Page 4, Lines 1 through 4 of your Rebuttal.
24	A. Yes, I have. I have that page.
25	Q. And at Lines 2 and 3 there, why don't you

just read the sentence through the footnote 3, Lines 1 through 3. Then I have a follow up question to some of your Cross-Examination.

MR. MITTLE: I'll stipulate that it says what it says. He doesn't need to read it.

HEARING EXAMINER: You just wanted the witness to --

MR. MUNN: Sure. I'll read it in my question.

#### BY MR. MUNN:

Q. Mr. Teitzel, your testimony states that according to the FCC a CLEC is a, quote, competing provider, end quote, as long as it is actually in the market and operational.

Parenthetically you have (i.e., accepting requests for service and providing such service for a fee.)

Now, with respect to the concept accepting requests for service, has the FCC said anything subsequent to the Ameritech Michigan Order on that topic about what could be a competing provider?

A. Yes. We talked earlier today about the FCC's Order in the Arkansas docket. And in fact, they reviewed the evidence supplied by SBC regarding Alltel in that state.

And SBC asserted and the FCC agreed that Alltel is no longer accepting new service requests from new customers in that state.

- Q. Is that at Paragraph 118 and Paragraph 119?
- A. I don't have the Order in front of me. I believe it was Paragraph 118 or 119.
  - Q. I believe that case is to your left.
  - A. (Witness refers to document.) Thank you.

MR. WITT: Your Honor, if I may inquire, is the purpose of this Redirect to provide some changes, additions or deletions to Mr. Teitzel's testimony? Because I don't see -- I don't recall the questions that Mr. Munn has referenced here. It strikes me that this is unnecessary.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, I can specifically address where it occurred. It was in response to a question from Mr. Witt. I thought the question was seemingly ironic.

Mr. Witt had Mr. Teitzel actually turn to
Page 4 of his Rebuttal Testimony and address Lines 1
through 6 of his Rebuttal Testimony. This was
specifically brought up by Mr. Witt.

MR. WITT: I beg your pardon, Your Honor, but my questions were specifically aimed at the phrase de minimis number.

So when I read that particular section of the testimony, it was merely to set up a context for my questions relating to -- and by the way, they were painful questions, I think, for Mr. Teitzel to answer because they were so difficult for him to answer. But they were all focused expressly and exclusively on the phrase de minimis number.

HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Munn, is this reference that the question that you are asking about whether or not there's new information, is this something that we need testimonial-wise or is the current state of the FCC in their guidance or their speaking on this something that's a legal point that can be argued?

MR. MUNN: Well, I guess I would state that it's both. I think what the term competing provider means, I think, is a legal point that can be briefed. But we spent a lot of time today discussing that.

It seems like we have been discussing what

I view as legal points and I was trying to provide

context to Redirect the witness that in the context of

what can be considered a competing provider under

Track A, the FCC in its most recent 271 Order has even

said you don't even have to be accepting new requests

like they used to. But they don't require that any 1 2 more. Right. Even though it HEARING EXAMINER: 3 does seem to be in the nature of supplementing your 4 witness' testimony, I think everyone is aware of that 5 and I'm going to overrule the objection and you can 6 7 answer the question. THE WITNESS: I'm not sure I recall the 8 9 specific question. The cite that I was thinking of was 10 11 Paragraph 119. The relevant cite, I believe, is in 12 the middle of that paragraph where the FCC says we 13 disagree with these commentors that a competing 14 provider must necessarily be accepting new customers 15 in order to qualify for Track A. 16 MR. MITTLE: Madam Hearing Examiner, will 17 you ask the witness to finish reading that sentence? 18 HEARING EXAMINER: Any objection to 19 reading the sentence, Mr. Munn? 20 MR. MUNN: I have no objection. 21 THE WITNESS: I will continue. I thought 22 that was the salient point. Particularly given the large volume of customers served by Alltel. 23 24 MR. MITTLE: Thank you. 25 THE WITNESS: Should I continue?

MR. MUNN: No. I think you have answered the question.

Madam Hearing Examiner, yesterday you had asked a question as far as where the FCC has addressed the only one provider is enough issue. I can do this either in Redirect or I can just tell you another cite. It doesn't matter to me. It could come from the witness or me. It's a briefing point but just helps you to know where to go since you asked that question. I gave you yesterday Paragraph 104 of Ameritech Michigan. An additional cite is Paragraphs 118 and 119 of Arkansas-Missouri.

HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you, sir. That was something I wanted to know from Mr. Badal.

MR. MUNN: That's correct.

HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you.

MR. MUNN: By the way, my records don't show that AG-4 was tendered or admitted. I just wanted to make sure that the caveat that I had on AG-3, which is the first page of the Comm South website that was picked up, also applies to AG-4 which to my knowledge hasn't been admitted or tendered yet. Those were a couple of screens from the Comm South website. It's not intended to be the entire website.

HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Mittle, do you

intend to offer AG-4. 1 MR. MITTLE: I will offer AG-4. 2 HEARING EXAMINER: Is there any objection 3 with the -- well, do you know, is this the total Fast 4 Bucks website or is this just three pages from it? 5 MR. MITTLE: I'm looking for my copy. 6 HEARING EXAMINER: Actually, the last 7 8 page is blank, so only two pages. MR. MITTLE: I'm looking for my Fast 9 10 Bucks. That actually helps clarify 11 MR. MUNN: one thing. So AG-4 is not a part of the Comm South 12 1.3 website. It's a part of the Fast Bucks website? 14 HEARING EXAMINER: Yes, different 1.5 website. 16 MR. MUNN: I was easily confused by the staple. I don't know why but I'm still having trouble 17 18 with that. 19 HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Mittle, is this 20 the total Fast Bucks website? 21 MR. MITTLE: No, ma'am. 22 MR. MUNN: No objection. 23 HEARING EXAMINER: All right. Then with 24 the caveat that it's two pages of the Fast Bucks 25 website for whatever value it may have, without

objection, AG-4 has been tendered and will be admitted 1 for whatever probative value, if any, it has. 2 (Whereupon, AG EXHIBIT 4 was 3 admitted into evidence, a copy of 4 which may be found under separate cover.). 5 6 HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Munn. 7 MR. MUNN: Thank you, Your Honor. 8 BY MR. MUNN: 9 Mr. Teitzel, do you have a copy of the 10 11 Ameritech Michigan Order with you? 12 Α. I don't have a full copy, no. 13 (Whereupon, a brief discussion was 14 held off the record.) BY MR. MUNN: 15 16 0. Mr. Teitzel, you were asked some questions 17 about the number of customers served by a particular 18 provider and how that sort of fits into this whole 19 competing provider analysis. 20 If you would, please turn to the Ameritech 21 Michigan Order at footnote 70, the sentence there that 22 addresses the Senate rejecting an amendment. 23 If you would, please read that one 24 sentence into the record. 25 Α. I'm sorry. Did you say footnote 170?

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Correct, the Senate rejected. Q.

This is at Page 40 of the Ameritech Michigan Α. Order. It says in footnote 170:

> The Senate rejected an amendment that would have required the presence of competing carriers 'capable of providing a substantial number of business and residential customers with telephone exchange or exchange access service' prior to the in-region interLATA entry by the BOC.

Thank you. And there were a lot of questions Q. about -- I think particularly from, I believe, from Mr. Mittle, if I have my notes right, about the price of services and certainly questions about the same price.

Has the FCC addressed whether to be a competing provider, to qualify under Track A, that provider needs to be offering services in a comparable price to what the BOC is?

- A. No. And this gets back to the discussion I had with Your Honor.
- Actually, my question is has the FCC Q. addressed that?
  - Α. Yes.

Q. Can you tell me where? If you know?

A. Again, that was in the Ameritech Michigan Order at Paragraph 77. I read that cite into the record a moment ago. But that was the location.

Q. There the FCC says that they don't even need to be comparable in rates, features or scope?

MS. REILLY: Objection; leading.

MR. MUNN: It says what it says.

MR. WITT: Your Honor, I would even go further than that. At this point, we have had two separate questions that purport to be Redirect but are merely a recitation of what's in an FCC Order. In view of the time, I guess I'm going to ask -- no, I will object based on the redundancy of the Redirect and also in view of the time involved.

HEARING EXAMINER: All right. Mr. Witt, he withdrew the question, so there is nothing -- I'm not going to address your objection since he's already -- it's too late. He withdrew it. So, Mr. Munn?

BY MR. MUNN:

Q. Mr. Teitzel, you were also answering some questions, I believe in response to Ms. Reilly, about the Arkansas-Missouri and how many customers or access lines, I forget which, that Alltel had.

Do you recall that?

1 A. Yes, I do.

- Q. And did you ever have occasion to look at the underlying affidavits that are cited there in that Order that SBC filed with the FCC addressing Alltel?
- A. I did. And as I reviewed that evidence, I noted that the number of access lines served by Alltel was less than 5,000. That number is different from the number that Ms. Reilly cited from the DOJ record.
- Q. So if the DOJ's record was whatever number Ms. Reilly said, at least what SBC was putting forward as the competition by Alltel in that state was 5,000 or less?
  - A. Yes.

MS. REILLY: Leading.

BY MR. MUNN:

Q. I believe this is my -- it may be -- I think
I have two more questions.

Mr. Teitzel, when you were responding to the Hearing Examiner's questions she asked you about de minimis and you were discussing terms like operational and providing services for a fee, things along those lines.

I just want to make sure the record is clear so we don't confuse the terms de minimis and competing provider.

1 So can you please testify about whether the terms operational and providing services for a fee 2 relate to whether an entity is actually a competing 3 provider or whether it relates to the term de minimis? 4 5 I think the terms operational, providing service for a fee, relate to the term competing 6 7 provider. It's subsumed in that. 8 Q. Thank you. 9 HEARING EXAMINER: Subsumed in? 10 THE WITNESS: Subsumed in the term 11 competing provider. 12 But I think, as I was having a dialogue with you, Your Honor, a half-hour ago, you were 13 14 talking about the fact that the FCC will look at all 15 those factors as they gauge what competition looks like in a particular state. 16 17 MR. MUNN: Your Honor, if I may approach, 18 I'm on my last inquiry here. 19 HEARING EXAMINER: Off the record. (Whereupon, a brief discussion was 20 21 held off the record.) 22 MR. MUNN: I think that concludes my 23 questions. It was so much of a wing-ding approach I 24 couldn't conceive of it and frankly it's a briefing

You were asking about market share where the

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point.

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FCC said there is no market share test. We'll brief
 1
     it and I can give you FCC paragraphs if you want,
 2
     later. It's not a witness type question.
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                  HEARING EXAMINER: All right. Thank you,
 4
 5
     sir.
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                  Mr. Witt, any further questions?
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                  MR. WITT: No, thank you.
                                       Thank you.
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                  HEARING EXAMINER:
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     Mittle, any further questions?
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                  MR. MITTLE: No, thank you.
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                  HEARING EXAMINER: Ms. Reilly?
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                       RECROSS-EXAMINATION
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     BY MS. REILLY:
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          Q.
               Hello again, Mr. Teitzel.
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               Hello again.
          Α.
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               I'll try and make it brief. You were asked
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     some questions by the Hearing Examiner about Qwest's
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     loss of credit risk customers due to Qwest
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     disconnecting them for non-payment.
23
                  Do you recall that?
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               Yes, I do.
         Α.
               And you were emphasizing that you didn't want
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          Q.
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to leave the impression that Qwest has no interest in those customers any longer, that you try to work with them and you refer them to life-line and link-up.

Do you recall that?

A. That is my testimony.

Q. You apparently, then, Qwest does have interest in these customers, but you are not quite interested enough to continue serving them in the absence of payment.

Is that accurate?

- A. Qwest is providing a service like any other service provider, that costs us something to provide. So clearly, Qwest would require compensation for that service, and I think that's reasonable.
- Q. I'm not arguing. When you -- when we are talking about disconnected customers, we are talking about customers that you have refused to continue to serve.

Isn't that right?

- A. (No response.)
- Q. You disconnected them?
- A. They have been disconnected for a non-payment issue. That would be true.
- Q. Do you offer any prepaid service similar to what Comm South does to try and keep these customers?

We don't offer a prepaid service, to my 1 Α. knowledge. We do offer functionality such as toll 2 blocking to help the customer if that is a problem for 3 that particular customer, maintain a lid on the bill. 4 5 MS. REILLY: That's all I have. Thank you. HEARING EXAMINER: 6 7 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 8 9 EXAMINATION 10 11 BY THE HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Teitzel, I just have one. The very first 12 Q. question when Mr. Munn was talking with you about our 13 14 Kansas --15 MR. MUNN: I think it was 16 Arkansas-Missouri. 17 BY THE HEARING EXAMINER: That wasn't 118 and 119, that's 18 0. 19 Arkansas-Missouri? 20 Yes, that's correct. Α. 21 Q. All right. I think the whole point was over 22 some disagreement that Alltel isn't currently 23 accepting customers? 24 Α. That is correct, they are not. 25 correct.

- Q. Well, sir, is it your opinion that the Commission, in viewing its evidence, that that's something that the Commission should consider or shouldn't consider if the provider wasn't taking customers any more in this particular case?
- A. I guess I would respond by saying I'm not offering a personal opinion as to whether they should or shouldn't. But the fact is in the Arkansas Order, there was a piece of evidence that was relevant to Alltel that they did look at.
- Q. Okay. So you are not saying either-or here before this Commission. You are just saying, hey, in this particular Order they specifically noted this?
- A. And I think it's important because they did look at that issue. It was specific to this particular CLEC. By definition, then, that would suggest if they are not accepting new customers, as customers disconnect, that access line base will, over time, trend downward. I think that's important.
- Q. But also, looking at it in context with all the other things that went along with that decision; correct? You are not suggesting that this Commission look at this in a vacuum?
  - A. No.

HEARING EXAMINER: All right.

Mr. Teitzel, I thank you very much. You are excused 1 and I think you may owe me one reference cite, but 2 maybe not. You can take a look at that while we 3 recess for ten minutes. We will come back. 4 Mr. Munn, is there going to be anything 5 further from Qwest? 6 7 MR. MUNN: Your Honor, I don't believe 8 so. No. Owest rests. 9 HEARING EXAMINER: All right. We will 10 recess for ten minutes. When we come back, Mr. Witt, 11 we will continue with your witness. 12 MR. WITT: Very well. Thank you. 13 HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you. 14 (Whereupon, a brief recess was 15 taken.) 16 HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Witt? 17 MR. WITT: For the record, AT&T calls Diane Roth to the stand. 18 19 20 DIANE F. ROTH 21 The witness herein, after having been 22 first duly sworn upon her oath, was 23 examined and testified as follows: 24 25

## 1 DIRECT EXAMINATION 2 3 BY MR. WITT: Please state your name for the record. 4 Q. Diane F. Roth. 5 Α. And how are you employed? 6 Q. 7 I'm employed by AT&T as an assistant Α. Vice-President from the state government affairs 8 9 organization. You have in front of you what has been marked 10 as AT&T Exhibit 1 and AT&T Exhibit 1-A. Would you 11 12 please identify those two documents? 13 Α. These two documents are my -- well, document 14 AT&T 1 is my Direct Testimony and then AT&T 1-A are 15 the proprietary pages to my Direct Testimony. 16 (Whereupon, documents were marked 17 AT&T EXHIBITS 1 and 1-A for identification.) BY MR. WITT: 18 19 Q. Thank you. Do you have any changes, 20 additions or deletions to make to that testimony at 21 this time? 22 No, I do not. Α. 23 So if I were to ask you the questions Q. 24 contained in that testimony, would your answers be the

same as contained there?

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Α. They would be. 1 MR. WITT: Thank you. At this time, I 2 would move the admission of AT&T Exhibit 1 and AT&T 3 Exhibit 1-A. 4 HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Witt, is Exhibit 5 6 1-A an envelope or some type of --7 MR. WITT: It's not under seal. This is proprietary but it is not subject to the super 8 9 proprietary confidential. 10 HEARING EXAMINER: My concern is that 11 since the exhibits become part of the record that the 12 confidential exhibit is kept under seal. Pat has 13 assured me that she will envelope it. So with that 14 proviso that 1-A will be in an envelope so people will 15 not have to sign their non-disclosure statement which 16 I've just actually got a new one from you, Mr. Munn. 17 Super protective based on what MR. MUNN: 18 Montgomery and Andrews did. 19 HEARING EXAMINER: All right. Very good. 20 Is there any objection to what's been identified as 21 AT&T Exhibit 1? 22 No objection. MR. MUNN: 23 I was just going to ask that I MR. OLSON: 24 think Qwest Exhibit 3, Mr. Teitzel's Supplemental 25 Direct, the exhibits to that testimony were

confidential and I assume they will be filed in the 1 2 same way in the record. HEARING EXAMINER: Are they pink? 3 MR. OLSON: They are on pink paper and 4 5 that was the only confidential material in the Qwest 6 testimony. 7 All right. HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you sir. No objection to AT&T 1. AT&T 1 will be 8 9 admitted. 10 (Whereupon, AT&T EXHIBIT 1 was 11 admitted into evidence, a copy of 12 which may be found under separate cover.) 13 Any objection to AT&T HEARING EXAMINER: 1-A? 14 15 MR. MUNN: No. 16 HEARING EXAMINER: Hearing no objection, AT&T 1-A will be admitted. 17 18 (Whereupon, AT&T EXHIBIT 1-A was 19 admitted into evidence, a copy of 2.0 which may be found under separate cover.) 21 HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Witt? 22 MR. WITT: Thank you, Your Honor. At this 23 time we would offer the witness for Cross-Examination. 24 HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you very much. 25 Mr. Munn?

## CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. MUNN:

Α.

- 5 0.
  - Q. Good afternoon.

Good afternoon.

- ll l
- Q. Is it fair to say that Cricket did not begin providing its broadband PCS services until February 14th, 2001, in New Mexico?
- A. I don't know the actual date that Cricket commenced service in New Mexico.
  - Q. Let me come back to that question. So I will move on and ask you if the exhibit that you've attached to your testimony as Attachment 6, which I think will be in the colored pink part.
- A. (Witness refers to document.) Yes, that is a pink exhibit.
- Q. Okay. Your Attachment 6 was completed or the date of this analysis was fourth quarter 2000; correct?
- A. That is the date on the latest page of the analysis.
- Q. Right. So the analysis would have been either prior to or during the fourth quarter of 2000; correct?

However, I would also note that Qwest Yes. 1 Α. could have updated the analysis in the year 2000 and 2 if that occurred -- and I'm not saying it did -- but 3 4 our discovery question was not limited to a certain 5 time frame and certainly wasn't limited to 2000. So I quess the point I would make about 6 7

that is that there isn't an update -- Qwest did not provide an update.

Right. My statement is I'm not trying to be critical of you or AT&T for attaching something that just addressed 2000. I just wanted to establish the time frame in that study.

Α. Okay.

> Your Honor, may I approach. MR. MUNN: HEARING EXAMINER: Sure.

### BY MR. MUNN:

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Ms. Roth, if you could please look at the Q. press release that I have just handed you in the first paragraph. I just want to ask you, is this a press release from Cricket identifying February 14th, 2001, that it launched its Cricket service in Albuquerque and Santa Fe, New Mexico?

MR. WITT: Excuse me. May I ask for clarification? Is Mr. Munn asking this or referring to this in order to refresh Ms. Roth's memory or is he

using it to establish that the date that Cricket 1 statutory service was February 14th? 2 3 MR. MUNN: I can tell you the purpose of this is to show that the date that Cricket claims it 4 5 began offering services in this state was February 14, 6 2001. 7 MR. WITT: Then I would object on the basis of hearsay. Ms. Roth has testified that she 8 9 doesn't know when Cricket started service. This is 10 therefore, being offered to -- as proof of the matter 11 asserted. 12 MR. MUNN: Your Honor, I'm not offering it -- what I am offering it for is to show what 13 14 Cricket claims. I'm not asking this witness to 15 somehow put on a Cricket hat and testify on behalf of 16 Cricket. I'm simply asking her to verify that based 17 on Cricket's own press release they claim they started 18 offering services here on February 14th, 2001. 19 MR. WITT: Thank you, Your Honor. 2.0 HEARING EXAMINER: So based on that 21 clarification, sir, you are withdrawing your 22 objection?

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MR. WITT: Actually, I'm not withdrawing it because I do think that it is hearsay. But I also understand that Your Honor admits hearsay for the

value which it may have, if any.

HEARING EXAMINER: You can answer the question then. You can say what you think it says.

THE WITNESS: Okay. I'm looking at what appears to be a press release from Leap. It is dated February 14th and the press release says that Leap is announcing its service in Albuquerque and Santa Fe.

BY MR. MUNN:

- Q. And the date of that press release is February 14, 2001?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. So is it fair to say that based on this press release and Cricket's representations that they began offering service in New Mexico after the study that you attach as Attachment 6?
- A. The press release is dated February 14th announcing service. The latest survey that Qwest did was fourth quarter 2000. I will add to that that I don't see a reason why Qwest didn't continue its surveys if it was seriously concerned about Cricket. I believe that Qwest could have continued to update the survey similar to what is attached to my testimony.
- Q. Ms. Roth, in your testimony you, I think, have addressed on Page 3 some numbers that I think

Mr. Teitzel was questioned about. You have, I would have imagined, reviewed Mr. Teitzel's Rebuttal Testimony.

# Is that correct?

- A. I reviewed his Rebuttal Testimony and I also reviewed the Staff data request. I reviewed his Direct Testimony, his Supplemental Direct, that is, correction, his Supplemental Direct, his Rebuttal as well as the answer to Staff data request 4-11.
- Q. And Ms. Roth, assuming that there is not some follow-up that comes out of this I have only one question left and I think it's a simple question.

Do you have any evidence to dispute the unbundled loop number that Mr. Teitzel has of 9,301 unbundled loops as of September 30th, 2001, that he discloses on Page 28 of his Rebuttal Testimony?

A. I acknowledge what is in his Rebuttal

Testimony. But I would also say that what I see on
the Staff data request response to 4-11 -- let me give
you a line down, about the 13th line down there is a
label that says total Qwest UNE, and resold lines and
facility-based CLEC lines. It gives a total of
32,478. When one adds UNE platform loops in service
of 3,925 to the estimated facility-based competitive
lines in service that are estimated of 26,000 --

HEARING EXAMINER: Now, you are not reading the pink area, are you?

THE WITNESS: No, ma'am. This is white.

HEARING EXAMINER: All right.

THE WITNESS: When you add the UNE platform loops in service to the estimated facility-based competitive lines in service of 26,460 to further down the page, the resold line total of 2,093, it indeed adds to what Qwest has labeled total Qwest UNE, and resold lines and facility-based CLEC lines of 32,478.

So inasmuch as that says total, I have to say I was surprised when I read what was in David Teitzel's Rebuttal Testimony

BY MR. MUNN:

Q. Fair enough. I'm not here complaining about anything. I'm simply asking, do you have any evidence or reason to believe that the -- once this was clarified -- and I'm not attempting to put any blame on you as a witness for the testimony that was there -- I think Mr. Teitzel came back and said, well, we need to clarify this. That's just UNEP. If you add UNEP and stand-alone it's the 9,301 number as it was clarified in Mr. Teitzel's Rebuttal?

A. My only dispute would be to point out that

there is an inherent inconsistency. On one page in the response to the Staff data request it represents a total of UNEs and resold and facility-based. But apparently the only UNE-type facility that was included in that total was platform, UNE platform. But indeed, the line says total.

So I believe there's an inherent inconsistency in the information that Qwest has put forth in the case.

- Q. Ms. Roth, the first line of that document you were reading from, doesn't it say UNE platform or UNEP lines?
- A. Yes, it does. However, when you go down further on the page and read total, what I did was I assumed that either the top column was mislabeled or there had been a dramatic decline in the UNE services and that there weren't any stand-alone UNEs. So I found the exhibit to be when read next to David Teitzel's Rebuttal Testimony to be inconsistent and quite confusing.
- Q. And Ms. Roth, also attached to that data response is also a detailed breakdown, that is confidential, of the loops and the wire centers where those UNEP lines are provided.

Isn't it true that each one of those shows

that those are just UNE platform loops and not 1 2 stand-alone unbundled loops? 3 It does show on the attachment that they are Α. 4 UNE platform. However, again, what is misleading is 5 that there is a line on the non-proprietary document 6 that shows total. One could be led to a very logical 7 conclusion, as I was, that there weren't any 8 stand-alone loops. There was no evidence to the 9 contrary. 10 MR. MUNN: Those are all of my questions. 11 Thank you. 12 HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you, Mr. Munn. 13 Mr. Mittle, any questions of the witness? 14 MR. MITTLE: Yes, ma'am. 1.5 16 CROSS-EXAMINATION 17 BY MR. MITTLE: 18 Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Roth. 19 Good afternoon. Α. 20 Ο. The question is the Leap press release as an 21 exhibit that Qwest was to do so? 22 MR. MUNN: I don't think it's necessary 23 to for her to read it 24 BY MR. MITTLE: 25 Q. Okay. Do you have a copy in front of you?

I do. 1 Α. Do you recall Mr. Badal talking about 7 2 0. percent of Cricket's customers, referring to an 3 Albuquerque Journal article? 4 5 Α. Yes. Do you recall Mr. Badal testifying that that 6 Ο. 7 was 7 percent of the Albuquerque market? Yes, I do. 8 Α. 9 Do you know the date of that article? 0. Let's see. I think the Albuquerque Journal 10 11 article was September 2001, but I can't recall the exact date. 12 13 Q. Maybe this would help (indicating). 14 Α. (Witness refers to document.) 1.5 Does that help your recollection of the date Q. 16 of the Albuquerque Journal article? 17 February 20 -- what I'm looking at is a Α. 18 February 22nd, 2001, Albuquerque Journal article. Ιt 19 does have the quote that I recall being discussed 20 yesterday. 21 Q. Right. Okay. So the article's date was 22 February -- I don't recall. 23 February 22nd, 2001. Α. 24 Okay. So based on your experience and

expertise, do you believe that between February 14th,

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2001, and February 20th, 2001, Cricket was able to get
7 percent of the Albuquerque market?

- A. In about a week?
- Q. Yes.

- A. I would say that that is virtually impossible.
- Q. And you understood -- or did you understand Mr. Badal to testify that that number was -- he reached his understanding that Cricket had 7 percent of the Albuquerque market based on the sentence in that article?
  - A. That is my recollection.
- Q. When you read that sentence -- if you could read it out loud?
- A. From the <u>Albuquerque Journal</u> February 22nd,
  2001, I believe the sentence you are asking me to read
  is a quote from the general manager. I'm not seeing
  -- John Clark. Mr. Clark's quote is:

One thing we are noticing is over 7 percent of our customers are cutting their home phone service.

Q. When you read that, do you read that to mean that that's 7 percent of the Albuquerque market, 7 percent of Cricket's customers, or how do you read that sentence? Or maybe you have no opinion?

A. I have an opinion. I wanted to check this press release quickly to see if there was any mention of the 7 percent in the press release but I don't see that quickly.

yesterday and there was also a mention of some other reports. I believe that 7 percent is a Cricket number that they are using across all of their markets and is a national number. It's more or less -- in my view, it's a marketing number. They are looking to attract customers and they are looking to attract investors. By saying positive things about their service, that helps them toward both of those causes.

- Q. Thank you. Now I would like to direct your attention to Page 5 of your testimony.
  - A. (Witness refers to document.) Okay.
  - Q. There's a question that starts on Line 7.
- A. Okay. I just wanted to make sure that since this is a pink page -- but that is a non-proprietary question. Go ahead.
- Q. You were present yesterday when Mr. Badal testified that there has now been a further decrease in the number of Qwest residential access lines in New Mexico?
  - A. I heard that testimony, yes.

Q. And do you consider that decrease or having knowledge of that information, does it change your response to the question asked on Page 5, Line 7, or would it change your response in any other way?

- A. It wouldn't change my response. I would say that we really don't know the cost. Mr. Badal testified that Qwest's access line base had decreased a little bit more. I think that there could be a wide variety of reasons as to why, some of them including the general economy, unemployment in the State of New Mexico, the suspensions in disconnections for non-payment of Qwest, use of DSL services. There could be many reasons and I can't conclude what that reason is in my testimony. But I can think about and use my expertise in the telecommunications industry and experience to come up with sort of a full plate of what those could be if somebody wanted to really study the reason.
- Q. Right. Because cell phones aren't relevant for the purposes of Track A, are they? There's a specific exception in the --
  - A. The specific exception is PCS.
- Q. So it's only PCS. So if somebody else subscribes to a different cell phone that is not relevant for purposes --

That's my understanding. 1 Α. MR. MITTLE: Thank you. No further 2 3 questions. HEARING EXAMINER: Ms. Reilly, any 4 5 questions? 6 MS. REILLY: No questions. 7 EXAMINATION 8 9 10 BY THE HEARING EXAMINER: Q. I just have a couple of questions for you, 11 12 Ms. Roth. In response to Mr. Mittle's question --13 14 because this is something that was -- he asked 15 questions about yesterday, the 7 percent number on 16 Cricket. I believe you just testified that it's 17 your belief based on, I guess, your reading of the 18 19 article and your expertise, that 7 percent is a 20 marketing number? 21 Α. Yes. 22 Q. What's a marketing number? 23 I could have said a marketing number, a Α. public relations number, an advocacy kind of number, a 24 25 national average number. Those were all, in my mind,

roughly about the same.

I think we heard yesterday there was -- or maybe it was today -- the 7 percent used in context with one of the southern -- Tennessee, Chattanooga.

So when I'm hearing 7 percent from a study that was from a particular state and broad use of 7 percent in response to or in an Albuquerque Journal article, my logic tells me that's a national number used for the purposes of press relations, marketing and that it truly is a national average kind of a number.

- Q. Well, the question that comes to my mind when you say it's a national, it's a market number, is it a real number? Is it a fictitious number? Is it a target number? I need more explanation.
  - A. Okay.
- Q. You know, you say, well, it's a marketing number or whatever. I mean, if you add up the number of people, are we actually going to have a customer that will translate into some type of figure like a 7 percent?
- A. The only entities that can truly answer your question and explain exactly what 7 percent represents is Cricket.
  - Q. Okay.

A. We can all interpret what we may think 7 percent means. My interpretation is that it is a number that they seem to be using consistently. I therefore believe or would interpret that it represents a national number.

- Q. Okay. Would you look at your testimony at Page 6, Lines 14 through 16.
  - A. (Witness refers to document.) Yes.
- Q. There you indicate that the decrease in nearly all or all of the decrease in residential access lines cited by Mr. Badal could have resulted from lines disconnected because the bills were not paid.

Why do you come to that conclusion?

- A. I have to be careful with the response because it's proprietary information to Qwest.
  - Q. All right.

- A. Attachment 4 to my testimony is on a pink page. I'll try to refrain from saying anything confidential, and if I do speak of a number I will very much try to give you a warning.
  - Q. Okay. I see it.
  - A. Bear with me one second.
  - O. This attachment is what?
  - A. Attachment 4 and it came from a data -- it's

1 a data request response. 2 Ο. Okay. Okay. Now, this number that I'm going to 3 A. 4 mention is not proprietary. In Mr. Badal's testimony 5 he notes that there was a decrease in Qwest's access lines, residential access lines, of 3,014. AT&T asked 6 7 a data request and that data request was to take that 8 same time period and ask how many residential accounts 9 were either suspended or disconnected for non-payment 10 of the service. 11 0. And that's what is represented on Attachment 12 4? 13 A. That's the proprietary pink page Attachment 14 4. 15 Q. And that's the basis for your statement at 16 Lines 14 through 16? 17 Ά. That's correct. 18 HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Witt, any Redirect 19 of your witness? 20 MR. WITT: Actually, just one very minor 21 matter. 22 23 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 24 25 BY MR. WITT:

Q. Ms. Roth, in your conversation with the Hearing Examiner concerning the national Cricket number, you indicated two things that I heard. First, that it was a national number and, second, that you questioned the accuracy of that number.

Am I correct there?

- A. Yes, I believe it's a national number. I would just maybe explain the second piece just a little bit.
- Q. Well, for example, could the accuracy of that number depend on the number of markets that Cricket is actually in, for example?
  - A. Yes, it could.

MR. MUNN: Objection; leading.

THE WITNESS: Yes, it could and I think the thing that I said --

MR. MUNN: Objection.

HEARING EXAMINER: Well, she had answered it before you got through, but why don't you go ahead and explain in addition to you think it's a national number what -- if you have some further explanation as to what that should mean to the Commission.

THE WITNESS: Okay. I believe it's a national number and it could be influenced over time by the number of markets, by the degree of success

that Cricket has. 1 2 The other thing that I would reiterate 3 that we talked about in our exchange is that only 4 Cricket knows for sure what that number means, how it 5 was derived. That's what I think the Commission 6 should know about that number. 7 HEARING EXAMINER: All right. Thank you. 8 Mr. Witt? 9 MR. WITT: Thank you. I have no further 10 questions. 11 HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Munn? 12 MR. MUNN: No questions. 13 HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Mittle? 14 MR. MITTLE: No, thank you. 15 HEARING EXAMINER: Ms. Reilly? 16 MS. REILLY: No questions. 17 HEARING EXAMINER: You are excused. 18 Thank you very much. 19 Mr. Witt, anything further? 2.0 MR. WITT: Nothing further, Your Honor. 21 HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you. 22 Mr. Mittle, I don't believe you have a 23 witness in the proceeding? 24 MR. MITTLE: No, ma'am. 25 HEARING EXAMINER: And you are not going

to ask me to testify, so all right. 1 Since Mr. Mittle is not going to testify, 2 I believe Staff, Ms. Reilly, your witness. 3 MS. REILLY: Staff calls Michael 4 5 Ripperger. 6 7 MICHAEL RIPPERGER The witness herein, after having been 8 9 first duly sworn upon his oath, was examined and testified as follows: 10 11 12 DIRECT EXAMINATION 13 BY MS. REILLY: 14 15 0. Good afternoon, Mr. Ripperger. 16 Good afternoon, Ms. Reilly. Α. 17 You are the Michael Ripperger who filed Q. 18 testimony, Track A testimony in this proceeding on 19 December 31st, 2001. 20 Is that right? 21 Α. That's correct. 22 Q. And you have that testimony with you? 23 Yes. Α. 24 (Whereupon, a document was marked 25 STAFF EXHIBIT 1 for identification.)

BY MS. REILLY:

Q. We have marked the public version of your testimony as Staff Exhibit 1. Is the document that we've marked as Staff Exhibit 1 a true and correct copy of the public version of your Track A testimony?

- A. It is. There needs to be one change.
- Q. And what is that change?
- A. That would be, I believe it's Exhibit D, which is Qwest's annual report for December 30th.
- Q. In what respect does Exhibit D need to be treated differently?
- A. In the public version it was stamped confidential. It is not confidential.
- Q. Okay. So if we were to take a copy of Exhibit MSR-D from the confidential version, mark through the word confidential and insert it into the public version, would that correct the problem?
  - A. Yes, it would.

MS. REILLY: He's done that.

BY MS. REILLY:

- Q. Do you have any other corrections to your testimony?
  - A. No, I do not.
- Q. We also filed both a confidential version of your testimony and a highly confidential version of

your testimony on December 31st, 2001. 1 Is that right? 2 That's correct. 3 Α. We have marked the confidential version of 0. 4 5 your testimony as Staff Exhibit 1-A. (Whereupon, a document was marked 6 STAFF EXHIBIT 1-A for identification.) 7 BY MS. REILLY: 8 9 That version of your testimony contains 0. confidential material which is subject to the terms of 10 the initial Protective Order in this case and redacts 11 highly confidential material subject to the terms of 12 the Supplemental Protective Order. 13 14 Is that right? 15 Α. That's correct. And the highly confidential version of your 16 Q. 17 testimony that we've marked as Staff Exhibit 1-B 18 contains both confidential and highly confidential 19 material subject to the terms of the initial 20 Protective Order and the Supplemental Protective Order 21 respectively. 22 Is that right? That's correct. 23 Α. 24 (Whereupon, a document was marked

STAFF EXHIBIT 1-B for identification.)

1 BY MS. REILLY: And the content of your testimony in all its 2 Q. versions is true and correct to the best of your 3 knowledge, information and belief, is it not? 4 5 Yes, it is. Α. And if you were asked the same questions 6 Q. today that you were asked and that you answered in 7 your testimony, would your answers be the same? 8 9 A. Yes, they would. MS. REILLY: We move admission of Staff's 10 11 Exhibit 1, 1-A and 1-B with Staff Exhibit 1-A subject 12 to the terms of the initial Protective Order and 13 Staff's Exhibit 1-B subject to the terms of the 14 Supplemental Protective Order. 15 Mr. Ripperger, do you HEARING EXAMINER: 16 have any corrections, addition or deletions to those 17 particular versions? 18 No, I do not. THE WITNESS: 19 HEARING EXAMINER: Are there any 20 objections to what has been identified and, at least, 21 Staff 1 corrected here today to Staff Exhibit 1, 1-A 22 or 1-B? 23 (Whereupon, a brief discussion was 24 held off the record.) 25 MR. MITTLE: Just a point of

clarification, Madam Hearing Examiner. The difference between the confidential and the highly confidential, can you refer me to what pages are highly confidential?

THE WITNESS: Are you talking about throughout -- in the confidential version, all of the parts of the confidential testimony that are --

MR. MITTLE: I'm not sure whether they are confidential or highly confidential. So I was wondering do you use highly confidential in your actual testimony or is part of the highly confidential your exhibits or is there an easy way for you to describe it to me?

THE WITNESS: In the highly confidential version, you will see that when you go through the testimony in those areas that are highly confidential, it will say highly confidential, but the material will be contained in there. Then later on, you will see confidential. So all that material will be contained. If you have a confidential version, when you get to those excerpts that say highly confidential, they will be Xed out.

> Okay. Thank you. MR. MITTLE: I see. HEARING EXAMINER: An objection?

MR. OLSON: No. Without double-teaming, I

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also wanted to also make one clarification in case we get into this.

Qwest is -- there are two versions of the Supplemental Protective Order, one of which relates to the Intrado data that the Hearing Examiner entered and as to which Qwest has access subject to the disclosure of who has access.

On the other version that was entered by the Commission -- or I should say, the original version was entered by the Commission and pertains to the survey responses. As to that only one Qwest attorney is permitted access. I think those are Exhibits E, N and P is my gauge of Mr. Ripperger's testimony. So that if there is any Cross-Examination about those, we need to be alerted so that we can make the appropriate exits here. Otherwise, I take it all of the Qwest people are signed up on all of the confidentiality requirements.

HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. And we gave Mr. Munn a variance yesterday.

MR. OLSON: Yes. I meant there's two sets of highly confidential data, one of which the rest of us for Qwest are not privy to.

HEARING EXAMINER: All right. I appreciate that, Mr. Olson. Hearing no objection,

what's been identified as Staff 1, 1-A and 1-B will be 1 admitted into the record and, Pat, I will rely on you 2 3 to seal both 1-A and 1-B and identify one as confidential and one as highly confidential. We will 4 figure out if we have to get into highly and super 5 highly information. We will worry about that later. 6 7 (Whereupon, STAFF EXHIBITS 1, 1-A and 1-B were admitted into evidence, a 8 9 copies of which may be found under 10 separate cover.) 11 HEARING EXAMINER: Ms. Reilly? 12 MS. REILLY: We tender Mr. Ripperger for Cross-Examination. I have extra copies of the 13 14 testimony if anybody needs it. 15 Which kind? HEARING EXAMINER: 16 MS. REILLY: I have a few of the confidential ones and a lot of the public ones. 17 18 HEARING EXAMINER: All right. I believe 19 Mr. Medeiros would care for one. 20 Mr. Munn, any questions of this witness? 21 MR. MUNN: Yes, Your Honor. 22 23 CROSS-EXAMINATION 24 25 BY MR. MUNN:

Good afternoon, Mr. Ripperger. 1 Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Munn. 2 Α. Mr. Ripperger, would you agree that based on 3 Q. the Commission's November 6th Order on Track A that 4 the purpose and scope of this hearing is limited to 5 6 evaluating the residential class of service for Track 7 A in this state? If I could, could I have a copy of that? Is 8 Α. 9 there a copy of that somewhere that I could have? 10 I can probably find one. Q. 11 MS. REILLY: I can give him mine. 12 MR. MUNN: Okay. Thank you. 13 MS. REILLY: (Hands document to witness.) 14 BY MR. MUNN: 15 This would be the November 6th Procedural Ο. 16 Order. 17 Α. (Witness refers to document.) 1.8 Q. My question really doesn't go to any 19 particular revision of that. I was asking your 20 understanding about the purpose and scope of this 21 hearing. Is it to address the residential Track A 22 market in New Mexico? 23 A. I believe that the Procedural Order was in

response to the submission of further evidence from

Qwest concerning Track A and Qwest's response to the

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facilitator's findings and his report on the Group 5 report. There is mention here not only of reviewing residential competition in the state but also its implications on the public interest.

- Q. Mr. Ripperger, is it fair to say that you have not presented any evidence of your own about the actual CLEC market share in New Mexico for the residential market?
- A. What I've done is reviewed the evidence that Qwest has presented on what they believe the residential market share is in the state. Upon my review, I revised what I believe are Qwest's representations as to the amount of residential service in the state.
- Q. You have responded to Qwest's testimony; right?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. And again, I want to make clear I'm not throwing stones. I'm just trying to verify that there's not some independent analysis of market share that you are presenting or independent evidence of how many access lines a particular customer has in the state. I mean, you are responding to what Qwest put forward. Is that fair?
  - A. Well, in responding to what Qwest has put

forth, it also addressed the issue or the concept of a de minimis number of customers in the state. So how that relates to market share may be one thing.

But my testimony did definitely address the number of residential customers being served by a variety of means that Qwest has put forth in its testimony.

- Q. Mr. Ripperger, you would agree, would you not, that in the BellSouth Louisiana 2 Order, which we've discussed in the last two days quite a bit, that the FCC found in that Order that the best reading of Track A is that if there is business facilities-based competition in this state that the residential component of Track A could be satisfied wholly through resale?
- A. I believe that they said that it would be -they would consider resale, which is different than
  they would actually approve the resale.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, may I approach?

I'm looking at Paragraph 48 in the BellSouth Louisiana

2 Order.

HEARING EXAMINER: Sure.

MR. MUNN: But you have a copy of that?

THE WITNESS: I've got a copy of that.

HEARING EXAMINER: Paragraph?

MR. MUNN: It's Paragraph 48 on Page 36.

Did you say Page 46?

BY MR. MUNN:

- Q. No, I'm sorry. It's Paragraph 48, Page 36.
- A. (Witness refers to document.)

THE WITNESS:

Q. Just kind of keeping that thought in mind, I'd like to ask you sort of a foundational question.

Mr. Ripperger, you would agree, would you not, that the New Mexico Commission should implement the FCC's test for Track A as well as other relevant FCC precedent.

Isn't that accurate?

- A. Well, yes. I believe that the Commission should review the FCC's evaluation that the other BOCs have gone through in the FCC's Track A analysis.
- Q. In fact, at Page 9 of your testimony at Line 20, you actually agree, don't you sir, that the Commission should refer to and implement the four-part test established by the FCC in the Ameritech Michigan Order as well as other relevant FCC precedent that you refer to in analyzing whether Qwest satisfies Track A in New Mexico?
- A. In that Order -- that is the Order which -- the Ameritech Michigan Order was the Order in which the FCC laid out comprehensively the evaluation of

1 Track A. Right. And what I just read is your 2 Q. testimony that you have prefiled; correct? 3 Α. 4 Yes. And are you backing away from that testimony 5 Q. today or do you still stand by that? 6 7 Now, you are asking me whether or not the Α. Commission should use the four-part test used in the 8 Ameritech Michigan Order. Then separately, you 9 reference a Paragraph 48. Is it Paragraph 48? 10 11 We are not there yet. I'm simply asking you 12 about -- I assume you are not backing away? 13 A. No, absolutely not. We just read from Page 9, Lines 20 through 23 14 Q. of your testimony. That's still your testimony today; 15 16 correct? 17 Α. Lines 20 through 24 or so, you mean? 18 Q. Yes. Our pagination may be different, but it 19 was the phrase beginning with, quote, 'like the multi-state facilitator, the Commission should refer 20 21 to and implement the four-part test' and it goes on? 22 Α. Yes.

test from the Ameritech Michigan Order, but other relevant FCC precedent.

And you mention there, not only the four-part

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Isn't that your testimony?

A. Yes.

Okay. I would like for you to look at

- Q. Okay. I would like for you to look at Paragraph 48. Since you've indicated that you thought that there was just some intimation about resale residential competition being -- I'd like for you to read into the record beginning with 'we note,' the very beginning of Paragraph 48?
- A. This is the Ameritech Michigan Order, Paragraph 48.
- Q. If I said Ameritech Michigan, that is a mistake and I apologize. It should be the BellSouth Louisiana 2 Order. I apologize.
  - A. Oh, I'm sorry.
- Q. It's the one we were looking at before I asked you the question about your testimony.
- A. Right. You want me to read from Paragraph
  48?
  - O. Correct.
  - A. From where it starts 'we note'?
  - Q. Yes, sir.
    - A. We note, however, that reading the statutory language to require that there must be facilities-based service to both classes of subscribers to meet Track A could

1 produce anomalous results. There appear 2 to be overriding policy considerations 3 that lead to a contrary construction of the statutory language. In particular, if 4 all of the requirements of Section 271 5 6 have been satisfied, it does not appear to 7 be consistent with Congressional intent to exclude a BOC from the inter-region 8 9 interLATA markets solely because the 10 competitor service for residential customers is wholly through resale. 11

In reading that, this said -- in reading that they said that they would consider resale. It's implied in that paragraph.

But the question is whether or not in considering resale any of the BOC applications to the FCC have passed on the basis of resale.

- Q. Mr. Ripperger, you are not an attorney, are you?
  - A. No.

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Q. So when you testified, you discussed in, I think, your written testimony, and we certainly heard a lot of questions today, about the fact that a particular Order wasn't granted or not, is it fair to say you're not aware of the legal effect -- what the

legal effect is of an FCC Order in which the ultimate 271 Application was denied?

MS. REILLY: I object. This Counsel has asked this witness to comment on this case and on this paragraph and he should not now be entitled to impeach the witness' understanding of the FCC precedent that he has asked him to testify to.

MR. MUNN: Okay. I guess, first, I think I'm always entitled to impeach the witness. Secondly -- and I'm not doing that. I'm simply verifying that -- I don't need to ask a new line of questions. I mean, this is not related to my old line of questions. It would be a new line regarding the legal effect of the FCC denying a 271 Application and what effect that has on all of the pronouncements that the FCC has made in that Order. I'm making an assumption. I don't need to ask those. This witness is not an attorney. He's already told me that.

want to confirm that that can be a briefing point. I don't believe the witness is qualified. If he thinks he is I would be willing to hear the interpretations of Staff witness about the legal effect of a 271 Order such as BellSouth Louisiana 2 that was ultimately denied.

MS. REILLY: I would also add that both Mr. Teitzel and Mr. Badal testified to the legal effect of 271 Orders.

MR. MUNN: I would say that neither of them are attorneys, either, and your brief is going to be the place where you are going to address legal effect. I think his testimony sort of got into that some in the written testimony. If he somehow feels he is qualified to do that, I need to explore it.

HEARING EXAMINER: And your question was does Mr. Ripperger know the legal effect of an FCC 271 Order?

MR. MUNN: No. Actually, the question is

-- because there's been quite a bit of discussion, it

seems like, also with Cross questions but also in

Mr. Ripperger's testimony as well where he would

criticize an FCC Order being relied on for

precedential value because the Order itself is denied.

As a lawyer, I think there's a lot we can glean from

the Orders that are denied.

MS. REILLY: I will object to that representation of Mr. Ripperger's testimony.

MR. MUNN: I'm interested in if he thinks he's qualified to do that. If he's not, I'm ready to move on.

have been so many representations by all of the witnesses in this case to all of these FCC cases that you have provided for me and everybody seems to be picking and choosing the one phrase that they like about it and disregarding the others. So I'm sort of at a loss at this point.

I'll overrule the objection and,
Mr. Ripperger, you can -- since everybody else has
already testified to all these FCC Orders, if he can
answer Mr. Munn's question, please do so.

THE WITNESS: Would you rephrase the question again?

## BY MR. MUNN:

- Q. Sure. Mr. Ripperger, are you here to provide testimony that an FCC -- or are you here to provide testimony about what the legal effect is of an FCC Order that is denied when an Application to the FCC is denied, what precedential value that Order may have on the information provided by the FCC?
- A. My testimony has provided my interpretation of what I see as some of the history behind Track A. Then I've also gone into my interpretation of FCC Orders and what I would read of them, not from any kind of expert legal background, but simply from a

background of a witness who needs to provide some sort of a history in evaluating evidence and the legal precedent that Qwest has put forth in its testimony.

- Q. So I'm not hearing a no there, so let me ask you another question. Mr. Ripperger, is it your opinion that if the FCC denies a 271 Application -- let's take Ameritech Michigan as an example.
  - A. Yes.

Q. -- that it is of no precedential value for determination about what is required to meet 271 requirements?

MS. REILLY: I object. This is beyond the scope of this witness' testimony. He never once said a case did or didn't have precedential value. The witness testified and if you can point me to a place in his testimony where he said something does not have precedential value, I will stand corrected.

The witness testified that Qwest's representation that the FCC had held that the residential component of Track A could be satisfied solely through resale was wrong because in the case where that language appeared, the FCC did not approve the Order based on resale. That is not saying it has no precedential value because the Application was denied. That goes straight to refuting what Qwest has

offered the case for on a factual basis. 1 2 MR. MUNN: I stand by my statements. 3 think Mr. Ripperger has been critical that we have -that Owest has relied on FCC Orders in which the 4 ultimate decision was denial of the FCC Application. 5 I don't agree that there's any basis for criticizing 6 7 someone for looking at an FCC Order and what it says is required. I'm trying to find out if he's still 8 9 standing by that and explore that position. 10 HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Ripperger, in your 11 testimony did you testify as to precedential value of 12 any of these cases? 13 THE WITNESS: No, not as far as -- no, 14 not in a legal precedential value. I evaluated FCC 15 Orders or I looked at them to get an idea of what the 16 FCC had decided and put together -- like m for 17 Cricket, some sort of historical background to their 18 decisions. I looked at the basis for their decisions

HEARING EXAMINER: Your objection is sustained. Next question, Mr. Munn.

BY MR. MUNN:

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- Q. Mr. Ripperger, I'd like you to turn to Page 11 of your testimony.
  - A. (Witness complies.)

and how they weighed the evidence.

Q. The question and answer on that page I'd like for you to look at just so you are familiar with it.

When you are, I'd like to ask you a question.

- A. (Witness refers to document.) Okay.
- Q. Mr. Ripperger, wouldn't you agree that what is important about what the FCC said in the BellSouth Louisiana 2 Order or any Order is what would be required to meet the Track A test?
- A. If the FCC had stated that there were certain elements germane to meeting a Track A test, then they have said what they have said.
- Q. Thank you. At Page 15 of your Rebuttal
  Testimony, Line No. 8, you made the statement there on
  Line No. 8 that Mr. Teitzel also seems to be backing
  away from Qwest's previous claim that resale-based
  CLECs served 3,064 residential access lines via resale
  in New Mexico.

Did I accurately read Lines 8 and 9 of your testimony?

A. Yes.

- Q. Mr. Ripperger, you do understand, do you not, that the 3,064 residential resale number for New Mexico was at a particular snapshot in time?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. That being April 30th, 2001; correct?

1 A. Yes.

- Q. How long have you worked in the telecommunications industry?
- A. I've worked with Staff here for three-and-a-half years. I've been involved in telecommunications for a little over two years.
- Q. So is it fair to say that the numbers for, say, a residential resale number in New Mexico would be a dynamic number?
- A. I would think that any number for any number of customers through any mode of service would be dynamic.
- Q. Okay. And it may be that I've just kind of read your testimony wrong. You used the term backing away?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Like we are somehow retreating from the 3,064 number. So let me just ask you this question: Do you have any evidence that Qwest is backing away from the testimony that's in the record that as of April 30th, 2001, there were 3,064 residential resale lines in New Mexico?
- A. I would say that Qwest has updated and affirmed the fact that the number of residential resale lines has been reduced over time.

Q. My question to you was: Do you have any evidence that Qwest is backing away that as of April 30th, 2001, the number was 3,064?

- A. No, not as of that date, no.
- Q. Mr. Ripperger, you would agree, would you not, that one CLEC, Comm South, as of November 15th, 2001, was providing 1,369 residential resale lines in Qwest's service territory in New Mexico?

MS. REILLY: Can the witness be given a cite?

MR. MUNN: Sure.

MS. REILLY: There are a great many facts and numbers in this case.

MR. MUNN: Fair enough.

BY MR. MUNN:

- Q. Mr. Ripperger, you can turn to your Attachment B to your testimony. You can also turn to Page 15, Lines 17 through 18.
  - A. (Witness refers to document.)
- Q. When you look at those, I'll ask the question again if that would help.
  - A. You said how many?
  - Q. 1,369.
  - A. You said Exhibit C?
- Q. It's Exhibit B, Exhibit MSR-B. It's the Comm

South data request response to Track A local exchange service survey. It's actually No. 3 on that page.

A. Right. I see.

- Q. Okay. So after reviewing that, you would agree, would you not, that one CLEC, Comm South, is providing 1,369 residential resale lines in Qwest's service territory in New Mexico as of November 15th, 2001?
- A. Yes, that's the date I believe they submitted that.
- Q. Mr. Ripperger, are you aware that -- I think the record is undisputed that Cricket is offering broadband PCS service in the Albuquerque and New Mexico (sic) markets in New Mexico.

Is that correct?

- A. I think that's safe to say.
- Q. I'm eliminating questions. You've actually answered some in your earlier discussion.
  - A. Okay.
- Q. Mr. Ripperger, let's turn to Cricket service, if you will, for a minute. Would you agree that a broadband PCS service such as Cricket can compete with Qwest's wire-line service even if the customer at issue does not disconnect their Qwest land line?
  - A. I have no idea. I mean, I would need to be

presented with the proper evidence that would actually show that a Cricket customer has either substituted their Qwest land line or foregone a future line, Qwest line for Cricket. And I have seen no evidence in that regard.

Q. Okay. So I think your answer to my question, you have -- while not answering yes, I think you have. Let me explore your answer a little bit more.

You have said that foregoing acquiring another Qwest line would, in your mind -- if you saw evidence of that -- would be replacing Qwest's service with Cricket service; correct?

- A. I mean, if I saw the appropriate type of evidence, and the appropriate type of evidence has been laid out in the BellSouth Louisiana Order, the second one.
- Q. Mr. Ripperger, I'm not asking you to make a decision about evidence or what evidence has been presented. Let me be clear. Let me ask you a hypothetical, so you're not concerned about actual evidence.

Hypothetically, if a customer purchased Cricket PCS service instead of purchasing a Qwest second line, that would be an example of Cricket PCS service replacing a Qwest land-line service; correct?

A. That would be an example.

Q. Also, if, for example, a customer keeps a Qwest -- and this is a hypothetical again. I'm not saying that I'm presenting new evidence in my question.

A. Sure.

Q. If a customer keeps a Qwest wire-line for data because they have only one line in their house and they decide, hey, this Internet thing with my dial-up connection is a really neat deal and I like to surf the net alot but it's kind of a problem because I only have one phone line and I need to talk to people, talk to mom or whatever they want to do. So they decide, okay, I'm going to keep my Qwest wire-line but instead of getting a second Qwest line for voice, I'll use Cricket PCS for voice and just use my regular Qwest line for data.

Wouldn't that also be an example of a replacement of Cricket for a wire-line service?

- A. Hypothetically speaking.
- Q. If someone, certainly, disconnects a Qwest wire-line altogether, that would be an example; correct?
- A. If a person is using one form of telecommunications service and instead opts for

another form of telecommunications service, then that would be a substitution.

Q. Great. And are there additional instances where no disconnect would be involved? I just want to make sure that I understand what your testimony is regarding Cricket.

Say, someone new comes to the Santa Fe area so they have never had a residence here and instead of signing up for Qwest's wire-lines so there is no disconnect at all, they sign up off the bat with Cricket service.

That would also be a replacement for wire-line service; correct?

- A. It would depend upon what that person intended to use the service for or how they characterized it. It could be temporary, whereas they would possibly get a Cricket phone, but always intend to get a Qwest land-line phone. Then it would not be a substitute. It really depends on whether or not that customer would consider that good to be a substitute.
- Q. Fair enough. So let's say in the hypothetical would the customer who just moved to Santa Fe from out-of-state never signs up for a Qwest wire-line, doesn't want one, they sign up for Cricket

service and that's their voice line, and that's what they use, that would be considered a replacement of a land-line even though there is no disconnect; correct?

- A. If you are saying in the absence of Cricket that they would get a Qwest wire-line but instead they come to town and there is available both Cricket and Qwest, but instead of getting Qwest wire-line, they get Cricket, that would be considered a substitute.
- Q. You bring up the point Qwest land-line, just to be clear, that would be a substitute for wire-line telephony whether they said, I was going to sign up for CLEC XYZ's wire-line service or Qwest's wire-line. It doesn't matter it was Qwest. They are replacing wire-line service with Cricket in that hypothetical; correct?
- A. It really depends upon what that person's original intent would have been for wire-line service. It could be that they come to town and consider both Qwest wire-line and Cricket to be complements whereby they would never substitute one for the other. But they would come to town and purchase Cricket service and not purchase Qwest's wire-line. It really depends upon what that customer considers the product to be.
- Q. Mr. Ripperger, you would agree, sir, that in the BellSouth Louisiana 2 Order at Paragraph 31 that

the FCC stated that evidence of marketing efforts by broadband PCS providers designed to induce such replacement are also relevant.

Isn't that correct?

- A. In the universe of their considerations of evidence for the replacement of wire-line service with broadband PCS service, that is one of the considerations.
- Q. And my question is not is that the entire universe. My question is didn't the FCC say marketing efforts would be relevant?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. And you would agree, would you not, that
  Attachments B and J to Mr. Badal's October 5th
  affidavit and Exhibit JWB-2 to Mr. Badal's November
  16th Direct Testimony show that Cricket is advertising
  their broadband PCS service as a replacement for
  wire-line service; correct?
- A. I'd like to say that, yes, that's evidence that they are marketing their service as a replacement for wire-line. But I would like to say that that is not the primary consideration that the FCC gave to the evidence for broadband PCS in the BellSouth Louisiana case.
  - Q. That wasn't my question, so if you could

please just listen to my questions. I want to -- I didn't interrupt you because I kind of don't want to do that, but if you could, listen to the questions.

A. Sure.

- Q. Mr. Ripperger, would you agree that Qwest has presented affidavits from actual customers in New Mexico who have subscribed to Cricket's PCS service and canceled their Qwest wire-line service?
- A. They have supplied affidavits from customers who have taken on service from Qwest.
- Q. Those are the three affidavits attached as JWB-3 to Mr. Badal's Direct Testimony; correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. So you would agree, at least, that those would be three examples of customers who have replaced their wire-line service with Cricket PCS?
- A. Well, I can say with one of them that instead of replacement, it would be -- I would say that this would be as an alternative to an additional land line. That's not a replacement of a current land-line.
- Q. Right. I think you have already testified in a hypothetical situation if you decided not to get a Qwest second land-line but decided to get Cricket PCS service, that would be a replacement of a land-line service with Cricket PCS.

So I think what you have said is you accurately read the affidavit of Ms. Walden, which I believe is the first one where she says that she purchased the Cricket service as an alternative or instead of getting an additional land-line for her children and herself; right?

A. That's what the affidavit says.

Q. So your testimony, I think, you mentioned some qualification about these three affidavits.

Is there anything in these three affidavits that you can point to that would qualify or in some way challenge the fact that these are evidence of these customers for going and getting a first or second line from Qwest and instead replacing that need that they had with the Cricket PCS?

- A. Well, what I'd like to say is for some reason my version has two affidavits instead of three. So if I could get a copy -- what am I doing? Here we go.

  No, that was what I was looking at.
  - Q. If you can tell me --
- A. I've got one for Lisa Campbell and one for Nancy Walden.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, if I could approach. These affidavits are short and it won't take long.

HEARING EXAMINER: 1 Sure. MR. MUNN: (Counsel hands document to 2 3 witness.) (Whereupon, a brief discussion was 4 5 held off the record.) Your Honor, since that's my MR. MUNN: 6 7 only copy, is it all right if I stand there? Sure, as long as Pat 8 HEARING EXAMINER: 9 can see you and hear you. 10 BY MR. MUNN: 11 Mr. Ripperger, have you had a chance to read 12 the affidavit of Stephanie Gallegos? 13 Α. Yes, I have. 14 Is there anything in that affidavit that Q. 15 would qualify in any respect the fact that 16 Ms. Gallegos is using her Cricket PCS phone and 17 actually not obtaining a wire-line phone at all? 18 Α. She says she formerly had a land-line service 19 and terminated it six months ago. She says, I also 20 subscribe to Cricket service for my teenage daughter 21 who lives with me. It says later that she terminated 22 her land-line service. 23 I don't know if that really points to the 24 fact that she is has actually substituted or she just

got sick of her land-line service and just decided to

carry a phone.

- Q. Are you clear from reading this affidavit that she has terminated her land-line service?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Are you clear that she is now using a Cricket phone, at least since the date of this affidavit which is November 15th?
  - A. It says:

I formerly had land-line service at my residence but terminated that service approximately six months ago. I also subscribe to Cricket's service for my teenaged daughter who lives with me.

- Q. If you would, then, read with respect to the affiant just talking about her daughter. But in Paragraph 2 doesn't she say she subscribed to wireless telephone service through Cricket Communications and she subscribed with them for approximately seven months?
  - A. Right.
- Q. Okay. Thank you. Mr. Ripperger, is it fair to say that you have no knowledge of any FCC 271 Order that says this Commission should not count customers who are high credit risks in the Track A analysis?
  - A. What the FCC does talk about is what is a

competing provider.

Q. Okay, Mr. Ripperger, could you actually answer my question before you talk about answering another question.

My question is: Are you aware of any FCC Order where the FCC has said that this Commission or any other Commission should not count customers who are high credit risk in the Track A analysis?

MS. REILLY: That question was asked and answered. Mr. Munn doesn't have to like the witness' answer.

MR. MUNN: Actually, the witness didn't answer the question.

HEARING EXAMINER: I didn't hear the answer, either.

THE WITNESS: I have not read anything in any FCC Order that specifically points to high risk customers. It does talk about competing providers, which is a relevant topic which relates to whether or not, you know, the BOC and the CLEC are serving the same customers.

## BY MR. MUNN:

- Q. You seem to be fairly familiar with the Ameritech Michigan Order; correct?
  - A. I have read it.

- Q. Okay. Hasn't the FCC there -- and this is actually at Paragraph 77 and footnote 170, do you have that cite there?
  - A. Paragraph 77, footnote 170?
  - Q. Yes.
  - A. (Witness refers to document.) Yes.
- Q. Doesn't the FCC say there that they have acknowledged that the House of Representatives rejected a version of Track A that would have demanded the presence of a CLEC capable of offering service that is comparable in price, in features and in scope to that offered by the BOC?
- A. It's interesting that you should bring that up because what I'm wondering is are they talking about two products that are the same in all of those in price, features and scope? Or do they allow the comparison of products which may differ in any one of those? Are they saying that the -- in the comparison of these two products, do they have to be the same in all of those features?
- Q. Mr. Ripperger, that's not my question. My question is: Is that what the FCC says there in footnote 170?
  - A. I mean --
  - Q. You have agreed with me that we need to apply

the FCC's principles in evaluating Track A, so I'm trying to nail down what the FCC's principle is.

Haven't you read that here?

A. A literal reading of the last line?

MS. REILLY: I will object. Mr. Munn

MS. REILLY: I will object. Mr. Munn is not entitled to have this witness simply read from the Orders and not comment on it. He is here as a witness to testify about how these things relate to our case.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, I was under the impression that the witness was here on Cross-Examination to answer my question under oath.

HEARING EXAMINER: I am I'm going to -- if I'm correct, Mr. Munn, the pending question is do you see footnote 170 and what they have had to say. Then your question after that was?

MR. MUNN: My question was: Hasn't the FCC specifically said with respect to evaluating competing providers in the marketplace.

HEARING EXAMINER: In this case?

MR. MUNN: In this case, in the Ameritech Michigan Order, at footnote 170, the FCC has laid out that the House of Representatives actually rejected a version of Track A that would have demanded the presence of a CLEC capable of offering service that is comparable in price, in features and in scope to that

offered by the BOC.

HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Ripperger?

THE WITNESS: I would say that the reading of that, if it says that the House rejected something, it said specifically that, yes.

BY MR. MUNN:

- Q. Mr. Ripperger, are you aware of any FCC Order that says that customers who have been disconnected by the BOC but are now receiving local service from a competing provider should somehow not be considered for a Track A analysis?
- A. What I will say is that in the consideration in the FCC's evaluation of whether or not there is competition, they want to know whether or not the competing provider is serving the same customers as the ILEC. If a customer is disconnected and is refused service by the ILEC, they are no longer a customer of the ILEC.
- Q. So is the answer to my question, no, you are not aware of any FCC Order that says disconnected customers are not appropriate to consider in the Track A analysis?

MS. REILLY: The witness has answered the question. He is not obligated to give a yes or no answer.

So is that a comment 1 HEARING EXAMINER: 2 or an objection? MS. REILLY: That is an objection. 3 apologize. 4 5 HEARING EXAMINER: Overruled. You didn't 6 specifically answer the question. 7 THE WITNESS: Okay. 8 HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. So he is asking 9 you whether or not you are aware of any --10 THE WITNESS: Not in that specific 11 language, no. 12 HEARING EXAMINER: Then I heard the rest 13 of your answer. 14 THE WITNESS: Okay. 15 HEARING EXAMINER: Go ahead, sir. 16 BY MR. MUNN: 17 Mr. Ripperger, is it fair to say to say that 18 most customers who are disconnected, say, from the BOC 19 would, say, for the case of non-payment, a non-payment 20 issue, that they would probably do what it took to be 21 able to pay and sign back up for service with the BOC 22 in a short period of time? 23 I would say that would depend upon what Α. 24 choices they have. If they can easily substitute 25 something, then maybe they would take that choice.

they don't have any good choices, then I would think they would want to stay with the BOC and do what they could to stay with the BOC.

Q. So whether they would immediately be signing

- Q. So whether they would immediately be signing up for services of the BOC or some other competing provider usually, in your general experience in the telecom industry, if somebody is disconnected in a relatively short period of time if they are financially able they will do what it takes to get phone service again; correct?
- A. At the point that the BOC decides that that customer again qualifies for service, then at that point they would become a customer of the BOC. If the customer should come back and not financially qualify, they are not a customer.
- Q. Mr. Ripperger, I'd like for you to turn to Page 52 of your testimony?
  - A. (Witness complies.)
- Q. Starting -- I guess it technically starts on Line 19 on my copy. It says:

In my analysis I assume 30 percent of Qwest's customers who purchase Qwest DSL service have a second line.

Do you see that?

A. Yes.

MS. REILLY: I don't see it. 1 MR. WITT: It's not in my copy. 2 MR. MITTLE: Mine is confidential. 3 MS. REILLY: Can you tell us what the 4 5 question is again? The question is: Has any 6 MR. MUNN: 7 other evidence surfaced? And this is -- that's a 8 good point. This is on a confidential version. 9 don't think this part, which is just Mr. Ripperger's 10 assumption, is confidential, but it is in the 11 confidential parens. 12 THE WITNESS: Yes, I don't believe it --13 it should be in the confidential version or in the 14 highly confidential version but not in the public. 15 BY MR. MUNN: 16 I have the confidential version. Q. 17 Α. Sure. 18 First of all, that sentence I was beginning 0. 19 to read, is that just an assumption that you have 20 made? 21 Α. Yes, it's an assumption. 22 MR. MUNN: So, Your Honor, I assume you 23 were trying to protect Qwest information there. 24 HEARING EXAMINER: Absolutely. But my 25 Page 51, that's not redacted out.

1 MS. REILLY: It's Page 52. 2 MR. MUNN: It should be Page 52. 3 HEARING EXAMINER: Oh. I thought you were talking about the last line at 51 that says on 4 5 Page 2, Attachment F. 6 MR. MUNN: No, Your Honor. I'm sorry if 7 I was unclear. It's on Page 52, Line 19 is where it 8 starts. It is in the sort of regular confidential 9 In my analysis I assumed 30 percent. section. 10 HEARING EXAMINER: 11 BY MR. MUNN: 12 And that's an assumption that 30 percent of Q. 13 Qwest's customers who purchased Qwest DSL service have 14 a second line. 15 Just so we can tie this up, Mr. Ripperger 16 17 HEARING EXAMINER: Wait, wait, wait. 18 Now, since that is in the confidential version we need to go back and seal that part. 19 20 MR. MUNN: Okay. I believe that this is 21 not -- maybe some of the things around it would be 22 confidential. Mr. Ripperger, if you think it's 23 confidential, let's go on the confidential record but 24 I don't think the assumption is --

THE WITNESS:

I believe what would be

confidential is the exhibit. It's a discovery 1 2 response from which I took the numbers. Also what 3 would be confidential are the results of the calculations in the exhibit that I provide. 4 HEARING EXAMINER: You don't think that 5 6 the percentage that you just gave is confidential? 7 THE WITNESS: That percentage, the 8 rationale that I came up with for that came from a 9 newspaper article in the affidavit of John Badal. So 10 my assumptions come from that. 11 If you disinclude the numbers from the 12 exhibit from which I made the calculation and the final numbers, it's fine. 13 14 HEARING EXAMINER: All right. So is 15 Qwest satisfied that right now we haven't gotten into 16 the area that's considered to be confidential? 17 MR. MUNN: Yes, Your Honor. 18 HEARING EXAMINER: Do you plan on going 19 there? 20 MR. MUNN: No, I don't. I'm just talking 21 about the assumption he made. 22 BY MR. MUNN: 23 Q. Mr. Ripperger, you have kind of come up with 24 this 30 percent figure on your own. 25 assumption not based on a particular piece of

confidential evidence; correct? 1 2 That's correct. Α. And that ends my inquiry there. From Qwest's 3 Q. position I don't think we need to seal anything. 4 5 HEARING EXAMINER: All right. BY MR. MUNN: 6 7 I'm going to try this without my Order. Q. have to go get it, I will. Mr. Ripperger, isn't it 8 9 fair to say that in the FCC's Sixth Wireless Report 10 that they identified Cricket as an example of wireless service that would be a replacement for wire-line 11 12 service? 13 MS. REILLY: Can the witness have a cite? 14 MR. MUNN: Sure. 15 MS. REILLY: It's a big Order. 16 MR. MUNN: You are right. It is. This 17 would be --18 BY MR. MUNN: 19 Mr. Ripperger, do you have that Order with Q. 20 you, the Sixth Wireless Report? 21 I don't have the report. What I have is John 22 Badal's Direct Testimony. 23 MR. MUNN: Okay. I'll go get you a copy. 24 MS. REILLY: That actually raises a good 25 That actually is beyond the scope of this

witness' testimony. He didn't testify about the Sixth report.

HEARING EXAMINER: No, but he testified about Cricket. So I'm going to allow the question.

BY MR. MUNN:

- Q. Mr. Ripperger, if you could, turn to Page 33 of the FCC's July 17th, 2001, Sixth Wireless Report.
  - A. (Witness complies.)

- Q. If you could, the paragraph that I just pointed out to you, would you read the first two sentences of that paragraph?
  - A. A few wireless carriers have begun offering service plans designed to compete directly with wire-line local telephone service.

    For example, Leap, through its Cricket subsidiary, now offers its comfortable wireless mobile telephone service in 12 markets, predominantly in the south and southwest.
- Q. Mr. Ripperger, later on at the very bottom of the page that you are on and the top of the next page, 34, doesn't the FCC acknowledge that Leap, the parent company of Cricket, that that company states that about half of their customers view their phones as replacements for first or second lines?

A. Starting at 'according to Leap'?

Q. Yes, sir.

A. (Witness refers to document.) They quote Leap on that, yes.

Mr. Munn, are we done with this one?

- Q. I think we are done for good, with that Order.
  - A. Okay.
- Q. Just so you know, I don't think we are going to have a whole lot longer here.
  - A. That's okay.
- Q. Mr. Ripperger, would you agree, sir, that portability would be an advantage that PCS service has over wire-line service?
  - A. For some folks, possibly.
- Q. So for these people who like the fact that they can move around with, say, a Cricket PCS phone, that would make Cricket more attractive than a traditional wire-line phone to those people; correct?
- A. Different features for different telecommunications products would seem more attractive to certain people.
- Q. Mr. Ripperger, I'd like for you to turn to Mr. Badal's testimony, Exhibit JWB-2, which is a Cricket mailer.

A. (Witness complies.)

Okay.

- Q. Sir, before we talk about that, isn't it fair to say that on Page 47 of your testimony that you've indicated that Cricket services may appeal to those who no longer qualify for Qwest's land-line service?

  Do you remember saying that in your testimony?
  - A. Yes.

1.2

- Q. By that, do you mean that Cricket would only apply to people who couldn't qualify for Qwest or do you mean that would just be a sub-set of the people who might be interested in Cricket?
- A. What I would be saying there is that for those people who have been disconnected, if they wanted a telecommunications service and can no longer go back to the BOC, in going out of the market then Cricket might seem attractive to them. You know, if they just wanted some form of telecommunications service.
- Q. So that would be one group of customers that may be interested in Cricket; correct?
  - A. Possibly, yes.
- Q. My question is: Is it your testimony, in your written testimony or here today, that that's all the body of customers that would be interested in

Cricket or just one sub-set of the body of customers that would be interested in a Cricket service?

- A. I think if you talk about the body of customers who may be interested in Cricket, it's hard to say who those people are and exactly why they would be buying Cricket. You would probably have to ask them.
- Q. Fair enough. If you could, turn to Exhibit JWB-2.
  - A. (Witness complies.)
- Q. Based on your experience in the telecommunications industry and just based on your having lived however many years you've lived, would you look at this chart on the bottom of JWB-2?
  - A. Yes.

Q. When you see the first comparison there between another home phone to a second wire-line or Cricket wireless, there you've got the expensive installation charge of up to \$75.00. With Cricket, no installation charges.

Would you agree that that would at least be a positive thing for a Cricket customer to see?

- A. That's one factor of many.
- Q. Sure. I'm not asking if that solves everything for them.

1 A. Sure.

Q. But that's one piece of positive good news for them.

Is that correct?

- A. Uh-huh.
- Q. When you say uh-huh, is that yes for the Court Reporter?
- A. Well, given the choice of an up-front charge of \$75.00 and no charge up front, then I would say that would be a positive.
- Q. Great. If you can just read, then, the bottom one of these, I'm not going to read through each of these, but if you can look at them in summary, does this make sense to you that at least the comparison here between getting a land-line versus a Cricket wireless phone, that each of these things in the Cricket column would be one piece of evidence that would make Cricket attractive to someone who was in the marketplace?
- A. I would say it's an incomplete piece of evidence. I would say that along with these positives you need to mark down the negatives.
- Q. All I'm asking is that if these things listed on their mailers are positives, if you would agree with that?

A. No. I would say some of them might be inaccurate. We've got high monthly bill here and you've got one low price, 29.95, for all local calls. You can get a land-line phone, make local calls and pay a basic rate for less than that.

- Q. And when you say you, you understand this is a Cricket direct mailer; correct?
- A. I don't understand what -- your characterization of that. Sorry.

- Q. It seemed to me from your response that you thought somehow Qwest, or me personally, we had written this document.
  - A. No, I understand that you haven't, no.
- Q. For example, even understand that a land-line phone is hard-wired to the house. With Cricket wireless phone you can take it with you all around town.

Would you think that would be attractive?

A. Well, portability could be a plus. Another interesting thing here says unpredictable charges.

When you look to the right it says you pay the same low price every month. Well, I mean, I don't know.

Is it possible that on your -- that you get your home phone line that a lot of the charges are not unpredictable. You know, I mean, there's a listing of

positives and negatives. I waffle on a few and I might say there's a few positives on here but it doesn't list the negatives.

- Q. Sir, would you agree that the FCC has even acknowledged that customers may be willing to pay a premium for the mobility benefits of any type of a wireless service?
  - A. They may be.

- Q. Sure. Some people would say if you don't go anywhere, they probably wouldn't look to mobility; correct?
- A. Maybe. I think you would need to -- if you want to know the facts, you need to do a study, I think.
- Q. So people with agoraphobia who don't get out much, probably wouldn't view that as a plus?
  - A. We could poll them and find out, I guess.
- Q. Mr. Ripperger, would you agree with me that nothing in the Telecommunications Act of '96 and nothing in the FCC's Orders requires a CLEC to serve exactly the same customers by the BOC for that CLEC to be considered -- or competing provider -- to be considered under Track A?
- A. I would say that in the FCC's discussion of a competing provider there's an implication that there

would be competition for the BOC's customers.

Q. And?

- A. And you want me to say if there's anything specific that I know of?
- Q. Correct, and is there anything that's mentioned in the Telecommunications Act of 1996 or the FCC's Order evaluating that Act that requires a CLEC to serve exactly the same customers as those served by the BOC to be considered for Track A?
  - A. Not in those words.
- Q. Mr. Ripperger, you are an economist here at the New Mexico Staff; correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Are you familiar with what the -- I don't think I need to ask you that question. It was going to be really good too. I feel bad. Kind of leave you hanging there.
  - A. Oh, well.
- Q. Mr. Ripperger, are you aware of shared tenant services being provided in Santa Fe or Albuquerque?
- A. I don't know of any specific example. Are you talking about an actual customer of shared tenant services in Albuquerque or Santa Fe?
- Q. Well, actually, not that kind of boxed in.

  Are you aware of shared tenant services being provided

anywhere in Santa Fe or Albuquerque? 1 MS. REILLY: This is not exactly an 2 objection, but can we tie this to Mr. Ripperger's 3 testimony somehow? 4 Actually, we can. 5 MR. MUNN: 6 MS. REILLY: Okay. I'd appreciate that. 7 BY MR. MUNN: Sure. Mr. Ripperger, on Page 32 of your 8 0. 9 testimony, Lines 12 through 19, you discuss an 10 apartment building or apartment complex being served 11 by a CLEC-owned PBX system. 12 Do you see that? 13 Α. Yes. 14 Wouldn't that be an example of shared tenant Q. 15 services? 16 I don't know if technically the term shared Α. 17 tenant services -- the service of a multiple dwelling 18 unit or PBX. If that's the same thing, then we could 19 equivocate those two. 20 So you are aware of apartment complexes where 21 people live being served by a CLEC through a PBX 22 system in either Santa Fe or Albuquerque; correct? 23 I don't know of any specifically that are Α.

up the example to say that it's possible that that

served that way in Santa Fe or Albuquerque. I brought

24

could be the situation.

- Q. Okay. Based on what you've discussed here in your testimony at Lines 12 through 19, you believe that the people that live in this apartment complex should appropriately be classified under a business class of service when they get their phone service; correct?
- A. The customer would be -- the owner of the apartment complex who would be billed by the ILEC or CLEC for the PBX and the access lines that run to the PBX.
- Q. Was the answer to my question yes, they should be categorized as business, that service should be categorized as business service?
  - A. Oh, yes, categorized as a business service.
- Q. So if a CLEC in Santa Fe or Albuquerque viewed this the way you do in answering the Commission's survey, then, if they were providing service to people's residences in an apartment complex, they could, if their mindset was, hey, I'm providing business services to these peoples' homes or their line to their homes, they would then answer that question that that was a business service -- there wasn't residential service when they were -- let me rephrase that question. I'm sorry.

Is it fair to say that if a CLEC answering -- and this is a hypothetical.

A. Yes.

- Q. A CLEC answering the Commission's survey about residential access lines, if they viewed this same situation the way you do, which is that would be classified as business services, they wouldn't answer these customers in their residences as residential service; correct?
- A. I would think that they would answer that they would be suppled the camus trunks for emergency purposes and the access lines going to the PBX. Those access lines going to the PBX would be classified -- they would classify as business lines.
- Q. And the CLEC who was serving those customers at this apartment complex, if they viewed this the way you would, would check the business box instead of the residence box on the Commission's survey; correct?
- A. Well, I don't know the manner in which a CLEC would answer the survey per se. But if they were -- I would, in my view, if they were viewing it the way I view it, then they would be business customers of the ILEC, in my example, 100 access lines.
- Q. Is it fair to say that in apartment complexes served with a PBX system, but for that PBX system

being there, these customers would then likely obtain residential service from Qwest or some other competing provider?

- A. What I'm wondering is if the CLEC bills an apartment complex owner and then is in turn billed by Qwest, that Qwest wouldn't bill the apartment complex owner as a business for those access lines.
- Q. Okay. I'm sorry. That's not my question.

  My question is but for the PBX system being there and
  the apartment providing the phone service through the

  PBX -- let's remove that. Again, this is a

  hypothetical.
  - A. Yes.

- Q. Then wouldn't the most likely result be that these customers are going to obtain residential service for their residence from Qwest or some other company?
- A. My example does involve the PBX. If you removed the PBX and if they had lines running directly to Qwest's central office, then I guess Qwest would consider them to be residential customers.
- Q. Or any other provider that's giving them residential service; correct?
  - A. What.
  - Q. If the PBX system is removed they don't have

to just go to Qwest? Whether it's Qwest or some other provider of residential service?

A. Yes. If they are going to a CLEC switch or if the CLEC has those lines, then they would be the CLEC's customers.

HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Munn, I'm a bit troubled. Is the purpose of that line of inquiry to show that those would be potential customers or are we somehow getting into another potential area of other types of competition that relates to my question to Mr. Teitzel earlier today?

MR. MUNN: I think what I am using it, not thinking of all the possibilities of it, is that in answering the Commission's survey, I think accurate responses to the information survey are helpful.

This is not -- I'm not contributing any type of ill motive to any party answering because, as Mr. Ripperger said, and I don't attribute an ill motive to him, it's just a different view of what residential service would be serving residents with phone service, that he would view that as business.

So I think it's logical that if a CLEC shared his view, because I'm not trying to marginalize his view as being somehow a fringe view, if they shared that same view, they would report phone service

to residence customers as business.

So that there's the possibility -- I think
Mr. Ripperger alludes in his testimony here about
apartment complexes being served by PBX's, that in
that event it's very possible that we have had some of
these data request responses mislabeled.

HEARING EXAMINER: My understanding when I asked the question this morning of what is Qwest's position on what types of things you think the Commission should look at, it was resale and it was the PCS service slashed with Cricket.

I specifically asked him about CLECs and he indicated to me -- I believe his testimony was, I think there might be some competition, but that's not what I'm here to testify to.

MR. MUNN: That's right.

HEARING EXAMINER: I mean, now are you trying to say that there is some other -- that Qwest believes, through these questions, that there is some other type of competition that the Commission needs to look at, i.e., these PBX items?

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, Mr. Teitzel, I think, accurately answered in his capacity as a witness presenting testimony in this docket, which is really all he can speak to, he is not presenting

evidence about CLECs.

My point is that Mr. Ripperger, the Staff witness, has actually presented an inquiry here. I have never represented that I have some stack of documents or some evidence of this. I'm exploring a situation that he had raised in his testimony that could be occurring, assuming he has that there probably are apartments that are shared by PBX's.

I don't have any evidence to present to you and neither do my witnesses, to show that that's actually occurring as I sit here today.

By the way, I'm through with that line of questioning and I'm almost through with all of my questions.

HEARING EXAMINER: Yes. I just have a concern. I want to make sure that -- I realize that it's the end of the day and people are tired. But I want to make very sure that our record is as full and complete as the parties can make it, given the time frame of the case, et cetera.

And if the parties are going to bring in things, for lack of a better term, some aside type of issues in conjunction with the two major parts of Qwest's evidence, that I'm going to hear about it now. I don't want to hear about, well, we tried to present

evidence on that and we didn't get the opportunity to or, oh, we think the Commission should look at this when we haven't had any of the witnesses deal with it. That's why I specifically asked Mr. Teitzel that question this morning.

So like I say, I understand that people are in a hurry. But if there's going to be some other type of competition that the Commission needs to look at, I want to know today.

MR. MUNN: Fair enough. Your Honor, for Qwest's part, I have no other evidence to present to you. I wanted to inquire of Mr. Ripperger of his own testimony. But you can rest assured Qwest doesn't have evidence here, so we are not going to be complaining that we didn't have the opportunity to present to you or this Commission evidence on PBX apartment complexes in this hearing.

HEARING EXAMINER: All right.

MR. MUNN: If that is developed at some point in the future -- maybe it's too late. I'm not complaining that you have precluded us from doing it.

HEARING EXAMINER: All right, sir.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, just for ease of reference, this is a document already in the record.

It's a multi-state exhibit. But I think since we will

SANTA FE DEPOSITION SERVICE - (505) 983-4643 JANUARY 23, 2002 - UTILITY CASE 3269 - DAY TWO

be citing to it it may be helpful for you and for the Commission to actually have something that's not in a big stack. This is Exhibit DLT-3 in the multi-state. It's just a U. S. census table of populations. I can cite to it whether I introduce it here or not because it's in the record.

Would it be appropriate to have this marked as Qwest's next exhibit here? I've noticed we had some discussion this morning about transcripts which I've always understood were in the record. I thought this one piece of paper maybe helpful to you.

HEARING EXAMINER: It's the census from?

MR. MUNN: It's the census 2000 ranking of the states ranked by population. I can show it to you so you can decide if you want me to attach it.

HEARING EXAMINER: Any objection to what's been identified, now, I think, as Qwest Exhibit 5?

MS. REILLY: Ms. Hurst, it's hard for us to say until we know what the foundation Mr. Munn plans to lay to use this exhibit with this witness and how he plans to use it. Maybe we can see.

HEARING EXAMINER: Is there any dispute that it is what it is? That it's from the multi-state?

MS. REILLY: Well, I don't think this witness can --

MR. WITT: My question is was this provided as part of Mr. Teitzel's testimony? It appears that DLT-3 would be David L. Teitzel 3. I want to make sure that that's correct.

MS. REILLY: Suffice to say I don't mind if this witness refers to it for the questions. But I'm not sure yet that it needs to be introduced into our record through this witness. But I don't mind if we talk about it with this witness.

HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Munn, is this from Mr. Teitzel's testimony before the multi-state?

MR. MUNN: In the multi-state. Well, I can't remember if this was attached to Mr. Teitzel's testimony. I believe it wasn't. It was introduced and admitted in the multi-state process, which is already in the record here. I mean, we are certainly going to be citing to this. It's in the New Mexico record because it's in the multi-state. All I'm trying to do and if it's more hassle than it's worth I'll withdraw it, because I'm going to cite to it. But it keeps you and everybody else from having to dig through the multi-state files which are already in the record.

Well, it's going to be 1 HEARING EXAMINER: 2 identified as Owest Exhibit 5. We will just wait and 3 see if we want to admit it into the record. 4 (Whereupon, a document was marked 5 QWEST EXHIBIT 5 for identification.) 6 BY MR. MUNN: 7 Mr. Ripperger, you have before you what's Q. 8 been marked for identification as Qwest Exhibit 5, 9 which is a census ranking of states by population; 10 correct? 11 Α. Yes. 12 0. And in the exhibit what is the population 13 shown for the Sate of New Mexico for April 1, 2000? 14 Α. 1,819,046. 15 Mr. Ripperger, what is the population -- what 16 I'm doing here I want to compare the population as it 17 would be attractive to CLECs for this date vis-a-vis a 18 couple other states that the FCC has granted 19 authority. 20 So what is the population listed for the 21 State of Texas, sir? 22 Α. 20,851,820. 23 What is the population listed for the State Q. 24 of New York?

18,976,457.

Α.

1 Q. Okay.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, again we only offer this -- that would actually be a reoffer into evidence. It's already admitted into the record. If you want to mark it for identification purposes, I will be citing then to this number and the multi-state number because the multi-state number actually is an exhibit in the record.

I think in retrospect this is taking up time that neither I nor anyone else wants to take with this. This is a multi-state exhibit. Nobody contests that. I thought it would be more convenient for everyone to have a number here so people wouldn't have to dig.

HEARING EXAMINER: I don't know whether or not I've gotten an agreement that it's a multi-state agreement.

MR. MITTLE: I'm willing to go on Mr. Munn's representation. I have no objection.

MS. REILLY: I know this is odd. Can I ask Mr. Ripperger if you remember this as an exhibit from the Track A multi-state hearing?

THE WITNESS: No, I don't remember it.

MS. REILLY: Neither do I.

THE WITNESS: In fact, in rummaging

through Mr. Teitzel's exhibits I don't remember seeing it. It's possible I could have overlooked it, but I doubt it.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, I can represent as an Officer of the Court, this is Exhibit DLT-3 from the multi-state transcripts. Again, if it's problematic for the Court to admit it I will withdraw it, keeping in mind I'm not withdrawing it as an exhibit because it's already an exhibit in the multi-state and I'll cite to it. I was trying to save time. Believe it or not, I was trying to help everyone here. It sounds self-serving but it was true in this case.

HEARING EXAMINER: And I appreciate that.

I haven't heard a specific objection. Staff doesn't remember it but --

MS. REILLY: Well, I guess in terms of admitting it here if this witness cannot authenticate it, doesn't know where it came from, he doesn't recall it from the multi-state, in terms of admitting it, I guess we object.

In terms of referring to it, if Mr. Munn can provide us with a multi-state cite and authority in the record, well, there it is.

HEARING EXAMINER: I appreciate,

Mr. Munn, your attempt to provide the Commission with 1 documents without having to reference them. Actually, 2 sort of based on your representation, like I say, as 3 an Officer of the Court that this, in fact, was a 4 document that was presented, I'll admit it for 5 6 convenience. 7 (Whereupon, QWEST EXHIBIT 5 was admitted into evidence, a copy of 8 which may be found under separate cover.) 9 10 MR. WITT: I don't mean to confuse things 11 but Mr. Teitzel is sitting right here. If he says it's his exhibit, I'll believe him. 12 13 MR. MUNN: It was an exhibit introduced 14 by Qwest. I don't know if it was his exhibit. 15 MR. WITT: It was labeled DLT. 16 MR. MUNN: I think in the multi-state all 17 of our exhibits have to have a witness three-letter 18 attachment. I couldn't really testify there. 19 Although I talked a lot/ but they didn't let me 2.0 actually put my initials there, so I had to put 21 someone's. 22 MR. TEITZEL: Your Honor, I can confirm 23 that that was entered in the multi-state workshop. 24 HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you, Mr. Teitzel

Anything further?

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and Mr. Munn.

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MR. MUNN: Nothing further. I appreciate
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     it. Thank you, Mr. Ripperger.
                  THE WITNESS: You are very welcome.
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                  HEARING EXAMINER: Let's go off the
     record here a second.
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                   (Whereupon, a brief discussion was
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               held off the record.)
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                  HEARING EXAMINER: All right. We are
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     going to take a five-minute recess.
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                  (Whereupon, a brief recess was
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              taken.)
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                           EXAMINATION
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                  HEARING EXAMINER: Back on the record.
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     Mr. Witt, you have questions?
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                  MR. WITT: Yes, I do. Thank you, Your
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     Honor.
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                        CROSS-EXAMINATION
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     BY MR. WITT:
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               Good afternoon, Mr. Ripperger.
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              Good afternoon.
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          Q.
               How are you today?
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A. Good, good.

Q. I do have some follow-up questions that I'd like to ask you. First of all, if I can begin on Page 15 of your testimony, Line 8, just so that I can clarify, the sentence there reads:

Mr. Teitzel also seems to be backing away from Qwest's previous claim that resale-based CLECs serve 3,064 residential access lines via resale in New Mexico.

Just to clarify, you are not saying that Mr. Teitzel was wrong at the time he said that CLECs served 3,064 residential access lines?

A. No.

Q. But you are saying that it appears that the number of access lines that are being resold is diminishing.

Is that correct?

- A. Yes. I mean, it's evident that number is reduced over time.
  - Q. That number is reduced over time?
  - A. Right.
- Q. I think Mr. Munn characterized that as being dynamic. I guess I would ask you if you would characterize it the same way?
  - A. Dynamic implies that maybe it could go one

way or the other. I think it's evident that what we 1 are seeing in particular to Qwest's data response -- I 2 think it's to my -- let's see here. To -- well, 3 anyway, Exhibit MSRA and I'm not going to quote any 4 numbers. Well, it's not listed as confidential and I 5 6 quess it's not. But anyway, I won't mention numbers. 7 But they are being reduced over time steadily. It's a 8 trend.

- Q. Thank you. Now, in an open market where you are dealing with a monopoly whose market share is being eroded, would you expect that kind of a trend?
- A. I mean, you would expect the levels of known levels of competitive access to be increasing.
- Q. So you would expect the CLECs' market share to be growing?
  - A. I would expect that, yes.

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Q. Thank you. Mr. Munn also had you read two passages from the Sixth Report. I don't recall that he had any questions for you on those. He simply asked you to read from them.

I'm going to follow up by asking, do you have any comments on either of the passages that he asked you to read?

A. Well, I mean, it's evident that the FCC is quoting Leap Wireless. What is not evident is any

kind of comment by the FCC in there as to how valid those would be to a 271 Application. It's simply their quoting of the status of competition nationwide and using Leap's representations.

Q. Thank you. Now, there was a group of hypotheticals that Mr. Munn presented to you, one after the other.

Do you recall that?

A. Yes.

- Q. And I believe that they related to the substitution or replacement of service as between Cricket, for example, and Qwest?
  - A. Right.
  - O. Am I correct there?
- A. Uh-huh.
  - Q. Do you see any evidence on the record that would support any of those hypotheticals being true in any significant manner within the State of New Mexico?

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, I'm going to object at this point. Maybe this is my first time to New Mexico, but I'm going to object to, I don't know whether you would characterize it as friendly Cross or some type of additional Direct Testimony.

A party who is clearly in line with the Staff testimony, I mean Ms. Roth's testimony and

Mr. Ripperger's testimony vary in the length of the testimony but certainly not in the viewpoints expressed. This is simply a way to allow additional Direct Testimony into the record by a party who has certainly in this case, and I'm not saying that they are always aligned with the Staff, but certainly in this case their positions are identical and their testimony has exactly the same point. So I object. This is additional Direct.

MR. WITT: If I may respond. I believe that Mr. Munn in his Cross-Examination did not leave a very clean record and I would like to try to clean up that record.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, I think the purpose intimated there is that I would like to add some additional Direct things that would be friendly to Mr. Ripperger to help supplement his Direct Testimony in light of the Cross.

There was certainly no instance where Mr. Ripperger was unable to answer my questions and develop the record he chose to develop.

MR. WITT: On the contrary, Your Honor. What I'm really looking for is to understand Mr. Ripperger's testimony.

HEARING EXAMINER: Well, Mr. Munn, I

appreciate at least the appearance in your mind of allied forces. I think that on that particular subject matter there were a couple of questions there I had regarding Mr. Ripperger's testimony.

So I'm going to overrule your objection at this point. If it does appear too big a pattern and practice of inappropriate questions, then I will rely on you to make the appropriate objection and I'll make the appropriate ruling.

MR. MUNN: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. WITT: Thank you, Your Honor.

HEARING EXAMINER: So we have a pending

question?

BY MR. WITT:

- Q. If I may, let me try to rephrase it. With respect to the hypotheticals that Mr. Munn presented to you, do you have any evidence before you that any of those hypotheticals are substantially true at this time within the State of New Mexico?
- A. No. The bar that has been set and that I used for my evaluation was set by the FCC in the BellSouth Louisiana Order. It would require analysis, studies, statistics, something showing through to a pretty high degree whether or not there was any kind of substitution going on, which was their main concern

in that Order. That's the criteria that I used in evaluating what they presented to us. It's not a hypothetical.

- Q. So is it fair to say that the hypotheticals presented might be characterized as anecdotal as opposed to the product of a statistically valid study?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. Thank you. Have you seen such a study in these proceedings?
  - A. No, no studies were provided.
- Q. Thank you. Now, also on Page 52 of your testimony, Mr. Munn was asking you about Lines 19 through 22, if I recall correctly.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. At the very end of his questioning of you, he said words to the -- now these are my notes, so I'll stand corrected if you believe that he said something different.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. But did you come up with that assumption all by yourself, the assumption being that the assumptions stated in Lines 20 through 22?
- A. You are talking about Line 20 where I say assume 30 percent of Qwest's customers who purchased Qwest's DSL service have a second line?

Q. Correct, that's the assumption?

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A. The information that I got that from, there was an article that I quoted. There was a quote from someone named Mr. Atkins (sic) who says that 30 percent of those customers replace their second line with -- get rid of their second line when they get DSL. When Mr. Munn questioned me -- oh, no. This is 30 percent where they have a second line. The quote was that 30 percent of those customers divest themselves of a second line. That's what was in the newspaper article.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, I'll object at this point because I didn't ask him anything about this newspaper article and Attachment F. I asked him about the specific assumption on Lines 20 and 21 about Qwest customers who purchase DSL service have a second line. And I think the testimony is clear, this is another example, and I would object to it, of either a Redirect from AT&T -- I don't see any difference in what is occurring right now and Redirect. This is not an adversarial process where Mr. Witt is attempting to probe and attack the claims made by the witness, attack even in a polite manner. This is an attempt to try to develop Redirect. This is a continuing Direct Examination and I object to it.

MR. WITT: Well, Your Honor, when I took down the phrase you came up with this figure all by yourself, it struck me that that wasn't quite accurate. So I'm proceeding to see whether or not that is accurate.

HEARING EXAMINER: And I do recall that particular phrase, so I'm going to overrule your objection, Mr. Munn, because I think it was unclear.

I know that Mr. Ripperger did testify about a newspaper article preceding your question. Then he answered the question you asked. So I'm unclear as to exactly what the witness meant by that question.

MR. MUNN: Your Honor, I understand my objection is overruled, so I'm not trying to go there. But I think something is happening here on the record that is unfortunate. There is a confusion of the question that I asked and that Mr. Ripperger answered. I asked him about his statement, I assume, 30 percent of Qwest's customers who purchase Qwest DSL service have a second line. That's at Lines 20 and 21.

What Mr. Witt is now addressing -- and admittedly, these are confusing or at least what Mr. Ripperger is answering -- is a completely different assumption. Which is on Lines 21, 22 and

23. I didn't ask him about those.

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So this is not, I guess, in the form of an objection. I want the record to be clear that these answers are not to the questions that I asked because I was asking about that first assumption about purchasing DSL services, those customers have a second line. The second assumption is that they have divested themselves of their second line. Mr. Ripperger did cite to an attachment in Mr. Badal's affidavit for that. I didn't ask that question.

MR. WITT: Your Honor, that's not my recollection, but I yield to your decision.

HEARING EXAMINER: Well, my notes specifically said -- I mean, if you are telling me that you asked the question about 21 and 22, I don't have a reason to -- you know, somebody thinks one recollection and somebody has a different recollection.

Why don't we -- I will, since I don't recall, I will withdraw my ruling on that. I'll just say since there seems to be a difference of opinion as to exactly which lines, the record is going to speak for itself as to which lines. If the witness needs to clarify his answer, he can do so through Ms. Reilly on Redirect.

MR. WITT: There you go. 1 HEARING EXAMINER: Go ahead, Mr. Witt. 2 3 BY MR. WITT: Thank you. One last question, Mr. Ripperger. 4 Q. 5 In evaluating whether a replacement of one service for another has actually occurred, is the best evidence 6 7 the marketing effort of the company selling that service or would it be a study of actual consumer 8 decisions? 9 10 A study of actual consumer decisions. was stated specifically in the BellSouth Louisiana 11 12 Second Order. They go through a whole analysis of why 13 they rejected the evidence presented by BOC in that 14 instance. MR. WITT: Mr. Ripperger, thank you very 15 16 much. I have nothing further. Thank you, Your Honor. 17 HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you Mr. Witt. 18 Mr. Mittle, any questions of the witness? 19 MR. MITTLE: As represented, no. 20 HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you, sir. 21 Ripperger, thank you for appearing here today. 22 have a few questions. 23 THE WITNESS: Okay. 24

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### EXAMINATION

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### BY THE HEARING EXAMINER:

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Q. I also have the word dynamic circled. Now it sounds like you defined dynamic as a trend. I know that your discipline is economics.

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A. Yes.

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Q. So tell me how you are using or defining the word trend?

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A. A trend -- dynamic would mean that -- all it means is that it's subject to change and the predictability change is not known. When you talk about trends, predictability is brought into the change. So the more dynamic it is, the less

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predictable it is and the less of a trend you would

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see.

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Q. But it's your testimony, then, that in the context that the word dynamic was used and now that you use the word trend, are you saying that there is some kind of trend to the number of resold lines?

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A. Yes.

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Q. And what is it?

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A. Downward monthly.

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Q. So you are saying it's predictable that it's going to keep going down?

Well, when you talk about predictability you 1 Α. can look at data over time. And if it's established 2 long enough that they are -- let's say there is a 3 downward trend, then you could say the longer that 4 there's a downward trend the more predictable that, 5 let's say, the next month that you would look at the 6 number of lines and you could say that there's a good 7 chance that they will go down. That's predictability 8 9 due to a trend.

O. Okay.

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- A. If they were to go up one month, down one month, up one month, down one month, it would be very dynamic but you wouldn't see a trend. Well, the trend would be that it would be going up and down or all over.
- Q. Okay. I also have the words substitution and replacement circled?
  - A. Uh-huh.
- Q. Is there a difference in your mind? Do you recall, I think Mr. Munn was asking you the hypothetical that Mr. Witt just alluded to?
  - A. Uh-huh.
- Q. If this happened, what -- you know. For some reason I really seemed to hone in on sometimes you would use the word substitution and sometimes you

would use the word replacement.

So my question to you is do those two words mean different things to you and is that why you didn't use the same one?

- A. No. I think when you talk about replacement, you are pretty much talking about substitution. Where you have a good and that you would normally have that good and that instead of having that good you would replace it with something, you are, in essence, substituting. If you have a good and you would normally buy that good but then you purchase another good which you would normally not replace the original good with, that's a complement.
- Q. And I note in reference to Mr. Witt's question, you just talked about BellSouth and you talked about some kind of study, I think, with relationship to marketing.

Now, my question to you is right under paragraph -- my note on Paragraph 31, so it's probably in that area. I think that I made the notes in response to Mr. Munn's question about, oh, the various -- probably the web pages and marketing efforts. I think that you just answer to Mr. Witt that surveys would be good.

But my question to you is are there other

types of marketing efforts in addition to ads or surveys that are generally put forth that weren't elaborated in that BellSouth Order that you know of?

A. Not that I know of. I don't know to what degree they got into the marketing. There was -- actually, they did say that Alltel -- they did put forth evidence. They think that Alltel was -- or AT&T's digital 1 rate plan.

It says here on Page 32, Paragraph 43, while AT&T's advertising attempts to persuade customers to substitute AT&T's PCH service for wire-line service, we conclude that there is not sufficient evidence at this time to show that AT&T's digital 1 rate plan will have any significant effect in this regard.

So they did see that -- or evidence was provided that they were marketing in that way. But they didn't actually show that the customers were substituting the product. It's important because in the crux of the FCC in analyzing the evidence, they primarily wanted to know whether or not, conclusively, whether or not people were substituting, you know, their wire-line service for the wireless service presented as evidence by the BOC.

Q. I know that in your testimony, Mr. Ripperger,

you talk about some of the CLECs' service. Did you review all of the CLEC surveys that were presented to Track A?

- A. Did I review all of the CLEC service? I did my best to go through them and be comprehensive and document them in Exhibit MSRL. I believe that that one was the -- yes, it is MSRL, both for resellers and for facilities-based competitors.
- Q. Based upon your review of those surveys, do you have -- and this is sort of -- I'm still concerned about this.

Do you recall these PBX questions?

A. Yes.

- Q. That you were asked about?
- A. Uh-huh.
  - Q. Whether or not somebody else could have made a mistake, I think, regarding how they were characterized?
    - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay, on 32 and on -- based upon your review of the CLEC surveys and your understanding of the proceeding, Mr. Ripperger, do you have any reason to doubt that the information you looked at is somehow inaccurate?
  - A. No. And the reason being is that because

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those CLECs which were -- I mean, the CLECs who represented -- there are a number of ones who were providing to a smaller number of customers. And then one large CLEC -- that for the resale -- I mean, I believe those surveys are fine. For those CLECs who were represented to provide facilities-based residential service, they came out and said they have served absolutely none.

So in that regard I don't believe, according to those representations, that any of these major CLECs in the states they are serving any facilities-based residential service to customers at all, no.

- Q. But my question -- I understand that based upon your review, you don't believe that there's any facilities-based CLECs that are serving residential customers. But since I have some concern, do you believe that based upon your review of the information or the other information in this, do you have any reason to believe that some of the surveys were inaccurate because they might have checked the wrong box on the survey with regard to PBX or shared tenant service or multi-unit dwelling or whatever you want to call it?
  - A. No, because the major carriers, the major

CLECs in the state, when they were asked about whether or not they served residential customers, they simply said no.

Q. What about as far as the information that was provided to you by virtue of resale in those surveys.

Do you have any reason to doubt that?

- A. No, I don't, no.
- Q. Okay. Is there any reason to believe that somebody said something was business that should be residential or something that somebody said was residential should be business?
  - A. No.

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Q. Okay. I just wanted to make sure that we are all on the same page as to at least what we are looking at, although we are not on the same page as to what the outcome should be that we are looking, we are trained on the same things.

Mr. Ripperger, at the last page of your testimony, Page 55, lines 4 through 7, where you are making your recommendation about what information you think this Commission should rely on?

- A. Yes.
- Q. I don't see the ultimate conclusion about what you want the Commission to do with that. You are recommending that the Commission rely on the

information to do what?

A. In the Commission reviewing the status of competition in New Mexico and the number of facilities-based carriers for residential, business and the number of resellers for business and residential, that they should look at the answers to the survey in making their recommendation to the FCC or considering their recommendation to the FCC.

- Q. So Staff doesn't have a conclusion, then, about what the evidence shows and is recommending to the Commission that they adopt --
- A. Well, I mean, as far as that goes, I mean, Staff recommends that -- well, it's been withdrawn by Qwest, that the numbers presented by Qwest through the E911 database should be disregarded as evidence. But that's been withdrawn, so that leaves Cricket and resale.

Our recommendation to the Commission for the evidence provided by Qwest for Cricket should be disregarded because it does not live up to the burden of proof detailed in the FCC's BellSouth Louisiana Order where they spelled out their criteria for evaluating wireless customers and that the Commission should look at the tariffs for the resellers in New Mexico, the customers that they are targeting and the

survey responses and rely on that as evidence.

But also, they should seriously doubt whether or not those resellers that are providing those services are actually competing providers with the ILEC. I mean, if you wanted some sort of a quick synopsis.

- Q. Well, I just wondered if Staff had a recommendation as to what the Commission ought to find on this particular part of Track A.
  - A. Certainly.

- Q. I have been hearing from the Qwest witnesses that they believe they have satisfied all the requirements to meet it, but I do hear that you are telling things for the Commission to look at, but it didn't seem to me that ultimately at the end you were proposing what the Commission would do. You don't have to.
  - A. Right.
  - Q. I just didn't know --
- A. I think that Staff would like to say that Qwest has not met its burden of proof for the sake of Track A, specifically for proving that Qwest -- I mean, Cricket customers are substituting their services for Qwest's wire-line. We believe they have not met it, so they have not met that burden.

And as far as the resellers go, that they have not met the de minimis standard set by the FCC in that the -- those resellers should not be considered to be competing providers with -- or most of them should not be considered to be competing providers with Qwest's wire-line service because of the nature of the customers, the market that they are targeting.

HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you, sir. Any Redirect of your witness, Ms. Reilly?

MS. REILLY: Thank you.

## REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MS. REILLY:

Q. Let's go, first, following up on some questions by the Hearing Examiner. With respect to the multiple dwelling unit question and the question of whether or not in Track A survey responses it's possible that CLECs just checked the wrong box.

Who did you talk to about multiple dwelling units to inform yourself about how CLECs report those customers?

- A. I spoke to both WorldCom and e.spire.
- Q. And what did they say that relates to whether or not CLECs might have checked the wrong box with

respect to multiple dwelling unit customers and whether or not they are residential or business?

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- A. They would have said that, that the person owning the multiple dwelling unit would be the customer of either the CLEC or the ILEC. So if they are a business customer, you know, they would check the business customer box, I would assume, at that point.
- Q. Were you satisfied that that's how they account for those customers and there wasn't any confusion on their part?
- A. They would account -- they would account for those customers in that way. But I would think -- but in saying whether or not they were residential customers, they would be truthful to the Commission whether or not they believe there were any residential customers in apartment complexes being served and then answer accordingly.
- Q. Thank you. Mr. Munn asked you early on in his Cross some questions about when you were providing your testimony, you didn't provide any evidence of your own, you only responded to Qwest's testimony.

Do you recall that?

- A. Is this relating to the prior question?
- Q. No. I'm starting somewhere else. We're

going all the way back to the beginning of Mr. Munn's 1 2 Cross. 3 All right. Α. He asked you some questions about how in 4 0. 5 providing your testimony here you weren't providing any testimony of your own. You were only responding 6 7 to Qwest's testimony. 8 Do you recall that? 9 Α. Yes, I recall that. What else besides Qwest's testimony did you 10 0. 11 look at in preparing your testimony? 12 I also looked at decisions by the FCC. Α. 1 13 looked at Track A survey responses. I looked at a 14 number of other items besides just their testimony. 15 Would you consider Track A survey responses 0. 16 to be independent evidence that was not provided by 17 Qwest? 18 Α. Yes. 19 You got into a discussion with Mr. Munn about Q. 20 the BellSouth Louisiana 2 Order at Paragraph 48. 21 Do you have that? 22 Α. (Witness refers to document.) 23 Yes. 24 Q. He asked you to quote from a sentence that

starts 'we note, however'?

A. Yes.

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Q. What does the next sentence or two say?

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A. It says:

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In particular, if all other requirements

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of Section 271 have been satisfied it does

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not appear to be consistent with

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Congressional intent to exclude a BOC from

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the in-region interLATA market solely

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because the competitor service to

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residential customers is wholly through

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resale. In light of our conclusion below

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that BellSouth has not satisfied the

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requirements of the competitive checklist

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in Section 272, however, that is not the

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case presented by this Application.

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Q. Go ahead.

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A. Thus we do not conclude whether BellSouth has

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satisfied the requirements of Track A

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based on its implemented interconnection

Mr. Munn asked you some questions about the

agreements with competitive wire-line

2021

LECs.

Q.

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number of resold residential lines, the 3,064 number

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and whether or not it's changing in dynamic. And

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Ms. Hurst asked you some questions about that too.

My question for you is did Qwest ask the 1 2 Commission to accept without any further updates the 3,064 number in the filings that led to the docketing 3 of this case? 4 5 Α. Yes. You were asked by Mr. Munn to admit that one 6 Q. 7 CLEC, Comm South, is serving 1,069 residential 8 customers in New Mexico. 9 Do you recall that? 10 Your Honor, I'll object. MR. MUNN: 11 inaccurately represents the statement. It's 1,369, 12 not 1,069. 13 MS. REILLY: I'm sorry. Will say that 14 again? 15 MR. MUNN: The number is 1,369. It's 16 Attachment B to his testimony. 17 MS. REILLY: That's what I have written 18 down. Maybe that's not what I said. 19 MR. MUNN: Maybe I misheard. I thought 20 you said 1,069. BY MS. REILLY: 21 22 I'm going to ask it again so the record is 23 You were asked by Mr. Munn to admit that one 24 CLEC, Comm South, is serving 1,1369 residential

customers in New Mexico.

Do you recall that?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Besides that fact, the fact of that number, what other factors should be looked at in evaluating that provider, Comm South, for Track A purposes?
- A. A number is one thing. Who they are serving to is another. And whether or not it meets the de minimis standard is another.

Also, if you look historically at FCC decisions, you can tell that not only are they looking at a quantity or searching for that de minimis floor, they also consider certain types of provisioning of service by CLECs more important than others. In particular, facilities-based, they will always defer to facilities-based before they will for resale. For instance, in the Arkansas Order, they speak and defer to a substantial number of Alltel lines. They don't talk much about -- at all the fact that there were 30,000 resale lines present in that state.

Q. With respect to Cricket, Mr. Munn asked you a series of hypothetical questions, he said, so you wouldn't have to be concerned about the evidence.

In looking at the material presented by Qwest, what kind of material were you looking for, real or hypothetical?

Α. Real.

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And with respect to Qwest, what, if any, of Ο. the hypothetical situations posed by Mr. Munn are established in the testimony and other material presented by Qwest?

- Ά. None.
- And how does the situation before us in this Ο. case differ from the hypothetical situations posed by Mr. Munn?
- Mr. Munn is assuming that what he is talking Α. about for the customers in New Mexico have been established. You have to establish it through a burden of proof, which the FCC has set out in the second BellSouth Louisiana Order for the evaluation of whether or not wire-line service -- I mean, wireless service is being substituted for wire-line service in the state in question.
- You were asked a yes or no question by Q. Mr. Munn, something to the effect of didn't the FCC say marketing efforts are relevant.

Do you recall that?

- Α. Yes.
- What else did the FCC say about what its 0. other considerations are?
  - Α. Let me go through here. (Witness refers to

document.) There is a paragraph which summarizes it 1 well, which I included in my testimony. Okay. If you 2 look at Page 25, Paragraph 31. 3 MR. MUNN: Did you mention you were 4 5 looking at your testimony? THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. The BellSouth 6 7 Louisiana Order. 8 MR. MUNN: Thank you. 9 THE WITNESS: Paragraph 31. 10 BY MS. REILLY: 11 And that says? 0. Okay. Evidence that broadband PCS services 12 Α. 13 constitutes a competitive --14 Can you go slow for the Court Reporter, Q. 15 please? I'm sorry. Let me start from the top. 16 Α. We believe that the BOC must show that 17 18 broadband PCS is being used to replace wire-line service, not as a supplement to 19 20 wire-line. In previous Orders the 21 Commission has stated that the use of the 22 term competing provider in Section 23 271(C)(1)(A) suggests that there must be 24 an actual commercial alternative to the

To the extent that consumers

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BOC.

purchase PCS service as a supplement to 1 their existing wire-line service, the two 2 services are not competing with each 3 other. Evidence that broadband PCS 4 service constitutes a competitive 5 alternative could include studies or other 6 objective analyses, identifying customers 7 8 that have replaced their wire-line service

with broadband PCS service or would be

willing to consider doing so based on

11 price comparisons.

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In doing studies, for instance, when they evaluated the M/A/R/C study on Page 27, Paragraph 35, they pointed to methodological deficiencies in the studies. The sample group was not randomly selected. The study is not based on statistical analysis. The study disguises the complementary nature of the services.

- Q. Has the FCC ever said that marketing -evidence of marketing alone is sufficient to satisfy
  Track A?
  - A. No.
- Q. What does marketing show about actual purchase levels?
  - A. It doesn't show anything. It shows that the

wireless carriers are representing to the customers that that's what the product could be.

- Q. What has the FCC said about customer affidavits as a way of establishing that a PCS carrier -- I'm sorry. As a way of establishing that PCS is replacing land-line service?
- A. I've seen no reference to affidavits in the FCC orders.
- Q. You were talking with Mr. Munn about who is a competing provider relative to high credit risk customers.

What has the FCC said about competing providers that, in your view, relates to credit risk customers, people that have been disconnected?

A. It says here on Paragraph 75.

MR. MUNN: I'm just wondering where.

THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, Ameritech Michigan, Paragraph 75.

MR. MUNN: Thank you.

THE WITNESS: Yes.

We determined in the SBC Oklahoma Order that the use of the term competing provider in Section 271(C)(1)(A) suggests that there must be actual commercial alternative to the BOC.

And in reviewing that, if someone gets to 1 2 be an actual commercial alternative to the BOC, I would submit that they actually have to be competing 3 for the BOC's customers. If those customers have been 4 5 disconnected, they can no longer get service from the 6 BOC. But they can get service from the other 7 provider. They're not really competing. BY MS. REILLY: 8

- Q. Mr. Munn asked you about the July 17th 2001, Sixth Wireless Report. My notes get a little sketchy, but he had you read something starting with a few carriers have designed service to compete with land-line service, et cetera. It was with respect to Cricket?
  - A. Right.

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Q. Apparently Leap Wireless and Cricket were cited there as one of those carriers.

Do you recall that?

- A. Yes.
- Q. What, if anything, did you see in that Order about how many customers Cricket has in New Mexico?
  - A. Nothing.
- Q. Mr. Munn pointed you to Cricket's ad attached to Mr. Badal's affidavit outlining some of the positive features, in his view, that might make

Cricket attractive.

What are the Cricket features that might make Cricket less attractive than traditional land-line service?

- A. The calling area is smaller. You have to pay up front for your services. If you have a Cricket phone in Albuquerque, you go outside the calling area, you can't call anywhere. I mean, your phone doesn't work. If you have a Cricket phone in Albuquerque and you wish to go to Santa Fe and make a call, your Cricket phone won't even work in Santa Fe. I think those are a lot of negatives. Also you have the issue of static and the other problems that you get with broadband PCS, depending on where you are standing, I guess, at the time.
- Q. I'm going to scan through here, but I think I'm done. I have a complicated system of writing on the back of my paper when I run out of paper.

HEARING EXAMINER: I noticed that.

MS. REILLY: It makes things very confusing.

HEARING EXAMINER: After the hearing yesterday Mr. Montgomery approached me regarding the paper situation, not specifically related to the case, so I didn't feel the need to disclose it, but we had

quite the discussion on the nature of paper and the 1 number of copies here at the Commission. 2 sympathize with paper requests. I'm glad you are 3 using the backs, Ms. Reilly. 4 MS. REILLY: Even though it makes me very 5 6 confused. That's all I have. 7 HEARING EXAMINER: Thank you. We are back to you, Mr. Munn. 8 9 MR. MUNN: Very briefly. All right. 10 HEARING EXAMINER: Just remember, he or she who offends the Court Reporter 11 12 could have a rough way to go. 13 14 RECROSS-EXAMINATION 15 BY MR. MUNN: 16 17 Mr. Ripperger, do you recall a question from Q. 18 the Hearing Examiner about the term replacement versus 19 the term substitute? 20 Α. Yes. 21 MR. MUNN: I think, actually, you just 22 read the Order, but Your Honor, I can either state 23 this for a briefing point or ask a question. 24 probably quicker if I just state it.

Paragraph 31 of the BellSouth Louisiana 2

Order which Mr. Ripperger just read is where it sets out that the BOC needs to show that broadband PCS is being used to replace wire-line service.

That's what I believe my questions were going to and that's why I used that term. Just so you are aware for the briefing.

### BY MR. MUNN:

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- Q. Mr. Ripperger, would you turn to Attachment MSRA to your affidavit or testimony, please?
  - A. (Witness complies.) Yes.
- Q. You had a discussion with the Hearing

  Examiner about a trend in residential resale lines in

  New Mexico; correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Would you agree that from January 1 to February 1 of 2001, that the number of residential resale lines in New Mexico actually increased?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And that from February 1 to March -- I'm sorry, February of 2001 to March 2001, the number of residential resale lines actually increased as well?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. And the same thing for March to April?
  - A. Yes.
    - Q. I would give you, so you don't feel that I'm

leaving something out, that from April of 2001 through October of 2001, there was a decrease in those months; correct?

A. Yes.

- Q. Is it fair to say that the economy was particularly weak in the second half of 2001?
- A. I would say that the economy has weakened recently, yes, during that period, yes.
- Q. Mr. Ripperger, my last question, you were -just asked some questions about sort of a limitation,
  I guess, with respect to Cricket, that you couldn't
  take -- if you were an Albuquerque resident, you
  couldn't take your Cricket phone to Santa Fe and make
  a call?
  - A. Right.
  - Q. Do you recall that testimony?
- 17 A. Yes.
  - Q. Isn't it also true that since we are viewing PCS as a replacement for wire-line service, not with respect to other wireless services, that you also couldn't take your Qwest wire-line phone, unhook it, drive to Santa Fe and make a call there.
    - Isn't that true?
  - A. That's true.
    - Q. Isn't it true that you actually can, for an

additional fee, purchase the ability with Cricket to 1 make calls in both Santa Fe and Albuquerque? 2 Through long distance? 3 Α. No, not through long distance, just an 4 5 additional fee? Α. 6 Yes. 7 MR. MUNN: I have no further questions, 8 thank you, sir. 9 HEARING EXAMINER: Do you know that, Mr. 10 Ripperger? 11 THE WITNESS: It was my impression that 12 it was under the long distance rate. 13 HEARING EXAMINER: Okav. But you are not 14 disputing that that's a possibility of the service? 15 We don't know. 16 No. It's just that I think THE WITNESS: 17 for the basic service you go from Albuquerque to Santa 18 Fe that in using the phone that you have to get your 19 number changed, I think, to --20 MS. REILLY: I have one Redirect question. 21 Is a call between Albuquerque and Santa Fe a long 22 distance call no matter what phone you make it from? 23 THE WITNESS: No. 24

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not long distance?

MS. REILLY: Albuquerque and Santa Fe is

THE WITNESS: For a wire-line it is. 1 MS. REILLY: Okay. 2 3 THE WITNESS: Okav. HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Witt? 4 Thank 5 MR. WITT: I have no questions. 6 you. 7 Mr. Mittle? HEARING EXAMINER: 8 MR. MITTLE: No, thank you. 9 HEARING EXAMINER: All right. I thank 10 you, Mr. Ripperger. I don't have any further 11 questions. You are excused, sir. Just make sure that 12 the Court Reporter gets your testimony. 13 Ms. Reilly, anything further from Staff? 14 MS. REILLY: I'd be crazy. 1.5 HEARING EXAMINER: Yes, you probably 16 would be. I've got a few points that I need to bring 17 up. Number one, I forgot to do it at the beginning. 18 The statement of the case, which I believe 19 Ms. Reilly was pretty succinct in her explanation in the e-mail that basically it's sort of just a courtesy 20 21 procedural posture of the case that the -- has been 22 provided to Hearing Examiners. I unfortunately didn't 23 catch on or I would have been requiring it in every 24 case. Anyway, I found out about it and I know that, 25 Mr. Olson, you had some tweakings because I got your

e-mail too.

I never got -- I forgot to ask the parties if they had a position whether or not the Track A statement of the case as amended by Qwest was satisfactory to the parties to be presented to them as some type of statement of the case, a procedural tool that the Commission could either accept or not accept.

MS. REILLY: We have a few issues. I brought it up with Mr. Olson but we haven't had much time to talk about it. We have no problem with the Hearing Examiner having both versions and deciding for herself what to use.

If we are going to present you with a single statement of the case, we'll have to negotiate with Qwest about some things that we thought were kind of in the advocacy direction.

HEARING EXAMINER: All right. So then, basically, the proposition from Staff is that of the -- I have the Staff version and I have the Qwest version and that the Commission will be able to rely on one or both or a combination.

Any objection to that from anybody?

MR. MUNN: No objection from Qwest. But
I would say to make it easier, what we will do is
present a red-lined version so that anything that's

red-lined would be what is in addition to what 1 2 Ms. Reilly put. Mr. Olson did that and 3 HEARING EXAMINER: 4 I actually have a hard copy and I have that e-mail 5 copy. So it shows exactly what Qwest wanted to 6 change. 7 MR. MUNN: Right. I think I was 8 traveling the day that got sent out. 9 HEARING EXAMINER: Any objection, 10 Mr. Mittle? 11 MR. MITTLE: Quite honestly, I haven't 12 read either one. 13 HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. Then I don't 14 want to hear from you. 15 MR. MITTLE: It kept me up late last 16 It read like a novel. So I may have some night. 17 comments. I'll try to get you a red-lined version. 18 HEARING EXAMINER: Okav. This is a 19 procedural tool at this point. I'll just -- I like 20 the part about not having a keyboard or the Commission 21 has to keyboard all this procedural stuff over and 22 over again. 23 So I'll accept, Mr. Witt, any objection to 24 the Commission having the two procedural versions. 25 I don't have any objection. MR. WITT:

have a preference, needless to say, with the Staff's 1 version, but I have no objection to the Commission 3 having both.

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HEARING EXAMINER: That's because you are aligned with them according to Mr. Munn. Now you want to accept their --

> MR. MUNN: Needless to say.

HEARING EXAMINER: Well, I'll accept them as sort of the vessel or whatever to gather information for the Commission and they can use them for whatever the Commission would like. That was No. 1.

My No. 2 note says remember. Again, I did this at the beginning of the hearing. Remember, too, look at your Track A Procedural Order, Item G, which tells you exactly what you need to do for post hearing rights. But, remember, the specific instruction that the parties will include.

So I sort of amended that G to say you will include in your post hearing writing the de minimis reference and legal argument.

Mr. Olson, do you have a question about that?

MR. OLSON: I do have a question about the post hearing procedure here that I wonder if we could

get some clarification on.

We are proposing to make arrangements to expedite the filing of the transcript, probably to Monday.

As we read the original Track A Procedural Order, the matter was referred to the Hearing Examiner to conduct the hearing, but the usual language about Recommended Decision was not included.

We had talked before Christmas about moving to expedite the post hearing findings and other filings. But it's my understanding, and I think it's at least shared by some of the parties in the room, that the matter is going to be submitted directly to the Commission on the post hearing filings with no interim Recommended Decision. Then we will not ask to expedite the post hearing filings. We will expedite the filing of the transcript.

HEARING EXAMINER: Unless the Commission has issued another Order that I don't know about,

Mr. Olson, I'm in total agreement with you. I don't necessarily see anything in the Commission's Order which has requested or required me to provide a Recommended Decision in this case. Therefore, again, I point you to G. You can make whatever kind of Motion that you want to regarding if you want to try

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is that Item G tells you what you need to do and my change in this was an addition that you include a de minimis section as I've outlined before.

I also point you to the italicized second-to-last complete sentence which basically tells you proposed forms of Order and request for oral argument regarding all aspects of Track A, the Group 5 issue that is -- are to be included in that.

So it's not just my reading of this. You are not just going to be proposing Findings and Conclusions on the hearing. It's all on Track A.

MR. OLSON: That's our understanding of the Order as well. We are not proposing to move to change Paragraph G with that clarification.

HEARING EXAMINER: Okay. So, yes, it is going directly is my understanding, sir. Okay. So that takes care of that note.

Let me just formally for the record withdraw my Bench request from Qwest regarding interconnection agreements. I sort of had stayed my request and now I withdraw it.

MR. MITTLE: Do we have any outstanding Bench requests?

MS. REILLY: No. Just the de minimis

1 | thing. No.

HEARING EXAMINER: Mr. Munn?

MR. MUNN: I don't think so.

HEARING EXAMINER: All right.

MR. MUNN: We believe there is not

anything else outstanding.

HEARING EXAMINER: So we've talked about your post hearing writing and I've withdrawn that.

You know it's for the whole thing. You are going to include de minimis and we have talked about the statement of the case. Those are the procedural matters that I know that I need to deal with.

Mr. Witt?

MR. WITT: Would you reiterate the due date for the post hearing writings is?

HEARING EXAMINER: I'll read the whole thing since I have been alluding to it. Item G says within 21 calendar days of the filing of the formal transcript of the hearing set forth above interested parties shall file consistent with the procedure set forth in the amended Third Procedural Order, Proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, Proposed Forms of Order and Request for Oral Argument respecting all, italicized, aspects of Track A, the Group 5 issue, that is, for the reasons set forth above, hereby

bifurcated from the other two issues addressed by the 1 facilitator in the Group 5 report. 2 3 MR. WITT: Thank you. HEARING EXAMINER: Yes, sir. Anything 4 5 further procedurally? 6 (No response.) 7 No. Very good. HEARING EXAMINER: Let me 8 first thank all participants on behalf of the 9 Commission. I appreciate you putting the effort and 10 the time to come to give the Commission evidence in 11 this matter. 12 And, Pat, thanks for staying. If we have 13 nothing else, we are adjourned. Thank you. 14 (Whereupon, the hearing in the above 15 matter was adjourned.) 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

STATE OF NEW MEXICO	)	
	)	SS.
COUNTY OF SANTA FE	)	

# REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

I, Patricia O'Brien, Certified Court Reporter and Notary Public of the firm SANTA FE DEPOSITION SERVICE, do hereby certify that the following transcript is a complete and accurate record of said proceedings as the same were recorded by me or under my supervision.

Dated at SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO, this 28th day of January, 2002.

Patricia O'Brien, CCR

Certified Court Reporter No. 1 License Expires: 12/31/2002

-			
1		INDEX	
2	1.	THE WITNESS: JOHN BADAL	
3		ReDirect Examination by Mr. Munn ReCross-Examination by Mr. Mittle	2 17
4	:	ReCross-Examination by Ms. Reilly	21
5	2.	THE WITNESS: DAVID TEITZEL	
6		Direct Examination by Mr. Munn Cross-Examination by Mr. Witt	27 33
7		Cross-Examination by Mr. Mittle Cross-Examination by Ms. Reilly	55 107
8		Examination by the Hearing Examiner ReDirect Examination by Mr. Munn	130 143
9	:	ReCross-Examination by Ms. Reilly Examination by the Hearing Examiner	155 157
10	3.	THE WITNESS: DIANE F. ROTH	107
11	].	Direct Examination by Mr. Witt	160
12		Cross-Examination by Mr. Munn Cross-Examination by Mr. Mittle	163 170
13 14		Examination by the Hearing Examiner ReDirect Examination by Mr. Witt	175 178
15	4.	THE WITNESS: MICHAEL RIPPERGER	
16		Direct Examination by Ms. Reilly Cross-Examination by Mr. Munn	181 188
17	į į	Cross-Examination by Mr. Witt Examination by the Hearing Examiner	245 256
18		ReDirect Examination by Ms. Reilly ReCross-Examination by Mr. Munn	265 277
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
	L		

EXHIBITS			
	Marke	<u>ed</u> <u>Adr</u>	nitted
			32 33
QWEST EXHIBIT NO. 4  QWEST EXHIBIT NO. 5	241		244
AG EXHIBIT NO. 2		offered)	76
AG EXHIBIT NO. 3	7 <b>6</b>		150
AT&T EXHIBIT NO. 1			162 163
			187
STAFF EXHIBIT NO. 1-A (confidential)	183		187 187
STAFF EXHIBIT NO. 1-B (Highly Colli.)	104		107
	QWEST EXHIBIT NO. 3 (partial conf.) QWEST EXHIBIT NO. 4 QWEST EXHIBIT NO. 5  AG EXHIBIT NO. 2 AG EXHIBIT NO. 3 AG EXHIBIT NO. 4  AT&T EXHIBIT NO. 1 AT&T EXHIBIT NO. 1-A (confidential)  STAFF EXHIBIT NO. 1-A (confidential)	QWEST EXHIBIT NO. 3 (partial conf.) 27 QWEST EXHIBIT NO. 4 27 QWEST EXHIBIT NO. 5 241  AG EXHIBIT NO. 2 (not AG EXHIBIT NO. 3 74 AG EXHIBIT NO. 4 76  AT&T EXHIBIT NO. 1 160 AT&T EXHIBIT NO. 1-A (confidential) 160	QWEST EXHIBIT NO. 3 (partial conf.) 27 QWEST EXHIBIT NO. 4 27 QWEST EXHIBIT NO. 5 241  AG EXHIBIT NO. 2 (not offered) AG EXHIBIT NO. 3 74 AG EXHIBIT NO. 4 76  AT&T EXHIBIT NO. 1 160 AT&T EXHIBIT NO. 1-A (confidential) 160  STAFF EXHIBIT NO. 1 181 STAFF EXHIBIT NO. 1-A (confidential) 183